STATE OF NEW YORK

S. 8009--A

A. 9009--A

SENATE - ASSEMBLY

January 19, 2022

- IN SENATE -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Finance -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee
- IN ASSEMBLY -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee
- AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to accelerating the middleclass tax cut (Part A); to amend the tax law, in relation to providing an enhanced investment tax credit to farmers (Subpart A); to amend the tax law and chapter 60 of the laws of 2016 amending the tax law relating to creating a farm workforce retention credit, in relation to the effectiveness of such credit (Subpart B); and to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a farm employer overtime credit (Subpart C) (Part B); to amend the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to expanding the small business subtraction modification (Part C); to amend the tax law, in relation to excluding certain loan forgiveness awards from state income tax (Part D); to amend the economic development law and the tax law, in relation to creating the COVID-19 capital costs tax credit program (Part E); to amend the tax law and the state finance law, in relation to extending and expanding the New York city musical and theatrical production tax credit and the purposes of the New York state council on the arts cultural programs fund; and to amend subpart B of part PP of chapter of the laws of 2021 amending the tax law and the state finance law 59 relating to establishing the New York city musical and theatrical production tax credit and establishing the New York state council on the arts cultural program fund, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part F); to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a permanent rate for the metropolitan transportation business tax surcharge (Part G); to amend the tax law, in relation to extending and modifying the hire a vet credit (Part H); to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a tax credit for the conversion from grade no. 6 heating oil usage to biodiesel heating oil and geothermal

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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systems (Part I); to amend the public housing law, in relation to extending the credit against income tax for persons or entities investing in low-income housing (Part J); to amend the tax law, in relation to extending the clean heating fuel credit for three years (Part K); to amend chapter 604 of the laws of 2011 amending the tax law relating to the credit for companies who provide transportation to people with disabilities, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; and to amend the tax law, in relation to the application of a credit for companies who provide transportation to individuals with disabilities (Part L); to amend the tax law, in relation to the empire state film production credit and the empire state film post production credit (Part M); to amend the labor law, in relation to extending the New York youth jobs program tax credit (Part N); to amend the labor law, in relation to extending the empire state apprenticeship tax credit program (Part O); to amend the tax law, in relation to extending the alternative fuels and electric vehicle recharging property credit (Part P); to amend the labor law, in relation to the program period for the workers with disabilities tax credit program; and to amend part MM of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014 amending the labor law and the tax law relating to the creation of the workers with disabilities tax credit program, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part Q); to amend the tax law, in relation to making changes conforming to the federal taxation of S corporations; and to repeal certain provisions of such law relating thereto (Part R); to amend the tax law, in relation to the investment tax credit (Part S); to amend the tax law, in relation to exempting certain fuels used by tugboats and towboats from the petroleum business tax (Part T); to amend the tax law, in relation to the authority of counties to impose sales and compensating use taxes; and to repeal certain provisions of such law relating thereto (Part U); to amend the tax law, in relation to requiring vacation rental marketplace providers collect sales tax (Part V); to amend the tax law in relation to requiring publication of changes in withholding tables and interest rates (Part W); to amend the tax law, in relation to expanding the definition of financial institution under the financial institution data match program (Part X); to amend the real property tax law and chapter 475 of the laws of 2013, relating to assessment ceilings for local public utility mass real property, in relation to extending the assessment ceiling for local public utility mass real property to January 1, 2027 (Part Y); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to good cause refunds for the STAR program (Subpart A); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to moving up the deadline for taxpayers to switch from the STAR exemption to the STAR credit (Subpart B); to amend the tax law, in relation to clarifying the applicable income tax year for the basic STAR credit (Subpart C); to amend the tax law, in relation to allowing names of STAR credit recipients to be shared with assessors outside of New York state (Subpart D); and to amend the tax law and the real property tax law, in relation to allowing decedent reports to be given to assessors and improving the tax enforcement process as it relates to decedents (Subpart E) (Part Z); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to the grievance process with respect to the valuation of solar and wind energy systems (Part AA); to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a homeowner tax rebate credit (Part BB); to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to gaming facility determinations and licensing (Part CC); to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to



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regions offthe utilization of funds in the Catskill and Capital track betting corporation's capital acquisition funds; and to amend chapter 59 of the laws of 2021 amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, relating to the utilization of funds in the Catskill and Capital regions off-track betting corporation's capital acquisition funds, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part DD); and to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to licenses for simulcast facilities, sums relating to track simulcast, simulcast of out-of-state thoroughbred races, simulcasting of races run by out-of-state harness tracks and distributions of wagers; to amend chapter 281 of the laws of 1994 amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to simulcasting; to amend chapter 346 of the laws of 1990 amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to simulcasting and the imposition of certain taxes, in relation to extending certain provisions thereof; and to amend the racing, parimutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to extending certain provisions thereof (Part EE)

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation 2 which are necessary to implement the state fiscal plan for the 2022-2023 state fiscal year. Each component is wholly contained within a Part 3 identified as Parts A through EE. The effective date for each particular 4 5 provision contained within such Part is set forth in the last section of Any provision in any section contained within a Part, 6 such Part. 7 including the effective date of the Part, which makes a reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with that particular 8 component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding 9 10 section of the Part in which it is found. Section three of this act sets 11 forth the general effective date of this act.

PART A

13 Section 1. Clauses (vi), (vii), (viii) and (ix) of subparagraph (B) of 14 paragraph 1 of subsection (a) of section 601 of the tax law, clauses 15 (vi), (vii) and (viii) as amended and clause (ix) as added by section 1 16 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, are amended to read as 17 follows: 18 (vi) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-three and 19 before two thousand twenty-eight the following rates shall apply: 20 [If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: 21 Not over \$17,150 4% of the New York taxable income 22 Over \$17,150 but not over \$23,600 \$686 plus 4.5% of excess over 23 \$17,150 24 Over \$23,600 but not over \$27,900 \$976 plus 5.25% of excess over 25 \$23,600 26 Over \$27,900 but not over \$161,550 \$1,202 plus 5.73% of excess over 27 \$27,900 28 Over \$161,550 but not over \$323,200 \$8,860 plus 6.17% of excess over 29 \$161,550 30 Over \$323,200 but not over \$18,834 plus 6.85% of 31 \$2,155,350 excess over \$323,200



1 Over \$2,155,350 but not over \$144,336 plus 9.65% of excess over 2 \$5,000,000 \$2,155,350 3 Over \$5,000,000 but not over \$418,845 plus 10.30% of excess over \$25,000,000 4 \$5,000,000 5 Over \$25,000,000 \$2,478,845 plus 10.90% of excess over \$25,000,000 6 7 (vii) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-four the 8 following rates shall apply: 9 If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: 4% of the New York taxable income 10 Not over \$17,150 11 Over \$17,150 but not over \$23,600 \$686 plus 4.5% of excess over 12 \$17,150 \$976 plus 5.25% of excess over 13 Over \$23,600 but not over \$27,900 14 \$23,600 15 Over \$27,900 but not over \$161,550 \$1,202 plus 5.61% of excess over 16 \$27,900 17 Over \$161,550 but not over \$323,200 \$8,700 plus 6.09% of excess over 18 \$161,550 19 Over \$323,200 but not over \$18,544 plus 6.85% of excess over 20 \$2,155,350 \$323,200 21 Over \$2,155,350 but not over \$144,047 plus 9.65% of excess over 22 \$5,000,000 \$2,155,350 Over \$5,000,000 but not over \$418,555 plus 10.30% of excess over 23 24 \$25,000,000 \$5,000,000 25 Over \$25,000,000 \$2,478,555 plus 10.90% of excess over 26 \$25,000,000 27 (viii) For taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-four and 28 before two thousand twenty-eight the following rates shall apply:] If the New York taxable income is: 29 The tax is: 30 Not over \$17,150 4% of the New York taxable income Over \$17,150 but not over \$23,600 31 \$686 plus 4.5% of excess over 32 \$17,150 33 Over \$23,600 but not over \$27,900 \$976 plus 5.25% of excess over 34 \$23,600 \$1,202 plus 5.5% of excess over 35 Over \$27,900 but not over \$161,550 36 \$27,900 \$8,553 plus 6.00% of excess over 37 Over \$161,550 but not over \$323,200 38 \$161,550 39 Over \$323,200 but not over \$18,252 plus 6.85% of excess over 40 \$2,155,350 \$323,200 41 Over \$2,155,350 but not over \$143,754 plus 9.65% of excess over 42 \$5,000,000 \$2,155,350 43 Over \$5,000,000 but not over \$418,263 plus 10.30% of excess over 44 \$25,000,000 \$5,000,000 45 Over \$25,000,000 \$2,478,263 plus 10.90% of excess over 46 \$25,000,000 47 [(ix)](vii) For taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-sev-48 en the following rates shall apply: 49 If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: Not over \$17,150 4% of the New York taxable income 50 51 Over \$17,150 but not over \$23,600 \$686 plus 4.5% of excess over 52 \$17,150 53 Over \$23,600 but not over \$27,900 \$976 plus 5.25% of excess over 54 \$23,600 55 Over \$27,900 but not over \$161,550 \$1,202 plus 5.5% of excess over



1 \$27,900 2 Over \$161,550 but not over \$323,200 \$8,553 plus 6.00% of excess 3 over \$161,550 \$18,252 plus 6.85% of excess 4 Over \$323,200 but not over 5 \$2,155,350 over \$323,200 6 Over \$2,155,350 \$143,754 plus 8.82% of excess 7 over \$2,155,350 § 2. Clauses (vi), (vii), (viii) and (ix) of subparagraph (B) of para-8 graph 1 of subsection (b) of section 601 of the tax law, clauses (vi), 9 (vii) and (viii) as amended and clause (ix) as added by section 2 of 10 11 part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, are amended to read as follows: 12 13 (vi) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-three and 14 before two thousand twenty-eight the following rates shall apply: 15 [If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: Not over \$12,800 4% of the New York taxable income 16 17 Over \$12,800 but not over \$17,650 \$512 plus 4.5% of excess over 18 \$12,800 19 Over \$17,650 but not over \$20,900 \$730 plus 5.25% of excess over 20 \$17,650 21 Over \$20,900 but not over \$107,650 \$901 plus 5.73% of excess over 22 \$20,900 23 Over \$107,650 but not over \$269,300 \$5,872 plus 6.17% of excess over 24 \$107,650 25 \$15,845 plus 6.85% of excess Over \$269,300 but not over 26 \$1,616,450 over \$269,300 27 Over \$1,616,450 but not over \$108,125 plus 9.65% of excess over 28 \$5,000,000 \$1,616,450 29 Over \$5,000,000 but not over \$434,638 plus 10.30% of excess over 30 \$25,000,000 \$5,000,000 Over \$25,000,000 31 \$2,494,638 plus 10.90% of excess over 32 \$25,000,000 33 (vii) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-four the following rates shall apply: 34 35 If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: 36 Not over \$12,800 4% of the New York taxable income \$512 plus 4.5% of excess over 37 Over \$12,800 but not over \$17,650 38 \$12,800 39 Over \$17,650 but not over \$20,900 \$730 plus 5.25% of excess over 40 \$17,650 41 Over \$20,900 but not over \$107,650 \$901 plus 5.61% of excess over 42 \$20,900 43 Over \$107,650 but not over \$269,300 \$5,768 plus 6.09% of excess over 44 \$107,650 45 Over \$269,300 but not over \$15,612 plus 6.85% of excess 46 \$1,616,450 over \$269,300 47 Over \$1,616,450 but not over \$107,892 plus 9.65% of excess over 48 \$5,000,000 \$1,616,450 Over \$5,000,000 but not over \$434,404 plus 10.30% of excess over 49 \$25,000,000 50 \$5,000,000 51 Over \$25,000,000 \$2,494,404 plus 10.90% of excess over 52 \$25,000,000 53 (viii) For taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-four and 54 before two thousand twenty-eight the following rates shall apply:]



1 If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: 2 Not over \$12,800 4% of the New York taxable income 3 Over \$12,800 but not over \$17,650 \$512 plus 4.5% of excess over \$12,800 4 5 Over \$17,650 but not over \$20,900 \$730 plus 5.25% of excess over \$17,650 6 Over \$20,900 but not over \$107,650 7 \$901 plus 5.5% of excess over 8 \$20,900 Over \$107,650 but not over \$269,300 \$5,672 plus 6.00% of excess over 9 10 \$107,650 11 Over \$269,300 but not over \$15,371 plus 6.85% of excess over 12 \$1,616,450 \$269,300 13 Over \$1,616,450 but not over \$107,651 plus 9.65% of excess over 14 \$5,000,000 \$1,616,450 15 Over \$5,000,000 but not over \$434,163 plus 10.30% of excess over 16 \$25,000,000 \$5,000,000 17 Over \$25,000,000 \$2,494,163 plus 10.90% of excess over 18 \$25,000,000 19 [(ix)] (vii) For taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-sev-20 en the following rates shall apply: If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: 21 Not over \$12,800 4% of the New York taxable income 22 23 Over \$12,800 but not over \$512 plus 4.5% of excess over 24 \$17,650 \$12,800 \$730 plus 5.25% of excess over 25 Over \$17,650 but not over 26 \$20,900 \$17,650 27 Over \$20,900 but not over \$901 plus 5.5% of excess over 28 \$20,900 \$107,650 29 Over \$107,650 but not over \$5,672 plus 6.00% of excess 30 \$269,300 over \$107,650 31 Over \$269,300 but not over \$15,371 plus 6.85% of excess 32 \$1,616,450 over \$269,300 33 Over \$1,616,450 \$107,651 plus 8.82% of excess 34 over \$1,616,450 35 § 3. Clauses (vi), (vii), (viii) and (ix) of subparagraph (B) of para-36 graph 1 of subsection (c) of section 601 of the tax law, clauses (vi), (vii) and (viii) as amended, and clause (ix) as added by section 3 of 37 38 part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, are amended to read as 39 follows: 40 (vi) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-three and 41 before two thousand twenty-eight the following rates shall apply: 42 [If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: Not over \$8,500 43 4% of the New York taxable income 44 Over \$8,500 but not over \$11,700 \$340 plus 4.5% of excess over 45 \$8,500 46 Over \$11,700 but not over \$13,900 \$484 plus 5.25% of excess over 47 \$11,700 Over \$13,900 but not over \$80,650 48 \$600 plus 5.73% of excess over 49 \$13,900 50 Over \$80,650 but not over \$215,400 \$4,424 plus 6.17% of excess over 51 \$80,650 52 Over \$215,400 but not over \$12,738 plus 6.85% of excess 53 \$1,077,550 over \$215,400 54 Over \$1,077,550 but not over \$71,796 plus 9.65% of excess over



\$5,000,000 \$1,077,550 1 2 Over \$5,000,000 but not over \$450,312 plus 10.30% of excess over \$25,000,000 3 \$5,000,000 Over \$25,000,000 \$2,510,312 plus 10.90% of excess over 4 5 \$25,000,000 6 (vii) For taxable years beginning in two thousand twenty-four the 7 following rates shall apply: 8 If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: 4% of the New York taxable income 9 Not over \$8,500 Over \$8,500 but not over \$11,700 \$340 plus 4.5% of excess over 10 11 \$8,500 12 Over \$11,700 but not over \$13,900 \$484 plus 5.25% of excess over 13 \$11,700 14 Over \$13,900 but not over \$80,650 \$600 plus 5.61% of excess over 15 \$13,900 16 Over \$80,650 but not over \$215,400 \$4,344 plus 6.09% of excess over 17 \$80,650 18 Over \$215,400 but not over \$12,550 plus 6.85% of excess 19 \$1,077,550 over \$215,400 20 Over \$1,077,550 but not over \$71,608 plus 9.65% of excess over 21 \$5,000,000 \$1,077,550 22 Over \$5,000,000 but not over \$450,124 plus 10.30% of excess over 23 \$25,000,000 \$5,000,000 24 Over \$25,000,000 \$2,510,124 plus 10.90% of excess over 25 \$25,000,000 26 (viii) For taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-four and 27 before two thousand twenty-eight the following rates shall apply:] 28 If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: 29 Not over \$8,500 4% of the New York taxable income Over \$8,500 but not over \$11,700 \$340 plus 4.5% of excess over 30 31 \$8,500 32 \$484 plus 5.25% of excess over Over \$11,700 but not over \$13,900 33 \$11,700 34 Over \$13,900 but not over \$80,650 \$600 plus 5.50% of excess over 35 \$13,900 36 Over \$80,650 but not over \$215,400 \$4,271 plus 6.00% of excess over 37 \$80,650 38 Over \$215,400 but not over \$12,356 plus 6.85% of excess over \$1,077,550 39 \$215,400 40 Over \$1,077,550 but not over \$71,413 plus 9.65% of excess over 41 \$5,000,000 \$1,077,550 42 Over \$5,000,000 but not over \$449,929 plus 10.30% of excess over 43 \$25,000,000 \$5,000,000 44 Over \$25,000,000 \$2,509,929 plus 10.90% of excess over 45 \$25,000,000 46 [(ix)](vii) For taxable years beginning after two thousand twenty-sev-47 en the following rates shall apply: If the New York taxable income is: 48 The tax is: 49 Not over \$8,500 4% of the New York taxable income Over \$8,500 but not over \$11,700 50 \$340 plus 4.5% of excess over 51 \$8,500 52 Over \$11,700 but not over \$13,900 \$484 plus 5.25% of excess over 53 \$11,700 54 Over \$13,900 but not over \$80,650 \$600 plus 5.50% of excess over 55 \$13,900 56 Over \$80,650 but not over \$215,400 \$4,271 plus 6.00% of excess



1		over \$80,650
2	Over \$215,400 but not over	\$12,356 plus 6.85% of excess
3	\$1,077,550	over \$215,400
4 5	Over \$1,077,550	\$71,413 plus 8.82% of excess over \$1,077,550

6 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

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PART B

8

8 Section 1. This act enacts into law components of legislation relating 9 to certain tax credits. Each component is wholly contained within a 10 Subpart identified as Subparts A through C. The effective date for each 11 particular provision contained within such Subpart is set forth in the 12 last section of such Subpart. Any provision in any section contained 13 within a Subpart, including the effective date of the Subpart, which makes reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with 14 that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the 15 corresponding section of the Subpart in which it is found. Section three 16 17 of this act sets forth the general effective date of this act.

18

SUBPART A

19 Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 210-B of the tax law is amended by 20 adding a new paragraph (a-1) to read as follows:

(a-1) For a taxpayer that is an eligible farmer, as defined in subdivision eleven of this section, the percentage to be used to compute the credit allowed under this subdivision shall be twenty percent for property described in subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of this subdivision that is principally used by the taxpayer in the production of goods by farming, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture or viticulture.

27 § 2. Subsection (a) of section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding 28 a new paragraph 1-a to read as follows:

(1-a) For a taxpayer that is an eligible farmer, as defined in subsection (n) of this section, the percentage to be used to compute the credit allowed under this subsection shall be twenty percent for property described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph two of this subsection that is principally used by the taxpayer in the production of goods by farming, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture or viticulture.

35 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to property 36 placed in service on or after April 1, 2022.

37

SUBPART B

38 Section 1. Subsection (e) of section 42 of the tax law, as amended by 39 section 1 of part FF of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to 40 read as follows:

(e) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thou-41 42 sand seventeen and before January first, two thousand eighteen, the amount of the credit allowed under this section shall be equal to the 43 product of the total number of eligible farm employees and two hundred 44 45 fifty dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand eighteen and before January first, two thousand nineteen, 46 the amount of the credit allowed under this section shall be equal to 47 48 the product of the total number of eligible farm employees and three hundred dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, 49



1 two thousand nineteen and before January first, two thousand twenty, the 2 amount of the credit allowed under this section shall be equal to the product of the total number of eligible farm employees and five hundred 3 dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two 4 thousand twenty and before January first, two thousand twenty-one, the 5 amount of the credit allowed under this section shall be equal to the 6 product of the total number of eligible farm employees and four hundred 7 8 dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand twenty-one and before January first, two thousand [twenty-five] 9 twenty-six, the amount of the credit allowed under this section shall be 10 11 equal to the product of the total number of eligible farm employees and 12 [six] twelve hundred dollars. 13 § 2. Section 5 of part RR of chapter 60 of the laws of 2016 amending 14 the tax law relating to creating a farm workforce retention credit, as 15 amended by section 2 of part FF of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is 16 amended to read as follows: 17 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply only to 18 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017 and before January 19 1, [2025] <u>2026</u>. 20 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately. 21 SUBPART C 22 Section 1. Subdivision (f) of section 42 of the tax law, as added by 23 section 1 of part RR of chapter 60 of the laws of 2016, is amended to 24 read as follows: 25 (f) A taxpayer claiming the credit allowed under this section shall 26 not be allowed to claim any other tax credit allowed under this chapter, 27 except the credit allowed under section forty-two-a of this article, with respect to any eligible farm employee included in the total number 28 of eligible farm employees used to determine the amount of the credit 29 30 allowed under this section. 31 § 2. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 42-a to read as 32 follows: 33 § 42-a. Farm employer overtime credit. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision (f) of section forty-two of this article, a taxpayer that is a farm 34 35 employer or an owner of a farm employer shall be eligible for a credit 36 against the tax imposed under article nine-A or twenty-two of this chap-37 ter, pursuant to the provisions referenced in subdivision (h) of this 38 section. 39 (b) A farm employer is a corporation (including a New York S corpo-40 ration), a sole proprietorship, a limited liability company or a part-41 nership that is an eligible farmer. 42 (c) For purposes of this section, the term "eligible farmer" means a 43 taxpayer whose federal gross income from farming as defined in 44 subsection (n) of section six hundred six of this chapter for the taxa-45 ble year is at least two-thirds of excess federal gross income. Excess federal gross income means the amount of federal gross income from all 46 47 sources for the taxable year in excess of thirty thousand dollars. For 48 purposes of this section, payments from the state's farmland protection 49 program, administered by the department of agriculture and markets, 50 shall be included as federal gross income from farming for otherwise 51 eligible farmers. 52 (d) An eligible farm employee is an individual who meets the definition of a "farm laborer" under section two of the labor law who is 53



1	employed by a farm employer in New York state, but excluding general
2	<u>executive officers of the farm employer.</u>
3	(e) Eligible overtime is the aggregate number of hours of work
4	performed during the taxable year by an eligible farm employee that in
5	any calendar week exceeds the overtime work threshold set by the commis-
6	sioner of labor pursuant to the recommendation of the farm laborers wage
7	board, provided that work performed in such calendar week in excess of
8	sixty hours shall not be included.
9	(f) Special rules. If more than fifty percent of such eligible farm-
10	er's federal gross income from farming is from the sale of wine from a
11	licensed farm winery as provided for in article six of the alcoholic
12	beverage control law, or from the sale of cider from a licensed farm
13	cidery as provided for in section fifty-eight-c of the alcoholic bever-
14	age control law, then an eligible farm employee of such eligible farmer
15	shall be included for purposes of calculating the amount of credit
16	allowed under this section only if such eligible farm employee is
17	employed by such eligible farmer on qualified agricultural property as
18	defined in paragraph four of subsection (n) of section six hundred six
19	of this chapter.
20	(g) The amount of the credit allowed under this section shall be equal
20 21	to the aggregate amount of such credit allowed per eligible farm employ-
22	ee, as follows. The amount of the credit allowed per eligible farm
23	employee shall be equal to the product of (i) the eligible overtime
24	worked during the taxable year by the eligible farm employee and (ii)
25	the overtime rate paid by the farm employer to the eligible farm employ-
26	ee less such employee's regular rate of pay.
27 28	(h) Cross references: For application of the credit provided in this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:
2 X	section, see the following provisions of this chapter:
29	(1) Article 9-A: Section 210-B, subdivision 58.
29 30	(1) Article 9-A: Section 210-B, subdivision 58. (2) Article 22: Section 606, subsection (nnn).
29 30 31	 (1) Article 9-A: Section 210-B, subdivision 58. (2) Article 22: Section 606, subsection (nnn). § 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-
29 30 31 32	(1) Article 9-A: Section 210-B, subdivision 58. (2) Article 22: Section 606, subsection (nnn). § 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 58 to read as follows:
29 30 31 32 33	(1) Article 9-A: Section 210-B, subdivision 58. (2) Article 22: Section 606, subsection (nnn). § 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi- sion 58 to read as follows: 58. Farm employer overtime credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpay-
29 30 31 32 33 34	<pre>(1) Article 9-A: Section 210-B, subdivision 58. (2) Article 22: Section 606, subsection (nnn). § 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi- sion 58 to read as follows: 58. Farm employer overtime credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpay- er shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section</pre>
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(1) Article 9-A: Section 210-B, subdivision 58. (2) Article 22: Section 606, subsection (nnn). § 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 58 to read as follows: 58. Farm employer overtime credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section forty-two-a of this chapter, against the tax imposed by this article.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	(1) Article 9-A: Section 210-B, subdivision 58. (2) Article 22: Section 606, subsection (nnn). § 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 58 to read as follows: 58. Farm employer overtime credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpay- er shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section forty-two-a of this chapter, against the tax imposed by this article. (b) Application of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	(1) Article 9-A: Section 210-B, subdivision 58. (2) Article 22: Section 606, subsection (nnn). § 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 58 to read as follows: 58. Farm employer overtime credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section forty-two-a of this chapter, against the tax imposed by this article. (b) Application of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year shall not reduce the tax due for such year to less
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$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 39\\ 41\\ 423\\ 445\\ 445\\ 46\\ 47\\ 48\end{array}$	<pre>(1) Article 9-A: Section 210-B, subdivision 58. (2) Article 22: Section 606, subsection (nnn). § 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi- sion 58 to read as follows: 58. Farm employer overtime credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpay- er shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section forty-two-a of this chapter, against the tax imposed by this article. (b) Application of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year shall not reduce the tax due for such year to less than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this article. However, if the amount of cred- it allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount or if the taxpayer otherwise pays tax based on the fixed dollar minimum amount, any amount of credit thus not deductible in such taxable year shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section one thousand eighty-six of this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-eight of this chapter notwithstanding, no interest shall be paid thereon. § 4. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606</pre>
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1 (nnn) Farm employer overtime credit. (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a 2 credit, to be computed as provided in section forty-two-a of this chap-3 ter, against the tax imposed by this article. (2) Application of credit. If the amount of credit allowed under this 4 subsection for any taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's tax for such 5 6 year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credit-7 ed or refunded in accordance with the provision of section six hundred 8 eighty-six of this article, provided, however, that no interest shall be 9 paid thereon. § 6. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 10 11 years beginning on or after January 1, 2022. 12 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 13 the applicable effective date of Subparts A through C of this act shall 14 be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts. 15 PART C 16 Section 1. Paragraph 39 of subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax 17 as added by section 1 of part Y of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, law, 18 is amended to read as follows: 19 (39) (A) In the case of a taxpayer who is a small business or a 20 taxpayer who is a member, partner, or shareholder of a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corporation, respectively, that is a 21 22 small business, who or which has business income and/or farm income as 23 defined in the laws of the United States, an amount equal to [three] fifteen percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction 24 25 attributable to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted 26 gross income, but not less than zero[, for taxable years beginning after two thousand thirteen, an amount equal to three and three-quarters 27 percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attribut-28 able to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted gross 29 income, but not less than zero, for taxable years beginning after two 30 thousand fourteen, and an amount equal to five percent of the net items 31 of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or 32 33 farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than 34 zero, for taxable years beginning after two thousand fifteen]. 35 (B) (i) For the purposes of this paragraph, the term small business 36 shall mean: (I) a sole proprietor [or a farm business] who employs one or more persons during the taxable year and who has net business income 37 38 or net farm income of greater than zero but less than two hundred fifty 39 thousand dollars; 40 (II) a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corpo-41 ration that during the taxable year employs one or more persons and has 42 net farm income attributable to a farm business that is greater than 43 zero but less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars; or 44 (III) a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corpo-45 ration that during the taxable year employs one or more persons and has 46 New York gross business income attributable to a non-farm business that 47 is greater than zero but less than one million five hundred thousand 48 <u>dollars.</u> 49 (ii) For purposes of this paragraph, the term New York gross business 50 income shall mean: (I) in the case of a limited liability company or a 51 partnership, New York source gross income as defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph three of subsection (c) of section six hundred fifty-eight 52 53 of this article; and (II) in the case of a New York S corporation, New

54 York receipts included in the numerator of the apportionment factor



1 determined under section two hundred ten-A of this chapter for the taxa-2 ble year. 3 (C) To qualify for this modification in relation to a non-farm small business that is a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S 4 corporation, the taxpayer's income attributable to the net business 5 6 income from its ownership interests in non-farm limited liability compa-7 nies, partnerships, or New York S corporations must be less than two 8 hundred fifty thousand dollars. § 2. Paragraph 35 of subdivision (c) of section 11-1712 of the admin-9 istrative code of the city of New York, as added by section 2 of part Y 10 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows: 11 12 (35) (A) In the case of a taxpayer who is a small business or a 13 taxpayer who is a member, partner, or shareholder of a limited liability 14 company, partnership, or New York S corporation, respectively, that is a 15 small business, who or which has business income and/or farm income as 16 defined in the laws of the United States, an amount equal to [three] 17 fifteen percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted 18 19 gross income, but not less than zero[, for taxable years beginning after 20 two thousand thirteen, an amount equal to three and three-quarters 21 percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attribut-22 able to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than zero, for taxable years beginning after two 23 24 thousand fourteen, and an amount equal to five percent of the net items 25 of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or 26 farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than 27 zero, for taxable years beginning after two thousand fifteen]. 28 (B) (i) For the purposes of this paragraph, the term small business 29 shall mean: (I) a sole proprietor [or a farm business] who employs one 30 or more persons during the taxable year and who has net business income or net farm income of greater than zero but less than two hundred fifty 31 32 thousand dollars; 33 (II) a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corpo-34 ration that during the taxable year employs one or more persons and has net farm income that is greater than zero but less than two hundred 35 36 fifty thousand dollars; or 37 (III) a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corpo-38 ration that during the taxable year employs one or more persons and has 39 <u>New York gross business income attributable to a non-farm business that</u> 40 is greater than zero but less than one million five hundred thousand 41 dollars. 42 (ii) For purposes of this paragraph, the term New York gross business 43 income shall mean: (I) in the case of a limited liability company or a 44 partnership, New York source gross income as defined in subparagraph (b) 45 or paragraph three of subsection (c) of section six hundred fifty-eight 46 of the tax law, and, (II) in the case of a New York S corporation, New 47 York receipts included in the numerator of the apportionment factor determined under section two hundred ten-A of the tax law for the taxa-48 49 ble year. 50 (C) To qualify for this modification in relation to a non-farm small 51 business that is a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S 52 corporation, the taxpayer's income attributable to the net business 53 income from its ownership interests in non-farm limited liability companies, partnerships, or New York S corporations must be less than two 54

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55 hundred fifty thousand dollars.



1 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 2 years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

3

PART D

4 Section 1. Subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law is amended 5 by adding a new paragraph 46 to read as follows: 6 (46) The amount of any student loan forgiveness award made pursuant to 7 a program established under article fourteen of the education law to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income. 8 9 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to tax 10 years beginning on or after January 1, 2022. 11 PART E 12 Section 1. The economic development law is amended by adding a new 13 article 26 to read as follows: 14 ARTICLE 26 15 COVID-19 CAPITAL COSTS TAX CREDIT PROGRAM 16 Section 480. Short title. 17 481. Statement of legislative findings and declaration. 482. Definitions. 18 19 <u>483. Eligibility criteria.</u> 20 484. Application and approval process. 21 485. COVID-19 capital costs tax credit. 486. Powers and duties of the commissioner. 22 23 487. Maintenance of records. 24 488. Cap on tax credit. § 480. Short title. This article shall be known and may be cited as 25 the "COVID-19 capital costs tax credit program act". 26 27 § 481. Statement of legislative findings and declaration. It is hereby 28 found and declared that New York state needs, as a matter of public 29 policy, to provide critical assistance to small businesses to comply 30 with public health or other emergency orders or regulations, and to take 31 infectious disease mitigation measures related to the COVID-19 pandemic. 32 The COVID-19 capital costs tax credit program is created to provide 33 financial assistance to economically harmed businesses to offer relief 34 and reduce the duration and severity of the current economic difficul-35 ties. 36 § 482. Definitions. For the purposes of this article: 37 1. "Certificate of tax credit" means the document issued to a business 38 entity by the department after the department has verified that the 39 business entity has met all applicable eligibility criteria in this 40 article. The certificate shall specify the exact amount of the tax cred-41 it under this article that a business entity may claim, pursuant to 42 section four hundred eighty-five of this article. 43 2. "Commissioner" shall mean commissioner of the department of econom-44 ic development. 45 3. "Department" shall mean the department of economic development. 46 4. "Qualified COVID-19 capital costs" shall mean costs incurred from 47 January first, two thousand twenty-one through December thirty-first, 48 two thousand twenty-two at a business location in New York state to 49 comply with public health or other emergency orders or regulations related to the COVID-19 pandemic, or to generally increase safety 50 through infectious disease mitigation, including costs for: (i) supplies 51

52 to disinfect and/or protect against COVID-19 transmission; (ii) restock-



1 ing of perishable goods to replace those lost during the COVID-19 2 pandemic; (iii) physical barriers and sneeze guards; (iv) hand sanitizer 3 stations; (v) respiratory devices such as air purifier systems installed at the business entity's location; (vi) signage related to the COVID-19 4 pandemic including, but not limited to, signage detailing vaccine and 5 6 masking requirements, and social distancing; (vii) materials required to 7 define and/or protect space such as barriers; (viii) materials needed to 8 block off certain seats to allow for social distancing; (ix) certain 9 point of sale payment equipment to allow for contactless payment; (x) equipment and/or materials and supplies for new product lines in 10 response to the COVID-19 pandemic; (xi) software for online payment 11 12 platforms to enable delivery or contactless purchases; (xii) building 13 construction and retrofits to accommodate social distancing and instal-14 lation of air purifying equipment but not for costs for non-COVID-19 15 pandemic related capital renovations or general "closed for renovations" 16 upgrades; (xiii) machinery and equipment to accommodate contactless 17 sales; (xiv) materials to accommodate increased outdoor activity such as 18 heat lamps, outdoor lighting, and materials related to outdoor space 19 expansions; and (xv) other costs as determined by the department to be 20 eligible under this section; provided, however, that "qualified COVID-19 21 capital costs" do not include any cost paid for with other COVID-19 22 grant funds as determined by the commissioner. § 483. Eligibility criteria. 1. To be eligible for a tax credit under 23 24 the COVID-19 capital costs tax credit program, a business entity must: 25 (a) be a small business as defined in section one hundred thirty-one of this chapter and have two million five hundred thousand dollars or 26 27 less of gross receipts in the taxable year that includes December thir-28 ty-first, two thousand twenty-one; and 29 (b) operate a business location in New York state. 30 2. A business entity must be in substantial compliance with any public health or other emergency orders or regulations related to the entity's 31 business sector or other laws and regulations as determined by the 32 33 commissioner. In addition, a business entity may not owe past due state taxes or local property taxes unless the business entity is making 34 payments and complying with an approved binding payment agreement 35 36 entered into with the taxing authority. 37 § 484. Application and approval process. 1. A business entity must 38 submit a complete application as prescribed by the commissioner. 39 2. The commissioner shall establish procedures and a timeframe for 40 business entities to submit applications. As part of the application, 41 each business entity must: 42 (a) provide evidence in a form and manner prescribed by the commis-43 sioner of their business eligibility; 44 (b) agree to allow the department of taxation and finance to share the 45 business entity's tax information with the department. However, any 46 information shared as a result of this program shall not be available 47 for disclosure or inspection under the state freedom of information law; (c) allow the department and its agents access to any and all books 48 49 and records the department may require to monitor compliance; 50 (d) certify, under penalty of perjury, that it is in substantial 51 compliance with all emergency orders or public health regulations 52 currently required of such entity, and local, and state tax laws; 53 (e) certify, under penalty of perjury, that it did not include any cost paid for with other COVID-19 grant funds as determined by the 54 commissioner in its application for a tax credit under the COVID-19 55 capital costs tax credit program; and 56



1 (f) agree to provide any additional information required by the 2 department relevant to this article. 3 3. After reviewing a business entity's completed final application and determining that the business entity meets the eligibility criteria as 4 set forth in this article, the department may issue to that business 5 6 entity a certificate of tax credit. 7 4. The business entity must submit its application by March thirty-8 first, two thousand twenty-three. 9 <u>§ 485. COVID-19 capital costs tax credit. 1. A business entity in</u> the COVID-19 capital costs tax credit program that meets the eligibility 10 11 requirements of section four hundred eighty-three of this article may be 12 eligible to claim a credit equal to fifty percent of its qualified 13 COVID-19 capital costs as defined in subdivision four of section four 14 hundred eighty-two of this article. 15 2. A business entity, including a partnership, limited liability 16 company and subchapter S corporation, may not receive in excess of twen-17 ty-five thousand dollars under this program. 3. The credit shall be allowed as provided in section forty-seven, 18 19 subdivision fifty-eight of section two hundred ten-B and subsection 20 (nnn) of section six hundred six of the tax law. 21 4. A business entity may claim the tax credit in the taxable year that 22 includes the date the certificate of tax credit was issued by the department pursuant to subdivision three of section four hundred eight-23 24 y-four of this article. 25 § 486. Powers and duties of the commissioner. 1. The commissioner may promulgate regulations establishing an application process and eligibil-26 27 ity criteria, that will be applied consistent with the purposes of this 28 article, so as not to exceed the annual cap on tax credits set forth in 29 section four hundred eighty-eight of this article which, notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in the state administrative procedure 30 31 act, may be adopted on an emergency basis. 32 2. The commissioner shall, in consultation with the department of 33 taxation and finance, develop a certificate of tax credit that shall be 34 issued by the commissioner to eligible businesses. Such certificate 35 shall contain such information as required by the department of taxation 36 and finance. 37 3. The commissioner shall solely determine the eligibility of any 38 applicant applying for entry into the program and shall remove any business entity from the program for failing to meet any of the requirements 39 40 set forth in section four hundred eighty-three of this article, or for 41 failing to meet the requirements set forth in subdivision one of section 42 four hundred eighty-four of this article. 43 § 487. Maintenance of records. Each business entity participating in 44 the program shall keep all relevant records for their duration of 45 program participation for at least three years. 46 § 488. Cap on tax credit. The total amount of tax credits listed on 47 certificates of tax credit issued by the commissioner pursuant to this 48 article may not exceed two hundred fifty million dollars. 49 § 2. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 47 to read as 50 follows: 51 <u>§ 47. COVID-19 capital costs tax credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A</u> 52 taxpayer subject to tax under article nine-A or twenty-two of this chap-53 ter shall be allowed a credit against such tax, pursuant to the 54 provisions referenced in subdivision (f) of this section. The amount of the credit is equal to the amount determined pursuant to section four 55 56

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hundred eighty-five of the economic development law. No cost or expense



paid or incurred by the taxpayer which is included as part of the calcu-1 2 lation of this credit shall be the basis of any other tax credit allowed 3 under this chapter. 4 (b) Eligibility. To be eligible for the COVID-19 capital costs tax credit, the taxpayer shall have been issued a certificate of tax credit 5 6 by the department of economic development pursuant to subdivision three of section four hundred eighty-four of the economic development law, 7 8 which certificate shall set forth the amount of the credit that may be 9 claimed for the taxable year. The taxpayer shall be allowed to claim only the amount listed on the certificate of tax credit for that taxable 10 11 year. A taxpayer that is a partner in a partnership, member of a limited 12 liability company or shareholder in a subchapter S corporation that has 13 received a certificate of tax credit shall be allowed its pro rata share 14 of the credit earned by the partnership, limited liability company or 15 subchapter S corporation. 16 (c) Tax return requirement. The taxpayer shall be required to attach 17 to its tax return in the form prescribed by the commissioner, proof of receipt of its certificate of tax credit issued by the commissioner of 18 19 the department of economic development. 20 (d) Information sharing. Notwithstanding any provision of this chap-21 ter, employees of the department of economic development and the depart-22 ment shall be allowed and are directed to share and exchange: 23 (1) information derived from tax returns or reports that is relevant 24 to a taxpayer's eligibility to participate in the COVID-19 capital costs 25 tax credit program; (2) information regarding the credit applied for, allowed or claimed 26 27 pursuant to this section and taxpayers that are applying for the credit 28 or that are claiming the credit; and 29 (3) information contained in or derived from credit claim forms submitted to the department and applications for admission into the 30 31 COVID-19 capital costs tax credit program. Except as provided in paragraph two of this subdivision, all information exchanged between the 32 33 department of economic development and the department shall not be 34 subject to disclosure or inspection under the state's freedom of infor-35 mation law. 36 (e) Credit recapture. If a certificate of tax credit issued by the 37 department of economic development under article twenty-six of the 38 economic development law is revoked by such department, the amount of credit described in this section and claimed by the taxpayer prior to 39 40 that revocation shall be added back to tax in the taxable year in which 41 any such revocation becomes final. 42 (f) Cross references. For application of the credit provided for in 43 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter: 44 (1) article 9-A: section 210-B, subdivision 58; 45 (2) article 22: section 606, subsection (nnn). 46 § 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-47 sion 58 to read as follows: 48 58. COVID-19 capital costs tax credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in 49 50 section forty-seven of this chapter, against the taxes imposed by this 51 <u>article.</u> 52 (b) Application of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision 53 for the taxable year shall not reduce the tax due for such year to less than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of 54 55 section two hundred ten of this article. However, if the amount of cred-

56 it allowed under this subdivision for the taxable year reduces the tax



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1 to such amount or if the taxpayer otherwise pays tax based on the fixed 2 dollar minimum amount, any amount of credit thus not deductible in such 3 taxable year shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section one thousand 4 eighty-six of this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of 5 6 subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-eight of this chapter 7 notwithstanding, no interest will be paid thereon. § 4. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection 8 9 (nnn) to read as follows: 10 (nnn) COVID-19 capital costs tax credit. (1) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in 11 12 section forty-seven of this chapter, against the tax imposed by this 13 <u>article.</u> 14 (2) Application of credit. If the amount of the credit allowed under 15 this subsection for the taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's tax for such 16 year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credit-17 ed or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section six hundred 18 eighty-six of this article, provided, however, that no interest will be 19 paid thereon. 20 5. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606 S 21 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xlix) to read as 22 follows: 23 (xlix) COVID-19 capital costs Amount of credit under 24 tax credit under subsection (nnn) subdivision 58 of 25 section two hundred ten-B § 6. This act shall take effect immediately. 26

PART F

28 Section 1. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (a) of section 24-c of the tax 29 law, as added by section 1 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the 30 laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

31 The amount of the credit shall be the product (or pro rata share (2) 32 of the product, in the case of a member of a partnership) of twenty-five percent and the sum of the qualified production expenditures paid for 33 34 during the qualified New York city musical and theatrical production's 35 credit period. Provided however that the amount of the credit cannot 36 exceed three million dollars per qualified New York city musical and 37 theatrical production for productions whose first performance is [during 38 the first year in which applications are accepted] prior to January 39 first, two thousand twenty-three. For productions whose first perform-40 ance is [during the second year in which applications are accepted] on 41 or after January first, two thousand twenty-three, such cap shall 42 decrease to one million five hundred thousand dollars per qualified New 43 York city musical and theatrical production unless the New York city 44 tourism economy has not sufficiently recovered, as determined by the 45 department of economic development in consultation with the division of the budget. In determining whether the New York city tourism economy has 46 47 sufficiently recovered, the department of economic development will perform an analysis of key New York city economic indicators which shall 48 49 include, but not be limited to, hotel occupancy rates and travel 50 metrics. The department of economic development's analysis shall also be informed by the status of any remaining COVID-19 restrictions affecting 51 New York city musical and theatrical productions. In no event shall a 52 53 qualified New York city musical and theatrical production be eligible for more than one credit under this program. 54



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1 § 2. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph 5 of subdivision (b) of section 24-c of the tax law, as added by section 1 of subpart B of part PP of 2 chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 3 (i) "The credit period of a qualified New York city musical and theat-4 rical production company" is the period starting on the production start 5 date and ending on the earlier of the date the qualified musical and 6 7 theatrical production has expended sufficient qualified production 8 expenditures to reach its credit cap, [March thirty-first] September thirtieth, two thousand twenty-three or the date the qualified musical 9 and theatrical production closes. 10 11 § 3. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (f) of section 24-c of the tax law, as 12 added by section 1 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows: 13 14 (1) The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed under this section, 15 subdivision fifty-seven of section two hundred ten-B and subsection 16 (mmm) of section six hundred six of this chapter shall be [one] two 17 hundred million dollars. Such aggregate amount of credits shall be allocated by the department of economic development among taxpayers based on 18 19 the date of first performance of the qualified musical and theatrical 20 production. § 4. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (f) of section 24-c of the tax law, as 21 22 added by section 1 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the laws of 23 2021, is amended to read as follows: (2) The commissioner of economic development, after consulting with 24 25 the commissioner, shall promulgate regulations to establish procedures for the allocation of tax credits as required by this section. Such 26 27 rules and regulations shall include provisions describing the applica-28 tion process, the due dates for such applications, the standards that 29 will be used to evaluate the applications, the documentation that will be provided by applicants to substantiate to the department the amount 30 of qualified production expenditures of such applicants, and such other 31 provisions as deemed necessary and appropriate. Notwithstanding any 32 33 other provisions to the contrary in the state administrative procedure act, such rules and regulations may be adopted on an emergency basis. In 34 no event shall a qualified New York city musical and theatrical 35 36 production submit an application for this program after [December thir-37 ty-first, two thousand twenty-two] June thirtieth, two thousand twenty-38 three. 39 § 5. Subdivision (g) of section 24-c of the tax law, as added by 40 section 1 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is 41 amended to read as follows: 42 (g) Any qualified New York city musical and theatrical production 43 company that performs in a qualified New York city production facility 44 and applies to receive a credit under this section shall be required to: 45 (1) participate in a New York state diversity and arts job training 46 program; (2) create and implement a plan to ensure that their production 47 is available and accessible for low-or no-cost to low income New Yorkers; and (3) contribute to the New York state council on the arts, 48 49 cultural program fund an amount up to fifty percent of the total credits 50 received if its production earns ongoing revenue prospectively after the end of the credit period that is at least equal to two hundred percent 51 52 of its ongoing production costs, with such amount payable from twentyfive percent of net operating profits, such amounts payable on a monthly 53 basis, up until such fifty percent of the total credit amount is 54



reached. Any funds deposited pursuant to this subdivision may be used

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1 for arts and cultural [educational and workforce development] <u>grant</u> 2 programs <u>of the New York state council on the arts</u>.

3 § 6. Subdivision 5 of section 99-11 of the state finance law, as added 4 by section 5 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, 5 is amended to read as follows:

5. The moneys in such fund shall be expended for the purpose of supplementing art and cultural <u>grant</u> programs [for secondary and elementary children, including programs that increase access to art and cultural programs and events for children in underserved communities] <u>of</u> the New York state council on the arts.

\$ 7. Section 6 of subpart B of part PP of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021 amending the tax law and the state finance law relating to establishing the New York city musical and theatrical production tax credit and establishing the New York state council on the arts cultural program fund, is amended to read as follows:

16 § 6. This act shall take effect immediately [and]; provided however, 17 that section one, two, three and four of this act shall apply to taxable 18 years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2024 19 and shall expire and be deemed repealed [on] January 1, 2024; provided 20 <u>further</u>, however that the obligations under paragraph 3 of subdivision 21 [g] (g) of section 24-c of the tax law, as added by section one of this 22 act, shall remain in effect until December 31, 2025.

§ 8. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that the amendments to section 24-c of the tax law made by sections one, two, three, four and five of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith.

PART G

28 Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (f) of subdivision 1 of section 209-b of 29 the tax law, paragraph (a) as amended and paragraph (f) as added by 30 section 7 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, are amended to 31 read as follows:

For the privilege of exercising its corporate franchise, or of 32 (a) doing business, or of employing capital, or of owning or leasing proper-33 34 ty in a corporate or organized capacity, or of maintaining an office, or 35 of deriving receipts from activity in the metropolitan commuter trans-36 portation district, for all or any part of its taxable year, there is 37 hereby imposed on every corporation, other than a New York S corpo-38 ration, subject to tax under section two hundred nine of this article, 39 or any receiver, referee, trustee, assignee or other fiduciary, or any 40 officer or agent appointed by any court, who conducts the business of 41 any such corporation, a tax surcharge, in addition to the tax imposed 42 under section two hundred nine of this article, to be computed at the 43 rate of seventeen percent of the tax imposed under such section for such 44 taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending on or after 45 December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three and before January first, two thousand fifteen after the deduction of any credits otherwise 46 47 allowable under this article, at the rate of twenty-five and six-tenths 48 percent of the tax imposed under such section for taxable years begin-49 ning on or after January first, two thousand fifteen and before January 50 first, two thousand sixteen before the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article, [and] at the rate determined by the 51 commissioner pursuant to paragraph (f) of this subdivision of the tax 52 imposed under such section, for taxable years beginning on or after 53 January first, two thousand sixteen and before January first, two thou-54



1 sand twenty-three before the deduction of any credits otherwise allow-2 able under this article, and at the rate of thirty percent of the tax 3 imposed under such section for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand twenty-three before the deduction of any credits 4 otherwise allowable under this article. 5 However, such rate of tax surcharge shall be applied only to that portion of the tax imposed under 6 7 section two hundred nine of this article before the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article which is attributable to 8 the taxpayer's business activity carried on within the metropolitan 9 commuter transportation district; and provided, further, the surcharge 10 11 computed on a combined report shall include a surcharge on the fixed 12 dollar minimum tax for each member of the combined group subject to the 13 surcharge under this subdivision.

14 (f) The commissioner shall determine the rate of tax for taxable years 15 beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen and before 16 January first, two thousand twenty-three by adjusting the rate for taxa-17 ble years beginning on or after January first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand sixteen as necessary to ensure that 18 19 the receipts attributable to such surcharge, as impacted by the chapter of the laws of two thousand fourteen which added this paragraph, will 20 21 meet and not exceed the financial projections for state fiscal year two 22 thousand sixteen-two thousand seventeen, as reflected in state fiscal year two thousand fifteen-two thousand sixteen enacted budget. The 23 commissioner shall annually determine the rate thereafter using the 24 25 financial projections for the state fiscal year that commences in the year for which the rate is to be set as reflected in the enacted budget 26 27 for the fiscal year commencing on the previous April first. 28 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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PART H

30 (a), (b) and (d) of subdivision 29 of section Section 1. Paragraphs 31 210-B of the tax law, paragraph (a) and subparagraph 2 of paragraph (b) as amended by section 1 of part II of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, 32 paragraph (b) as amended by section 1 of part Q of chapter 59 of the 33 34 laws of 2018, subparagraph 1 of paragraph (b) as amended by chapter 490 35 of the laws of 2019 and paragraph (d) as added by section 17 of part A 36 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, are amended to read as follows:

37 (a) Allowance of credit. For taxable years beginning on or after Janu-38 ary first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand 39 [twenty-three] twenty-six, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be 40 computed as provided in this subdivision, against the tax imposed by 41 this article, for hiring and employing, for not less than [one year and 42 for not less than thirty-five hours each week] twelve continuous and 43 uninterrupted months (hereinafter referred to as the twelve-month peri-44 od) in a full-time or part-time position, a qualified veteran within the 45 state. The taxpayer may claim the credit in the year in which the qualified veteran completes [one year] the twelve-month period of employment 46 47 by the taxpayer. If the taxpayer claims the credit allowed under this 48 subdivision, the taxpayer may not use the hiring of a qualified veteran that is the basis for this credit in the basis of any other credit 49 allowed under this article. 50

51 (b) Qualified veteran. A qualified veteran is an individual:

52 (1) who served on active duty in the United States army, navy, air 53 force, <u>space force</u>, marine corps, coast guard or the reserves thereof, 54 or who served in active military service of the United States as a



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1 member of the army national guard, air national guard, New York guard or 2 New York naval militia; who (i) was released from active duty by general 3 or honorable discharge [after September eleventh, two thousand one], or (ii) has a qualifying condition, as defined in section three hundred 4 5 fifty of the executive law, and has received a discharge other than bad conduct or dishonorable from such service [after September eleventh, two 6 7 thousand one], or (iii) is a discharged LGBT veteran, as defined in section three hundred fifty of the executive law, and has received a 8 9 discharge other than bad conduct or dishonorable from such service [after September eleventh, two thousand one]; 10 11 (2) who commences employment by the qualified taxpayer on or after 12 January first, two thousand fourteen, and before January first, two 13 thousand [twenty-two] twenty-five; and 14 (3) who certifies by signed affidavit, under penalty of perjury, that 15 he or she has not been employed for thirty-five or more hours during any 16 week in the one hundred eighty day period immediately prior to his or 17 her employment by the taxpayer. 18 (d) Amount of credit. The amount of the credit shall be [ten] fifteen 19 percent of the total amount of wages paid to the qualified veteran during the veteran's first [full year] twelve-month period of employ-20 21 ment. Provided, however, that [, if the qualified veteran is a disabled 22 veteran, as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section eighty-five of the civil service law, the amount of the credit shall be 23 24 fifteen percent of the total amount of wages paid to the qualified 25 veteran during the veteran's first full year of employment. The] the 26 credit allowed pursuant to this subdivision shall not exceed in any 27 taxable year, [five] fifteen thousand dollars for any qualified veteran 28 employed in a full-time position for one thousand eight hundred twenty 29 or more hours in one twelve-month period and [fifteen thousand dollars for any qualified veteran who is a disabled veteran] seven thousand five 30 31 hundred dollars for any qualified veteran employed in a part-time position for at least one thousand forty hours but not more than one thou-32 33 sand eight hundred nineteen hours in one twelve-month period. 34 § 2. Paragraphs 1, 2 and 4 of subsection (a-2) of section 606 of the 35 tax law, paragraph 1 and subparagraph (B) of paragraph 2 as amended by 36 section 2 of part II of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, paragraph 2 as 37 amended by section 2 of part Q of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, 38 subparagraph (A) of paragraph 2 as amended by chapter 490 of the laws of 39 2019 and paragraph 4 as added by section 3 of part AA of chapter 59 of 40 the laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows: 41 (1) Allowance of credit. For taxable years beginning on or after Janu-42 ary first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand 43 [twenty-three] twenty-six, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be 44 computed as provided in this subsection, against the tax imposed by this 45 article, for hiring and employing, for not less than [one year and for 46 not less than thirty-five hours each week] twelve continuous and unin-47 terrupted months (hereinafter referred to as the twelve-month period) in a full-time or part-time position, a qualified veteran within the state. 48 49 The taxpayer may claim the credit in the year in which the qualified 50 veteran completes [one year] the twelve-month period of employment by 51 the taxpayer. If the taxpayer claims the credit allowed under this

55 (2) Qualified veteran. A qualified veteran is an individual:

allowed under this article.



subsection, the taxpayer may not use the hiring of a qualified veteran that is the basis for this credit in the basis of any other credit

1 (A) who served on active duty in the United States army, navy, air 2 force, space force, marine corps, coast guard or the reserves thereof, or who served in active military service of the United States as a 3 member of the army national guard, air national guard, New York guard or 4 5 New York naval militia; who (i) was released from active duty by general or honorable discharge [after September eleventh, two thousand one], or 6 (ii) has a qualifying condition, as defined in section three hundred 7 8 fifty of the executive law, and has received a discharge other than bad conduct or dishonorable from such service [after September eleventh, two 9 thousand one], or (iii) is a discharged LGBT veteran, as defined in 10 section three hundred fifty of the executive law, and has received a 11 12 discharge other than bad conduct or dishonorable from such service 13 [after September eleventh, two thousand one];

14 (B) who commences employment by the qualified taxpayer on or after 15 January first, two thousand fourteen, and before January first, two 16 thousand [twenty-two] <u>twenty-five</u>; and

17 (C) who certifies by signed affidavit, under penalty of perjury, that 18 he or she has not been employed for thirty-five or more hours during any 19 week in the one hundred eighty day period immediately prior to his or 20 her employment by the taxpayer.

21 Amount of credit. The amount of the credit shall be [ten] fifteen (4) 22 percent of the total amount of wages paid to [he] the qualified veteran during the veteran's first [full year] twelve-month period of employ-23 24 ment. Provided, however, that[, if the qualified veteran is a disabled 25 veteran, as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section eighty-five of the civil service law, the amount of the credit shall be 26 27 fifteen percent of the total amount of wages paid to the qualified 28 veteran during the veteran's first full year of employment. The] the 29 credit allowed pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed in any taxa-30 ble year, [five] <u>fifteen</u> thousand dollars for any qualified veteran employed in a full-time position for one thousand eight hundred twenty 31 or more hours in one twelve-month period and [fifteen thousand dollars 32 33 for any qualified veteran who is a disabled veteran] seven thousand five hundred dollars for any qualified veteran employed in a part-time posi-34 tion for at least one thousand forty hours but not more than one thou-35 36 sand eight hundred nineteen hours in one twelve-month period.

§ 3. Paragraphs 1, 2 and 4 of subdivision (g-1) of section 1511 of the tax law, paragraph 1 and subparagraph (B) of paragraph 2 as amended by section 3 of part II of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, paragraph 2 as amended by section 3 of part Q of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, subparagraph (A) of paragraph 2 as amended by chapter 490 of the laws of 2019 and paragraph 4 as added by section 5 of part AA of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:

44 (1) Allowance of credit. For taxable years beginning on or after Janu-45 ary first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand 46 [twenty-three] twenty-six, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be 47 computed as provided in this subdivision, against the tax imposed by 48 this article, for hiring and employing, for not less than [one year and for not less than thirty-five hours each week] twelve continuous and 49 50 uninterrupted months (hereinafter referred to as the twelve-month peri-51 od) in a full-time or part-time position, a qualified veteran within the 52 state. The taxpayer may claim the credit in the year in which the qualified veteran completes [one year] the twelve-month period of employment 53 by the taxpayer. If the taxpayer claims the credit allowed under this 54 55 subdivision, the taxpayer may not use the hiring of a qualified veteran



1 that is the basis for this credit in the basis of any other credit 2 allowed under this article. (2) Qualified veteran. A qualified veteran is an individual: 3 (A) who served on active duty in the United States army, navy, air 4 force, space force, marine corps, coast guard or the reserves thereof, 5 or who served in active military service of the United States as a 6 member of the army national guard, air national guard, New York guard or 7 8 New York naval militia; who (i) was released from active duty by general or honorable discharge [after September eleventh, two thousand one], 9 or has a qualifying condition, as defined in section three hundred 10 (ii) 11 fifty of the executive law, and has received a discharge other than bad 12 conduct or dishonorable from such service [after September eleventh, two 13 thousand one], or (iii) is a discharged LGBT veteran, as defined in 14 section three hundred fifty of the executive law, and has received a 15 discharge other than bad conduct or dishonorable from such service 16 [after September eleventh, two thousand one]; 17 (B) who commences employment by the qualified taxpayer on or after 18 January first, two thousand fourteen, and before January first, two 19 thousand [twenty-two] twenty-five; and 20 (C) who certifies by signed affidavit, under penalty of perjury, that 21 he or she has not been employed for thirty-five or more hours during any 22 week in the one hundred eighty day period immediately prior to his or 23 her employment by the taxpayer. 24 (4) Amount of credit. The amount of the credit shall be [ten] fifteen percent of the total amount of wages paid to the qualified veteran 25 26 during the veteran's first [full year] twelve-month period of employ-27 ment. Provided, however, that [, if the qualified veteran is a disabled 28 veteran, as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision one of section eighty-five of the civil service law, the amount of the credit shall be 29 fifteen percent of the total amount of wages paid to the qualified 30 veteran during the veteran's first full year of employment. The] the 31 credit allowed pursuant to this subdivision shall not exceed in any 32 33 taxable year, [five] fifteen thousand dollars for any qualified veteran employed in a full-time position for one thousand eight hundred twenty 34 or more hours in one twelve-month period and [fifteen thousand dollars 35 36 for any qualified veteran who is a disabled veteran] seven thousand five hundred dollars for any qualified veteran employed in a part-time posi-37 38 tion for at least one thousand forty hours but not more than one thou-39 sand eight hundred nineteen hours in one twelve-month period. 40 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 41 years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

42

PART I

43 Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 47 to read 44 as follows:

45 § 47. Grade no. 6 heating oil conversion tax credit. (a) (1) Allowance 46 of credit. A taxpayer that meets the eligibility requirements of subdi-47 vision (b) of this section and is subject to tax under article nine-A or 48 twenty-two of this chapter may be eligible to claim a grade no. 6 heat-49 ing oil conversion tax credit in the taxable year the conversion is 50 complete. The credit shall be equal to fifty percent of the conversion costs for all of the taxpayer's buildings located in a municipality paid 51 by such taxpayer on or after January first, two thousand twenty-two and 52 before July first, two thousand twenty-three. The credit cannot exceed 53 five hundred thousand dollars per municipality. 54



1	(2) A taxpayer that is a partner in a partnership, member of a limited
2	liability company or shareholder in a subchapter S corporation shall be
3	allowed its pro rata share of the credit earned by the partnership,
4	limited liability company or subchapter S corporation that meets the
5	eligibility criteria described in subdivision (b) of this section to
6	claim a grade no. 6 heating oil conversion tax credit. In no event may
7	the total amount of the credit earned by the partnership, limited
8	liability company or subchapter S corporation exceed five hundred thou-
9	sand dollars for all buildings located in a municipality.
10	(3) No cost or expense paid or incurred by the taxpayer that is
11	included as part of the calculation of this credit shall be the basis of
12	any other tax credit allowed under this chapter.
13	(b) Eligibility criteria. (1) To be eligible to claim a grade no. 6
14	heating oil conversion tax credit, a business entity must:
15	(i) incur expenses for the conversion from grade no. 6 heating oil
16	fuel, as described as "conversion costs" in paragraph (1) of subdivision
17	(c) of this section, to biodiesel heating oil or a geothermal system at
18	any building located in New York state outside the city of New York;
19	(ii) submit an application to and obtain approval of such application
20	by the New York state energy research and development authority describ-
21	ing the conversion and approved costs to complete such conversion;
22	(iii) not be principally engaged in the generation or distribution of
23	electricity, power or energy;
24	(iv) be in compliance with all environmental conservation laws and
25	regulations; and
26	(v) not owe past due state taxes unless the business entity is making
27	payments and complying with an approved binding payment agreement
28	<u>entered into with the taxing authority.</u>
29	(c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall
29 30	(c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings:
29 30 31	(c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated
29 30 31 32	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy
29 30 31 32 33	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biod-
29 30 31 32 33 34	(c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biod- iesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer,
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biod- iesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assess-
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	(c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biod- iesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assess- ment of electrification options.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building. (4) Municipality, for purposes of this section, means a city or town.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building. (4) Municipality, for purposes of this section, means a city or town. (d) The commissioner, in consultation with the New York state energy
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 40\\ 41\\ 42\\ 43\\ 44\\ 45\\ 46\end{array}$	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building. (4) Municipality, for purposes of this section, means a city or town. (d) The commissioner, in consultation with the New York state energy research and development authority, will develop an application process
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 40\\ 41\\ 42\\ 43\\ 44\\ 45\\ 46\\ 47\\ \end{array}$	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building. (4) Municipality, for purposes of this section, means a city or town. (d) The commissioner, in consultation with the New York state energy research and development authority, will develop an application process to certify the expenses necessary for the conversion and a taxpayer will
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 40\\ 41\\ 42\\ 43\\ 44\\ 45\\ 46\\ 47\\ 48\end{array}$	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building. (4) Municipality, for purposes of this section, means a city or town. (d) The commissioner, in consultation with the New York state energy research and development authority, will develop an application process to certify the expenses necessary for the conversion and a taxpayer will not be eligible to claim the credit unless it has completed that appli-
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 40\\ 42\\ 43\\ 445\\ 46\\ 47\\ 48\\ 9\end{array}$	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building. (4) Municipality, for purposes of this section, means a city or town. (d) The commissioner, in consultation with the New York state energy research and development authority, will develop an application process to certify the expenses necessary for the conversion and a taxpayer will not be eligible to claim the credit unless it has completed that application process and the application has been approved by the New York
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 39\\ 40\\ 42\\ 43\\ 44\\ 54\\ 6\\ 47\\ 48\\ 9\\ 50\\ \end{array}$	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building. (4) Municipality, for purposes of this section, means a city or town. (d) The commissioner, in consultation with the New York state energy research and development authority, will develop an application process to certify the expenses necessary for the conversion and a taxpayer will not be eligible to claim the credit unless it has completed that application process and the application has been approved by the New York state energy conversion and development authority.
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 35\\ 36\\ 7\\ 39\\ 40\\ 42\\ 43\\ 45\\ 47\\ 49\\ 50\\ 51\\ \end{array}$	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building. (4) Municipality, for purposes of this section, means a city or town. (d) The commissioner, in consultation with the New York state energy research and development authority, will develop an application process to certify the expenses necessary for the conversion and a taxpayer will not be eligible to claim the credit unless it has completed that application process and the application has been approved by the New York state energy research and development authority.
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 35\\ 36\\ 7\\ 89\\ 41\\ 42\\ 44\\ 45\\ 48\\ 90\\ 12\\ 51\\ 52\\ \end{array}$	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building. (4) Municipality, for purposes of this section, means a city or town. (d) The commissioner, in consultation with the New York state energy research and development authority, will develop an application process to certify the expenses necessary for the conversion and a taxpayer will not be eligible to claim the credit unless it has completed that application process and the application has been approved by the New York state energy research and development authority. (e) Information sharing. The department, the department of environmental conservation and the New York state energy research and development authority.
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 78\\ 90\\ 41\\ 42\\ 44\\ 45\\ 67\\ 89\\ 51\\ 52\\ 53\\ \end{array}$	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building. (4) Municipality, for purposes of this section, means a city or town. (d) The commissioner, in consultation with the New York state energy research and development authority, will develop an application process to certify the expenses necessary for the conversion and a taxpayer will not be eligible to claim the credit unless it has completed that application process and the application has been approved by the New York state energy research and development authority. (e) Information sharing. The department, the department of environmental conservation and the New York state energy research and development authority.
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 35\\ 36\\ 7\\ 89\\ 41\\ 42\\ 44\\ 45\\ 48\\ 90\\ 12\\ 51\\ 52\\ \end{array}$	 (c) Definitions. As used in this section the following terms shall have the following meanings: (1) Conversion costs means the equipment and labor costs associated with the design, installation and use of space heating and other energy conversion systems that are designed to or accommodate the use of biodiesel fuel or a geothermal system and, at the option of the taxpayer, the costs of completing an ASHRAE level 2 energy audit including assessment of electrification options. (2) Biodiesel means a minimum blend of eighty-five (85) percent biodiesel, defined as fuel manufactured from vegetable oils, animal fats, or other agricultural or other products or by-products, with petrodiesel fuel commonly used for heating systems. (3) Geothermal means a system that uses the ground or ground water as a thermal energy source/sink to heat or cool a building or provide hot water within the building. (4) Municipality, for purposes of this section, means a city or town. (d) The commissioner, in consultation with the New York state energy research and development authority, will develop an application process to certify the expenses necessary for the conversion and a taxpayer will not be eligible to claim the credit unless it has completed that application process and the application has been approved by the New York state energy research and development authority. (e) Information sharing. The department, the department of environmental conservation and the New York state energy research and development authority.



1 environmental conservation and the New York state energy research and 2 development authority shall not be subject to disclosure or inspection 3 under the state's freedom of information law. (f) Cross references. For application of the credit provided for in 4 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter: 5 6 (1) article 9-A: section 210-B, subdivision 58; (2) article 22: section 606, subsection (nnn). 7 8 § 2. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-9 sion 58 to read as follows: 10 58. Grade no. 6 heating oil conversion tax credit. (a) Allowance of 11 credit. A taxpayer will be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided 12 in section forty-seven of this chapter, against the taxes imposed by 13 <u>this article.</u> 14 (b) Application of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision 15 for the taxable year will not reduce the tax due for such year to less 16 than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this article. However, if the amount of cred-17 it allowed under this subdivision for the taxable year reduces the tax 18 19 to such amount or if the taxpayer otherwise pays tax based on the fixed 20 dollar minimum amount, any amount of credit not deductible in such taxa-21 ble year will be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or 22 refunded in accordance with the provisions of section one thousand eighty-six of this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of 23 subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-eight of this chapter 24 25 notwithstanding, no interest will be paid thereon. 26 § 3. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606 27 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xlix) to read as 28 follows: 29 (xlix) Grade no. 6 heating oil Amount of credit under subdivision 30 conversion tax credit under fifty-eight of section two hundred 31 subsection (nnn) ten-B 32 4. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection S 33 (nnn) to read as follows: 34 (nnn) Grade no. 6 heating oil conversion tax credit. (1) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided 35 36 in section forty-seven of this chapter, against the tax imposed by this 37 <u>article.</u> 38 (2) Application of credit. If the amount of the credit allowed under 39 this subsection for the taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's tax for such 40 year, the excess will be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited 41 or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section six hundred 42 eighty-six of this article, provided, however, that no interest will be 43 paid thereon. 44 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 45 years beginning on or after January 1, 2022. 46 PART J 47 Section 1. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as amended by section 2 of part GG of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, 48 amended to read as follows: 49 50 Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which 4. 51

25

51 the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under 52 this article shall be one hundred [twenty] <u>twenty-seven</u> million dollars. 53 The limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation 54 of the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does



1 not apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an eligible low-income building for each year of the credit period. 2 Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as 3 § 2. amended by section 3 of part GG of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is 4 5 amended to read as follows: Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which 6 4. the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under 7 8 this article shall be one hundred [twenty-eight] forty-two million dollars. The limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to 9 allocation of the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, 10 11 and does not apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect 12 to an eligible low-income building for each year of the credit period. 13 § 3. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as amended 14 by section 4 of part GG of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to 15 read as follows: 16 4. Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which 17 the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under 18 this article shall be one hundred [thirty-six] fifty-seven million 19 dollars. The limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, 20 21 and does not apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect 22 to an eligible low-income building for each year of the credit period. 23 § 4. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as amended 24 by section 5 of part GG of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to 25 read as follows:

4. Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under this article shall be one hundred [forty-four] <u>seventy-two</u> million dollars. The limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does not apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an eligible low-income building for each year of the credit period.

33 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, 34 section one of this act shall take effect April 1, 2022; section two of 35 this act shall take effect April 1, 2023; section three of this act 36 shall take effect April 1, 2024; and section four of this act shall take 37 effect April 1, 2025.

38

PART K

39 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 25 of section 210-B of the tax 40 law, as amended by section 1 of part R of chapter 59 of the laws of 41 2019, is amended to read as follows:

42 (a) General. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 43 imposed by this article. Such credit, to be computed as hereinafter 44 provided, shall be allowed for bioheating fuel, used for space heating 45 or hot water production for residential purposes within this state purchased before January first, two thousand [twenty-three] twenty-six. 46 Such credit shall be \$0.01 per percent of biodiesel per gallon of 47 bioheating fuel, not to exceed twenty cents per gallon, purchased by 48 such taxpayer. Provided, however, that on or after January first, two 49 50 thousand seventeen, this credit shall not apply to bioheating fuel that is less than six percent biodiesel per gallon of bioheating fuel. 51

52 § 2. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (mm) of section 606 of the tax law, as 53 amended by section 2 of part R of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is 54 amended to read as follows:



1 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by 2 this article. Such credit, to be computed as hereinafter provided, shall be allowed for bioheating fuel, used for space heating or hot water 3 production for residential purposes within this state and purchased on 4 5 or after July first, two thousand six and before July first, two thousand seven and on or after January first, two thousand eight and before 6 7 January first, two thousand [twenty-three] twenty-six. Such credit shall 8 be \$0.01 per percent of biodiesel per gallon of bioheating fuel, not to exceed twenty cents per gallon, purchased by such taxpayer. Provided, 9 however, that on or after January first, two thousand seventeen, this 10 11 credit shall not apply to bioheating fuel that is less than six percent 12 biodiesel per gallon of bioheating fuel.

13 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART L

15 Section 1. Section 5 of chapter 604 of the laws of 2011 amending the 16 tax law relating to the credit for companies who provide transportation 17 to people with disabilities, as amended by section 1 of part K of chap-18 ter 60 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:

19 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall remain in effect 20 until December 31, 2016 when upon such date it shall be deemed repealed; provided that this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and 21 22 effect on December 31, 2010; provided further that this act shall apply 23 to all tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2011; and provided 24 further that sections one and two of this act shall remain in effect 25 until December 31, [2022] 2028 when upon such date such sections shall 26 be deemed repealed.

§ 2. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 38 of section 210-B of the tax law,
as amended by section 2 of part K of chapter 60 of the laws of 2016, is
amended to read as follows:

30 Application of credit. In no event shall the credit allowed under (C) this subdivision for any taxable year reduce the tax due for such year 31 to less than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one 32 of section two hundred ten of this article. However, if the amount of 33 34 credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year reduces the 35 tax to such amount or if the taxpayer otherwise pays tax based on the 36 fixed dollar minimum amount, any amount of credit thus not deductible in such taxable year shall be carried over to the following year or years, 37 38 and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years. The 39 tax credit allowed pursuant to this subdivision shall not apply to taxa-40 ble years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [twenty-41 three] twenty-nine.

42 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

43

14

PART M

44 Section 1. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (a) of section 24 of the tax 45 law, as added by section 5 of part Q of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, 46 is amended to read as follows:

(4) (i) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subdivision, 48 a qualified film production company or qualified independent film 49 production company, that has applied for credit under the provisions of 50 this section, agrees as a condition for the granting of the credit: 51 [(i)] (A) to include in each qualified film distributed by DVD, or other 52 media for the secondary market, a New York promotional video approved by



1 the governor's office of motion picture and television development or to 2 include in the end credits of each qualified film "Filmed With the Support of the New York State Governor's Office of Motion Picture and 3 Television Development" and a logo provided by the governor's office of 4 motion picture and television development, and [(ii)] (B) to certify 5 6 that it will purchase taxable tangible property and services, defined as 7 qualified production costs pursuant to paragraph one of subdivision (b) 8 of this section, only from companies registered to collect and remit state and local sales and use taxes pursuant to articles twenty-eight 9 and twenty-nine of this chapter. 10

11 (ii) On or after January first, two thousand twenty-three, a qualified 12 film production company or qualified independent film production company 13 that has applied for credit under the provisions of this section shall, 14 as a condition for the granting of the credit, file a diversity plan 15 with the governor's office for motion picture and television development 16 outlining specific goals for hiring a diverse workforce. The commission-17 er of economic development shall promulgate regulations implementing the 18 requirements of this paragraph, which, notwithstanding any provisions to 19 the contrary in the state administrative procedure act, may be adopted 20 on an emergency basis, to ensure compliance with the provisions of this 21 paragraph. The governor's office for motion picture and television 22 development shall review each submitted plan as to whether it meets the 23 requirements established by the commissioner of economic development, 24 and shall verify that the applicant has met or made good-faith efforts 25 in achieving these goals. The diversity plan also shall indicate whether 26 the qualified film production company or qualified independent film 27 production company that has applied for credit under the provisions of 28 this section intends to participate in training, education, and recruit-29 ment programs that are designed to promote and encourage the training 30 and hiring in the film and television industry of New York residents who 31 represent the diversity of the State's population.

32 § 2. Paragraph 5 of subdivision (a) of section 24 of the tax law, as 33 amended by section 1 of part F of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is 34 amended to read as follows:

35 (5) For the period two thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-36 six] <u>twenty-nine</u>, in addition to the amount of credit established in 37 paragraph two of this subdivision, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit 38 equal to the product (or pro rata share of the product, in the case of a 39 member of a partnership) of ten percent and the amount of wages or sala-40 ries paid to individuals directly employed (excluding those employed as 41 writers, directors, music directors, producers and performers, including 42 background actors with no scripted lines) by a qualified film production 43 company or a qualified independent film production company for services 44 performed by those individuals in one of the counties specified in this 45 paragraph in connection with a qualified film with a minimum budget of 46 five hundred thousand dollars. For purposes of this additional credit, 47 the services must be performed in one or more of the following counties: Albany, Allegany, Broome, Cattaraugus, Cayuga, Chautauqua, Chemung, Chenango, Clinton, Columbia, Cortland, Delaware, Dutchess, Erie, Essex, 48 49 50 Franklin, Fulton, Genesee, Greene, Hamilton, Herkimer, Jefferson, Lewis, 51 Livingston, Madison, Monroe, Montgomery, Niagara, Oneida, Onondaga, 52 Ontario, Orange, Orleans, Oswego, Otsego, Putnam, Rensselaer, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, Schuyler, Seneca, St. Lawrence, Steuben, Sulli-53 54 van, Tioga, Tompkins, Ulster, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Wyoming, or Yates. The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed pursuant to the 55 authority of this paragraph shall be five million dollars each year 56



1 during the period two thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-six] 2 twenty-nine of the annual allocation made available to the program pursuant to paragraph four of subdivision (e) of this section. Such 3 aggregate amount of credits shall be allocated by the governor's office 4 5 for motion picture and television development among taxpayers in order of priority based upon the date of filing an application for allocation 6 of film production credit with such office. If the total amount of allo-7 cated credits applied for under this paragraph in any year exceeds the 8 aggregate amount of tax credits allowed for such year under this para-9 graph, such excess shall be treated as having been applied for on the 10 first day of the next year. If the total amount of allocated tax credits 11 12 applied for under this paragraph at the conclusion of any year is less 13 than five million dollars, the remainder shall be treated as part of the 14 annual allocation made available to the program pursuant to paragraph 15 four of subdivision (e) of this section. However, in no event may the 16 total of the credits allocated under this paragraph and the credits 17 allocated under paragraph five of subdivision (a) of section thirty-one 18 of this article exceed five million dollars in any year during the peri-19 od two thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine.

S 3. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (e) of section 24 of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part F of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

23 (4) Additional pool 2 - The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed in 24 subdivision (a) of this section shall be increased by an additional four hundred twenty million dollars in each year starting in two thousand ten 25 through two thousand [twenty-six] <u>twenty-nine</u> provided however, 26 seven 27 million dollars of the annual allocation shall be available for the 28 empire state film post production credit pursuant to section thirty-one 29 of this article in two thousand thirteen and two thousand fourteen, twenty-five million dollars of the annual allocation shall be available 30 for the empire state film post production credit pursuant to section 31 thirty-one of this article in each year starting in two thousand fifteen 32 33 through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine and five million dollars 34 the annual allocation shall be made available for the television of 35 writers' and directors' fees and salaries credit pursuant to section 36 twenty-four-b of this article in each year starting in two thousand 37 twenty through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine. This amount shall 38 be allocated by the governor's office for motion picture and television 39 development among taxpayers in accordance with subdivision (a) of this 40 section. If the commissioner of economic development determines that the 41 aggregate amount of tax credits available from additional pool 2 for the 42 empire state film production tax credit have been previously allocated, 43 and determines that the pending applications from eligible applicants 44 for the empire state film post production tax credit pursuant to section 45 thirty-one of this article is insufficient to utilize the balance of 46 unallocated empire state film post production tax credits from such 47 the remainder, after such pending applications are considered, pool, shall be made available for allocation in the empire state film tax 48 49 credit pursuant to this section, subdivision twenty of section two hundred ten-B and subsection (gg) of section six hundred six of 50 this 51 chapter. Also, if the commissioner of economic development determines 52 that the aggregate amount of tax credits available from additional pool 53 2 for the empire state film post production tax credit have been previously allocated, and determines that the pending applications from 54 eligible applicants for the empire state film production tax credit 55 pursuant to this section is insufficient to utilize the balance of unal-56



1 located film production tax credits from such pool, then all or part of 2 the remainder, after such pending applications are considered, shall be 3 made available for allocation for the empire state film post production credit pursuant to this section, subdivision thirty-two of section two 4 hundred ten-B and subsection (qq) of section six hundred six of this 5 chapter. The governor's office for motion picture and television devel-6 opment must notify taxpayers of their allocation year and include the 7 8 allocation year on the certificate of tax credit. Taxpayers eligible to claim a credit must report the allocation year directly on their empire 9 state film production credit tax form for each year a credit is claimed 10 11 and include a copy of the certificate with their tax return. In the case 12 of a qualified film that receives funds from additional pool 2, no 13 empire state film production credit shall be claimed before the later of 14 the taxable year the production of the qualified film is complete, or 15 the taxable year immediately following the allocation year for which the 16 film has been allocated credit by the governor's office for motion 17 picture and television development.

18 § 4. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (e) of section 24 of the tax law, as 19 amended by section 3 of part F of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is 20 amended to read as follows:

21 (4) Additional pool 2 - The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed in 22 subdivision (a) of this section shall be increased by an additional four 23 hundred twenty million dollars in each year starting in two thousand ten 24 through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine provided however, seven 25 million dollars of the annual allocation shall be available for the empire state film post production credit pursuant to section thirty-one 26 27 of this article in two thousand thirteen and two thousand fourteen and 28 twenty-five million dollars of the annual allocation shall be available 29 for the empire state film post production credit pursuant to section 30 thirty-one of this article in each year starting in two thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine. This amount shall be 31 allocated by the governor's office for motion picture and television 32 33 development among taxpayers in accordance with subdivision (a) of this section. If the commissioner of economic development determines that the 34 aggregate amount of tax credits available from additional pool 2 for the 35 36 empire state film production tax credit have been previously allocated, 37 and determines that the pending applications from eligible applicants 38 for the empire state film post production tax credit pursuant to section 39 thirty-one of this article is insufficient to utilize the balance of 40 unallocated empire state film post production tax credits from such 41 pool, the remainder, after such pending applications are considered, 42 shall be made available for allocation in the empire state film tax 43 credit pursuant to this section, subdivision twenty of section two 44 hundred ten-B and subsection (gg) of section six hundred six of this 45 chapter. Also, if the commissioner of economic development determines 46 the aggregate amount of tax credits available from additional pool that 47 2 for the empire state film post production tax credit have been previously allocated, and determines that the pending applications from 48 eligible applicants for the empire state film production tax credit 49 50 pursuant to this section is insufficient to utilize the balance of unal-51 located film production tax credits from such pool, then all or part of 52 the remainder, after such pending applications are considered, shall be 53 made available for allocation for the empire state film post production 54 credit pursuant to this section, subdivision thirty-two of section two hundred ten-B and subsection (qq) of section six hundred six of this 55 chapter. The governor's office for motion picture and television devel-56



1 opment must notify taxpayers of their allocation year and include the 2 allocation year on the certificate of tax credit. Taxpayers eligible to claim a credit must report the allocation year directly on their empire 3 state film production credit tax form for each year a credit is claimed 4 5 and include a copy of the certificate with their tax return. In the case of a qualified film that receives funds from additional pool 2, no 6 7 empire state film production credit shall be claimed before the later of the taxable year the production of the qualified film is complete, or 8 the taxable year immediately following the allocation year for which the 9 film has been allocated credit by the governor's office for motion 10 11 picture and television development.

12 § 5. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (f) of section 24 of the tax law, as 13 added by section 2 of subpart A of part H of chapter 39 of the laws of 14 2019, is amended to read as follows:

15 (1) With regard to certificates of tax credit issued on or after Janu-16 ary first, two thousand twenty, the commissioner of economic development 17 shall reduce by one-quarter of one percent the amount of credit allowed 18 to a taxpayer and this reduced amount shall be reported on a certificate 19 of tax credit issued pursuant to this section and the regulations promulgated by the commissioner of economic development to implement 20 21 this credit program. Provided, however, for certificates of tax credit 22 issued on or after January first, two thousand twenty-three, the amount 23 of credit shall be reduced by one-half of one percent allowed to the 24 taxpayer.

25 § 6. Paragraph 6 of subdivision (a) of section 31 of the tax law, as 26 amended by section 4 of part F of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is 27 amended to read as follows:

28 (6) For the period two thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-29 six] twenty-nine, in addition to the amount of credit established in paragraph two of this subdivision, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit 30 equal to the product (or pro rata share of the product, in the case of a 31 member of a partnership) of ten percent and the amount of wages or sala-32 33 ries paid to individuals directly employed (excluding those employed as writers, directors, music directors, producers and performers, including 34 background actors with no scripted lines) for services performed by 35 36 those individuals in one of the counties specified in this paragraph in 37 connection with the post production work on a qualified film with a 38 minimum budget of five hundred thousand dollars at a qualified post 39 production facility in one of the counties listed in this paragraph. For 40 purposes of this additional credit, the services must be performed in 41 one or more of the following counties: Albany, Allegany, Broome, Catta-42 raugus, Cayuga, Chautauqua, Chemung, Chenango, Clinton, Columbia, Cort-43 land, Delaware, Dutchess, Erie, Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Genesee, 44 Greene, Hamilton, Herkimer, Jefferson, Lewis, Livingston, Madison, 45 Monroe, Montgomery, Niagara, Oneida, Onondaga, Ontario, Orange, Orleans, 46 Oswego, Otsego, Putnam, Rensselaer, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, 47 Schuyler, Seneca, St. Lawrence, Steuben, Sullivan, Tioga, Tompkins, Ulster, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Wyoming, or Yates. The aggregate 48 49 amount of tax credits allowed pursuant to the authority of this paragraph shall be five million dollars each year during the period two 50 thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine of the 51 52 annual allocation made available to the empire state film post production credit pursuant to paragraph four of subdivision (e) of 53 section twenty-four of this article. Such aggregate amount of credits 54 55 shall be allocated by the governor's office for motion picture and television development among taxpayers in order of priority based upon the 56



21

1 date of filing an application for allocation of post production credit 2 with such office. If the total amount of allocated credits applied for 3 under this paragraph in any year exceeds the aggregate amount of tax credits allowed for such year under this paragraph, such excess shall be 4 5 treated as having been applied for on the first day of the next year. If the total amount of allocated tax credits applied for under this para-6 7 graph at the conclusion of any year is less than five million dollars, 8 the remainder shall be treated as part of the annual allocation for two thousand seventeen made available to the empire state film post 9 production credit pursuant to paragraph four of subdivision (e) of 10 section twenty-four of this article. However, in no event may the total 11 12 of the credits allocated under this paragraph and the credits allocated 13 under paragraph five of subdivision (a) of section twenty-four of this 14 article exceed five million dollars in any year during the period two 15 thousand fifteen through two thousand [twenty-six] twenty-nine.

16 § 7. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however that 17 the amendments to paragraph 4 of subdivision (e) of section 24 of the 18 tax law made by section three of this act shall take effect on the same 19 date and in the same manner as section 5 of chapter 683 of the laws of 20 2019, as amended, takes effect.

PART N

22 Section 1. Subdivision (a) of section 25-a of the labor law, as 23 amended by section 1 of subpart A of part N of chapter 59 of the laws of 24 2017, is amended to read as follows:

25 (a) The commissioner is authorized to establish and administer the program established under this section to provide tax incentives to 26 27 employers for employing at risk youth in part-time and full-time posi-28 tions. There will be ten distinct pools of tax incentives. Program one 29 will cover tax incentives allocated for two thousand twelve and two thousand thirteen. Program two will cover tax incentives allocated in 30 two thousand fourteen. Program three will cover tax incentives allocated 31 in two thousand fifteen. Program four will cover tax incentives allo-32 cated in two thousand sixteen. Program five will cover tax incentives 33 34 allocated in two thousand seventeen. Program six will cover tax incen-35 tives allocated in two thousand eighteen. Program seven will cover tax 36 incentives allocated in two thousand nineteen. Program eight will cover tax incentives allocated in two thousand twenty. Program nine will cover 37 38 tax incentives allocated in two thousand twenty-one. Program ten will 39 cover tax incentives allocated in two thousand twenty-two. Program elev-40 en will cover tax incentives allocated in two thousand twenty-three. 41 Program twelve will cover tax incentives allocated in two thousand twen-42 ty-four. Program thirteen will cover tax incentives allocated in two 43 thousand twenty-five. Program fourteen will cover tax incentives allo-44 cated in two thousand twenty-six. Program fifteen will cover tax incen-45 tives allocated in two thousand twenty-seven. The commissioner is authorized to allocate up to twenty-five million dollars of tax credits 46 47 under program one, ten million dollars of tax credits under program two, 48 twenty million dollars of tax credits under program three, fifty million dollars of tax credits under each of programs four and five, and forty 49 50 million dollars of tax credits under programs six, seven, eight, nine [and], ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen and fifteen. 51

52 § 2. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (b) of section 25-a of the labor law, 53 as added by section 1-a of subpart A of part N of chapter 59 of the laws 54 of 2017, is amended to read as follows:



1 (4) For programs six, seven, eight, nine [and], ten, eleven, twelve, 2 thirteen, fourteen, and fifteen the tax credit under each program shall be allocated as follows: (i) twenty million dollars of tax credit for 3 qualified employees; and (ii) twenty million dollars of tax credit for 4 individuals who meet all of the requirements for a qualified employee 5 except for the residency requirement of subparagraph (ii) 6 of paragraph 7 two of this subdivision, which individuals shall be deemed to meet the 8 residency requirements of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph two of this 9 subdivision if they reside in New York state.

10 § 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision (d) of section 25-a of the 11 labor law, as amended by section 2 of part R of chapter 59 of the laws 12 of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

13 To participate in the program established under this section, an 14 employer must submit an application (in a form prescribed by the commis-15 sioner) to the commissioner after January first, two thousand twelve but 16 no later than November thirtieth, two thousand twelve for program one, 17 after January first, two thousand fourteen but no later than November 18 thirtieth, two thousand fourteen for program two, after January first, 19 two thousand fifteen but no later than November thirtieth, two thousand 20 fifteen for program three, after January first, two thousand sixteen but 21 no later than November thirtieth, two thousand sixteen for program four, 22 after January first, two thousand seventeen but no later than November 23 thirtieth, two thousand seventeen for program five, after January first, 24 two thousand eighteen but no later than November thirtieth, two thousand eighteen for program six, after January first, two thousand nineteen but 25 26 no later than November thirtieth, two thousand nineteen for program 27 seven, after January first, two thousand twenty but no later than Novem-28 ber thirtieth, two thousand twenty for program eight, after January 29 first, two thousand twenty-one but no later than November thirtieth, two thousand twenty-one for program nine, [and] after January first, two 30 thousand twenty-two but no later than November thirtieth, two thousand 31 twenty-two for program ten, after January first, two thousand twenty-32 33 three but no later than November thirtieth, two thousand twenty-three 34 for program eleven, after January first, two thousand twenty-four but no 35 later than November thirtieth, two thousand twenty-four for program 36 twelve, after January first, two thousand twenty-five but no later than 37 November thirtieth, two thousand twenty-five for program thirteen, after 38 January first, two thousand twenty-six but no later than November thir-39 tieth, two thousand twenty-six for program fourteen, and after January 40 first, two thousand twenty-seven but no later than November thirtieth, 41 two thousand twenty-seven for program fifteen. The qualified employees 42 must start their employment on or after January first, two thousand 43 twelve but no later than December thirty-first, two thousand twelve for 44 program one, on or after January first, two thousand fourteen but no 45 later than December thirty-first, two thousand fourteen for program two, 46 on or after January first, two thousand fifteen but no later than Decem-47 ber thirty-first, two thousand fifteen for program three, on or after January first, two thousand sixteen but no later than December thirty-48 49 first, two thousand sixteen for program four, on or after January first, two thousand seventeen but no later than December thirty-first, 50 two 51 thousand seventeen for program five, on or after January first, two 52 thousand eighteen but no later than December thirty-first, two thousand eighteen for program six, on or after January first, two thousand nine-53 teen but no later than December thirty-first, two thousand nineteen for 54 program seven, on or after January first, two thousand twenty but no 55 later than December thirty-first, two thousand twenty for program eight, 56



1 on or after January first, two thousand twenty-one but no later than 2 December thirty-first, two thousand twenty-one for program nine, [and] on or after January first, two thousand twenty-two but no later than 3 December thirty-first, two thousand twenty-two for program ten, on or 4 after January first, two thousand twenty-three but no later than Decem-5 6 ber thirty-first, two thousand three for program eleven, on or after 7 January first, two thousand twenty-four but no later than December thir-8 ty-first, two thousand twenty-four for program twelve, on or after Janu-9 ary first, two thousand twenty-five but no later than December thirty-10 first, two thousand twenty-five for program thirteen, on or after 11 January first, two thousand twenty-six but no later than December thir-12 ty-first, two thousand twenty-six for program fourteen, and on or after 13 January first, two thousand twenty-seven but no later than December 14 thirty-first, two thousand twenty-seven for program fifteen. As part of 15 such application, an employer must:

16 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

17

PART O

18 Section 1. Subdivision (a) of section 25-c of the labor law, as added 19 by section 1 of subpart B of part N of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, 20 is amended to read as follows:

21 (a) The commissioner is authorized to establish and administer the 22 empire state apprenticeship tax credit program to provide tax incentives 23 to certified employers for employing qualified apprentices pursuant to an apprenticeship agreement registered with the department pursuant to 24 25 paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section eight hundred eleven of this 26 chapter. The commissioner is authorized to allocate up to ten million 27 dollars of tax credits annually, beginning in two thousand eighteen and 28 ending before two thousand [twenty-three] twenty-eight. Any unused annuallocation of the credit shall be made available in each of the 29 al subsequent years before two thousand [twenty-three] twenty-eight. 30 31 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

32

PART P

33 Section 1. Subdivision 6 of section 187-b of the tax law, as amended 34 by section 1 of part 0 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to 35 read as follows:

6. Termination. The credit allowed by subdivision two of this section shall not apply in taxable years beginning after December thirty-first, two thousand [twenty-two] <u>twenty-seven</u>.

39 § 2. Paragraph (f) of subdivision 30 of section 210-B of the tax law, 40 as amended by section 2 of part 0 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is 41 amended to read as follows:

42 (f) Termination. The credit allowed by paragraph (b) of this subdivi-43 sion shall not apply in taxable years beginning after December thirty-44 first, two thousand [twenty-two] <u>twenty-seven</u>.

45 § 3. Paragraph 6 of subsection (p) of section 606 of the tax law, as 46 amended by section 3 of part 0 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is 47 amended to read as follows:

48 (6) Termination. The credit allowed by this subsection shall not apply
49 in taxable years beginning after December thirty-first, two thousand
50 [twenty-two] twenty-seven.

51 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.



35

Section 1. Section 5 of part MM of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014 2 amending the labor law and the tax law relating to the creation of the 3 workers with disabilities tax credit program, as amended by section 1 of 4 part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows: 5 § 5. This act shall take effect January 1, 2015, and shall apply to 6 7 taxable years beginning on and after that date[; provided, however, that this act shall expire and be deemed repealed January 1, 2023]. 8

§ 2. Section 25-b of the labor law is amended by adding a new subdivi-9 10 sion (f) to read as follows:

11 (f) The tax credits provided under this program shall be applicable to 12 taxable periods beginning before January first, two thousand twenty-13 nine. § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

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PART R

16 Section 1. Subdivision 1-A of section 208 of the tax law, as amended by section 4 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to 17 18 read as follows:

19 1-A. The term "New York S corporation" means, with respect to any 20 taxable year, a corporation subject to tax under this article [for which 21 an election is in effect pursuant to] and described in paragraph (i) or 22 (ii) of subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty of this chapter [for 23 such year], and any such year shall be denominated a "New York S year"[, 24 and such election shall be denominated a "New York S election"]. The 25 term "New York C corporation" means, with respect to any taxable year, a 26 corporation subject to tax under this article which is not a New York S 27 corporation, and any such year shall be denominated a "New York C year". The term "termination year" means any taxable year of a corporation 28 29 during which the corporation's status as a New York S [election] corporation terminates on a day other than the first day of such year. The 30 portion of the taxable year ending before the first day for which such 31 termination is effective shall be denominated the "S short year", and 32 the portion of such year beginning on such first day shall be denomi-33 34 nated the "C short year". The term "New York S termination year" means 35 any termination year which is [not] also an S termination year for 36 federal purposes.

37 § 2. Subdivision 1-B and subparagraph (ii) of the opening paragraph 38 and paragraph (k) of subdivision 9 of section 208 of the tax law are 39 REPEALED.

40 § 3. Subparagraph (A) and the opening paragraph of subparagraph (B) of 41 paragraph 5 of subdivision (a) of section 292 of the tax law, as added by section 48 of part A of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, are amended 42 43 to read as follows:

44 (A) In the case of a shareholder of an S corporation,

45 [where the election provided for in] subject to subsection (a) of (i) 46 section six hundred sixty of this chapter [is in effect with respect to 47 such corporation], there shall be added to federal unrelated business 48 taxable income an amount equal to the shareholder's pro rata share of 49 the corporation's reductions for taxes described in paragraphs two and three of subsection (f) of section thirteen hundred sixty-six of 50 the 51 internal revenue code, and

52 (ii) [where such election has not been made with respect to such 53 corporation, there shall be subtracted from federal unrelated business



1 taxable income any items of income of the corporation included therein, 2 and there shall be added to federal unrelated business taxable income any items of loss or deduction included therein, and 3 (iii)] in the case of a New York S termination year, the amount of any 4 such items of S corporation income, loss, deduction and reductions for 5 6 taxes shall be adjusted in the manner provided in paragraph two or three 7 of subsection (s) of section six hundred twelve of this chapter. 8 In the case of a shareholder of a corporation which was, for any of its taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-seven and 9 before two thousand twenty-three, a federal S corporation but a New York 10 11 C corporation: 12 § 4. Paragraph 18 of subsection (b) of section 612 of the tax law, as 13 amended by chapter 606 of the laws of 1984, subparagraph (A) as amended 14 by chapter 28 of the laws of 1987 and subparagraph (B) as amended by 15 chapter 190 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows: 16 (18) In the case of a shareholder of an S corporation as described in 17 subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty 18 (A) [where the election provided for in subsection (a) of section six 19 hundred sixty is in effect with respect to such corporation,] an amount 20 equal to [his] such shareholder's pro rata share of the corporation's 21 reductions for taxes described in paragraphs two and three of subsection 22 of section thirteen hundred sixty-six of the internal revenue code, (f) 23 and 24 (B) in the case of a New York S termination year, subparagraph (A) of 25 this paragraph shall apply to the amount of reductions for taxes determined under subsection (s) of this section. 26 27 § 5. Paragraph 19 of subsection (b) of section 612 of the tax law is 28 REPEALED. 29 § 6. Paragraphs 20 and 21 of subsection (b) of section 612 of the tax law, paragraph 20 as amended by chapter 606 of the laws of 1984 and 30 paragraph 21 as amended by section 70 of part A of chapter 59 of the 31 laws of 2014, are amended to read as follows: 32 33 (20) S corporation distributions to the extent not included in federal 34 gross income for the taxable year because of the application of section thirteen hundred sixty-eight, subsection (e) of section thirteen hundred 35 36 seventy-one or subsection (c) of section thirteen hundred seventy-nine 37 of the internal revenue code which represent income not previously 38 subject to tax under this article because the election provided for in 39 subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty in effect for taxable years 40 beginning before January first, two thousand twenty-three had not been 41 made. Any such distribution treated in the manner described in paragraph 42 two of subsection (b) of section thirteen hundred sixty-eight of the 43 internal revenue code for federal income tax purposes shall be treated 44 as ordinary income for purposes of this article. 45 (21) In relation to the disposition of stock or indebtedness of a 46 corporation which elected under subchapter s of chapter one of the 47 internal revenue code for any taxable year of such corporation begin-48 in the case of a corporation taxable under article nine-A of this ning, 49 chapter, after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty and before 50 January first, two thousand twenty-three, the amount required to be 51 added to federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subsection (n) of 52 this section. 53 § 7. Paragraph 21 of subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law, as amended by section 70 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is 54 amended to read as follows: 55



1 (21) In relation to the disposition of stock or indebtedness of a 2 corporation which elected under subchapter s of chapter one of the internal revenue code for any taxable year of such corporation begin-3 ning, in the case of a corporation taxable under article nine-A of this 4 5 chapter, after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty and before January first, two thousand twenty-three, the amounts required to be 6 subtracted from federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subsection (n) 7 8 of this section. § 8. Paragraph 22 of subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law 9 is 10 REPEALED. § 9. Subsection (e) of section 612 of the tax law, as amended by chap-11 12 ter 166 of the laws of 1991, paragraph 3 as added by chapter 760 of the 13 laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows: 14 (e) Modifications of partners and shareholders of S corporations. (1) 15 Partners and shareholders of S corporations [which are not New York C 16 corporations]. The amounts of modifications required to be made under 17 this section by a partner or by a shareholder of an S corporation 18 [(other than an S corporation which is a New York C corporation)], which 19 relate to partnership or S corporation items of income, gain, loss or deduction shall be determined under section six hundred seventeen and, 20 21 in the case of a partner of a partnership doing an insurance business as 22 a member of the New York insurance exchange described in section six 23 thousand two hundred one of the insurance law, under section six hundred 24 seventeen-a of this article. (2) [Shareholders of S corporations which are New York C corporations. 25 26 In the case of a shareholder of an S corporation which is a New York C 27 corporation, the modifications under this section which relate to the 28 corporation's items of income, loss and deduction shall not apply, except for the modifications provided under paragraph nineteen of 29 subsection (b) and paragraph twenty-two of subsection (c) of this 30 31 section. 32 (3)] New York S termination year. In the case of a New York S termi-33 nation year, the amounts of the modifications required under this section which relate to the S corporation's items of income, loss, 34 deduction and reductions for taxes (as described in paragraphs two and 35 36 three of subsection (f) of section thirteen hundred sixty-six of the 37 internal revenue code) shall be adjusted in the same manner that the S 38 corporation's items are adjusted under subsection (s) of section six 39 hundred twelve. 40 § 10. Subsection (n) of section 612 of the tax law, as amended by 41 section 61 of part A of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, is amended to 42 read as follows: 43 (n) Where gain or loss is recognized for federal income tax purposes 44 upon the disposition of stock or indebtedness of a corporation electing 45 under subchapter s of chapter one of the internal revenue code 46 There shall be added to federal adjusted gross income the amount (1)47 of increase in basis with respect to such stock or indebtedness pursuant to subsection (a) of section thirteen hundred seventy-six of the inter-48 49 nal revenue code as such section was in effect for taxable years beginning before January first, nineteen hundred eighty-three and subpara-50 (A) and (B) of paragraph one of subsection (a) of section 51 graphs 52 thirteen hundred sixty-seven of such code, for each taxable year of the 53 corporation beginning, in the case of a corporation taxable under article nine-A of this chapter, after December thirty-first, nineteen 54 55 hundred eighty and before January first, two thousand twenty-three, and in the case of a corporation taxable under former article thirty-two of 56



1 this chapter, after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six 2 and before January first, two thousand fifteen, for which the election provided for in subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty of this 3 article was not in effect, and 4 (2) There shall be subtracted from federal adjusted gross income 5 the amount of reduction in basis with respect to such stock or 6 (A) indebtedness pursuant to subsection (b) of section thirteen hundred 7 8 seventy-six of the internal revenue code as such section was in effect for taxable years beginning before January first, nineteen hundred 9 eighty-three and subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph two of 10 11 subsection (a) of section thirteen hundred sixty-seven of such code, for 12 each taxable year of the corporation beginning, in the case of a corpo-13 ration taxable under article nine-A of this chapter, after December 14 thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty and before January first, two 15 thousand twenty-three, and in the case of a corporation taxable under 16 former article thirty-two of this chapter, after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-six and before January first, two thousand <u>fifteen</u>, for which the election provided for in subsection (a) of 17 18 19 section six hundred sixty of this article was not in effect and 20 the amount of any modifications to federal gross income with (B) 21 respect to such stock pursuant to paragraph twenty of subsection (b) of 22 this section. § 11. Paragraph 6 of subsection (c) of section 615 of the tax law is 23 24 REPEALED. § 12. Subsection (e) of section 615 of the tax law, 25 as amended by 26 chapter 760 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows: 27 (e) Modifications of partners and shareholders of S corporations. (1) 28 Partners and shareholders of S corporations [which are not New York C 29 corporations]. The amounts of modifications under subsection (c) or under paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection (d) required to be made by a 30 partner or by a shareholder of an S corporation [(other than an S corpo-31 ration which is a New York C corporation)], with respect to items of 32 33 deduction of a partnership or S corporation shall be determined under 34 section six hundred seventeen. 35 (2) [Shareholders of S corporations which are New York C corporations. 36 In the case of a shareholder of an S corporation which is a New York C 37 corporation, the modifications under this section which relate to the 38 corporation's items of deduction shall not apply, except for the modifi-39 cation provided under paragraph six of subsection (c). 40 (3)] New York S termination year. In the case of a New York S termi-41 nation year, the amounts of the modifications required under this 42 section which relate to the S corporation's items of deduction shall be 43 adjusted in the same manner that the S corporation's items are adjusted 44 under subsection (s) of section six hundred twelve. 45 Subsection (a) of section 617 of the tax law, as amended by § 13. chapter 190 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows: 46 47 (a) Partner's and shareholder's modifications. In determining New York 48 adjusted gross income and New York taxable income of a resident partner 49 or a resident shareholder of an S corporation [(other than an S corporation which is a New York C corporation)], any modification described 50 in subsections (b), (c) or (d) of section six hundred twelve, subsection 51 52 (C) of section six hundred fifteen or paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (d) of such section, which relates to an item of partnership 53 or S corporation income, gain, loss or deduction shall be made in 54 55 accordance with the partner's distributive share or the shareholder's pro rata share, for federal income tax purposes, of the item to which 56



1 the modification relates. Where a partner's distributive share or a 2 shareholder's pro rata share of any such item is not required to be 3 taken into account separately for federal income tax purposes, the partner's or shareholder's share of such item shall be determined in accord-4 5 ance with his or her share, for federal income tax purposes, of partner-6 ship or S corporation taxable income or loss generally. In the case of a 7 New York S termination year, his or her pro rata share of any such item 8 shall be determined under subsection (s) of section six hundred twelve.

9 § 14. Subparagraph (E-1) of paragraph 1 of subsection (b) of section 10 631 of the tax law, as added by section 3 of part C of chapter 57 of the 11 laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

12 (E-1) in the case of an S corporation [for which an election is in 13 effect pursuant] subject to subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty 14 of this article that terminates its taxable status in New York, any 15 income or gain recognized on the receipt of payments from an installment 16 sale contract entered into when the S corporation was subject to tax in 17 New York, allocated in a manner consistent with the applicable methods 18 and rules for [allocation] apportionment under article nine-A or former 19 article thirty-two of this chapter, in the year that the S corporation 20 sold its assets.

\$ 15. The section heading and paragraph 2 of subsection (a) of section 632 of the tax law, the section heading as amended by chapter 606 of the laws of 1984, and paragraph 2 of subsection (a) as amended by section 71 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, are amended to read as follows:

26 Nonresident partners and [electing] shareholders of S corporations.

27 (2) In determining New York source income of a nonresident shareholder 28 of an S corporation [where the election provided for in] subject to 29 subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty of this article [is in effect], there shall be included only the portion derived from or 30 connected with New York sources of such shareholder's pro rata share of 31 items of S corporation income, loss and deduction entering into [his] 32 <u>such shareholder's</u> federal adjusted gross 33 income, increased by reductions for taxes described in paragraphs two and three of subsection 34 (f) of section thirteen hundred sixty-six of the internal revenue code, 35 36 as such portion shall be determined under regulations of the commission-37 er consistent with the applicable methods and rules for [allocation] 38 apportionment under article nine-A of this chapter[, regardless of 39 whether or not such item or reduction is included in entire net income 40 under article nine-A for the tax year]. If a nonresident is a sharehold-41 er in an S corporation [where the election provided for in] subject to 42 subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty of this article [is in 43 effect], and the S corporation has distributed an installment obligation 44 under section 453(h)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, then any gain 45 recognized on the receipt of payments from the installment obligation 46 for federal income tax purposes will be treated as New York source 47 income allocated in a manner consistent with the applicable methods and 48 rules for [allocation] apportionment under article nine-A of this chap-49 ter in the year that the assets were sold. In addition, if the shareholders of the S corporation have made an election under section 50 51 338(h)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code, then any gain recognized on the 52 deemed asset sale for federal income tax purposes will be treated as New York source income allocated in a manner consistent with the applicable 53 54 methods and rules for [allocation] apportionment under article nine-A of 55 this chapter in the year that the shareholder made the section 338(h)(10) election. For purposes of a section 338(h)(10) election, when 56



1 a nonresident shareholder exchanges his or her S corporation stock as 2 part of the deemed liquidation, any gain or loss recognized shall be 3 treated as the disposition of an intangible asset and will not increase 4 or offset any gain recognized on the deemed assets sale as a result of 5 the section 338(h)(10) election.

6 § 16. Subsection (a) of section 632-a of the tax law, as added by 7 section 1 of part K of chapter 60 of the laws of 2007, is amended to 8 read as follows:

(a) General. If (1) substantially all of the services of a personal 9 service corporation or S corporation are performed for or on behalf of 10 11 another corporation, partnership, or other entity and (2) the effect of 12 forming or availing of such personal service corporation or S corpo-13 ration is the avoidance or evasion of New York income tax by reducing 14 the income of, or in the case of a nonresident, reducing the New York 15 source income of, or securing the benefit of any expense, deduction, 16 credit, exclusion, or other allowance for, any employee-owner which 17 would not otherwise be available, then the commissioner may allocate all income, deductions, credits, exclusions, and other allowances between 18 19 such personal service corporation or S corporation (even if such personal service corporation or S corporation [is taxed under article 20 21 nine-A of this chapter or] is not subject to tax in this state) and its 22 employee-owners, provided such allocation is necessary to prevent avoidance or evasion of New York state income tax or to clearly reflect the 23 24 source and the amount of the income of the personal service corporation 25 or S corporation or any of its employee-owners.

26 § 17. Paragraph 2 and subparagraph (A) of paragraph 4 of subsection 27 (c) of section 658 of the tax law, paragraph 2 as amended by chapter 190 28 of the laws of 1990, and subparagraph (A) of paragraph 4 as amended by 29 section 72 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, are amended to 30 read as follows:

31 (2) S corporations. Every S corporation [for which the election provided for in] subject to subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty 32 33 [is in effect] shall make a return for the taxable year setting forth all items of income, loss and deduction and such other pertinent infor-34 mation as the commissioner of taxation and finance may by regulations 35 36 and instructions prescribe. Such return shall be filed on or before the 37 fifteenth day of the third month following the close of each taxable 38 year.

39 (A) General. Every entity which is a partnership, other than a public-40 ly traded partnership as defined in section 7704 of the federal Internal 41 Revenue Code, subchapter K limited liability company or an S corporation 42 [for which the election provided for in subsection (a) of section six 43 hundred sixty of this part is in effect], which has partners, members or 44 shareholders who are nonresident individuals, as defined under 45 subsection (b) of section six hundred five of this article, or C corpo-46 rations, and which has any income derived from New York sources, deter-47 mined in accordance with the applicable rules of section six hundred thirty-one of this article as in the case of a nonresident individual, 48 shall pay estimated tax on such income on behalf of such partners, 49 members or shareholders in the manner and at the times prescribed by 50 subsection (c) of section six hundred eighty-five of this article. For 51 52 purposes of this paragraph, the term "estimated tax" shall mean a partner's, member's or shareholder's distributive share or pro rata share of 53 54 the entity income derived from New York sources, multiplied by the high-55 est rate of tax prescribed by section six hundred one of this article for the taxable year of any partner, member or shareholder who is an 56



1 individual taxpayer, or paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section two 2 hundred ten of this chapter for the taxable year of any partner, member or shareholder which is a C corporation, whether or not such C corpo-3 ration is subject to tax under article nine, nine-A or thirty-three of 4 5 this chapter, and reduced by the distributive share or pro rata share of any credits determined under section one hundred eighty-seven, one 6 hundred eighty-seven-a, six hundred six or fifteen hundred eleven of 7 8 this chapter, whichever is applicable, derived from the entity.

§ 18. Section 660 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 606 9 of the laws of 1984, subsections (a) and (h) as amended by section 73 of part A 10 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, paragraph 3 of subsection (b) as 11 12 amended by section 51, paragraphs 4 and 5 of subsection (b) as added and 13 paragraph 6 of subsection (b) as renumbered by section 52 and 14 subsections (e) and (f) as added and subsection (g) as relettered by 15 section 53 of part A of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, subsection (đ) 16 added by chapter 760 of the laws of 1992, subsection (i) as added by as 17 section 1 of part L of chapter 60 of the laws of 2007 and paragraph 1 of 18 subsection (i) as amended by section 39 of part T of chapter 59 of the 19 laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

20 [Election by shareholders of S corporations] Tax treatment of 660. S 21 federal S corporations. (a) [Election.] If a corporation is an eligible 22 S corporation, the shareholders of the corporation [may elect in the manner set forth in subsection (b) of this section to] shall take into 23 24 account, to the extent provided for in this article (or in article thir-25 teen of this chapter, in the case of a shareholder which is a taxpayer under such article), the S corporation items of income, loss, deduction 26 27 and reductions for taxes described in paragraphs two and three of 28 subsection (f) of section thirteen hundred sixty-six of the internal 29 revenue code which are taken into account for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year. [No election under this subsection shall 30 be effective unless all shareholders of the corporation have so 31 32 elected.] An eligible S corporation is (i) [an S] a corporation that has 33 elected to be an S corporation for federal income tax purposes pursuant to section thirteen hundred sixty-two of the internal revenue code which 34 35 is subject to tax under article nine-A of this chapter, or (ii) [an S] \underline{a} corporation that has elected to be an S corporation for federal income 36 37 tax purposes pursuant to section thirteen hundred sixty-two of the 38 internal revenue code which is the parent of a qualified subchapter S 39 subsidiary as defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph three of 40 subsection (b) of section thirteen hundred sixty-one of the internal 41 revenue code subject to tax under article nine-A[, where the sharehold-42 ers of such parent corporation are entitled to make the election under 43 this subsection by reason of subparagraph three of paragraph (k) of 44 subdivision nine of section two hundred eight] of this chapter.

45 (b) [Requirements of election. An election under subsection (a) of 46 this section shall be made on such form and in such manner as the tax 47 commission may prescribe by regulation or instruction.

(1) When made. An election under subsection (a) of this section may be made at any time during the preceding taxable year of the corporation or at any time during the taxable year of the corporation and on or before the fifteenth day of the third month of such taxable year.

52 (2) Certain elections made during first two and one-half months. If an 53 election made under subsection (a) of this section is made for any taxa-54 ble year of the corporation during such year and on or before the 55 fifteenth day of the third month of such year, such election shall be 56 treated as made for the following taxable year if



1 (A) on one or more days in such taxable year before the day on which 2 the election was made the corporation did not meet the requirements of 3 subsection (b) of section thirteen hundred sixty-one of the internal revenue code or 4 5 (B) one or more of the shareholders who held stock in the corporation 6 during such taxable year and before the election was made did not 7 consent to the election. (3) Elections made after first two and one-half months. If an election 8 under subsection (a) of this section is made for any taxable year of the 9 corporation and such election is made after the fifteenth day of the 10 11 third month of such taxable year and on or before the fifteenth day of 12 the third month of the following taxable year, such election shall be 13 treated as made for the following taxable year. 14 (4) Taxable years of two and one-half months or less. For purposes of 15 this subsection, an election for a taxable year made not later than two 16 months and fifteen days after the first day of the taxable year shall be 17 treated as timely made during such year. 18 (5) Authority to treat late elections, etc., as timely. If (A) an 19 election under subsection (a) of this section is made for any taxable year (determined without regard to paragraph three of this subsection) 20 21 after the date prescribed by this subsection for making such election 22 for such taxable year, or if no such election is made for any taxable 23 year, and 24 (B) the commissioner determines that there was reasonable cause for 25 failure to timely make such election, then 26 (C) the commissioner may treat such an election as timely made for 27 such taxable year (and paragraph three of this subsection shall not 28 apply). 29 (6) Years for which effective. An election under subsection (a) of this section shall be effective for the taxable year of the corporation 30 for which it is made and for all succeeding taxable years of the corpo-31 32 ration until such election is terminated under subsection (c) of this 33 section. (c)] Termination. An [election under] eligible S corporation shall 34 cease to be subject to subsection (a) of this section [shall cease to be 35 36 effective 37 (1)] on the day an election to be an S corporation ceases to be effec-38 tive for federal income tax purposes pursuant to subsection (d) of section thirteen hundred sixty-two of the internal revenue code[, or 39 40 (2) if shareholders holding more than one-half of the shares of stock 41 of the corporation on the day on which the revocation is made revoke 42 such election in the manner the tax commission may prescribe by regu-43 lation, 44 (A) on the first day of the taxable year of the corporation, if the 45 revocation is made during such taxable year and on or before the 46 fifteenth day of the third month thereof, or 47 (B) on the first day of the following taxable year of the corporation, if the revocation is made during the taxable year but after the 48 fifteenth day of the third month thereof, or 49 50 (C) on and after the date so specified, if the revocation specifies a date for revocation which is on or after the day on which the revocation 51 52 is made, or if any person who was not a shareholder of the corporation on the 53 (3) 54 day on which the election is made becomes a shareholder in the corporation and affirmatively refuses to consent to such election in the 55



1 manner the tax commission may prescribe by regulation, on the day such 2 person becomes a shareholder]. 3 [(d)] (c) New York S termination year. In the case of a New York S termination year, the amount of any item of S corporation income, loss 4 and deduction and reductions for taxes (as described in paragraphs two 5 and three of subsection (f) of section thirteen hundred sixty-six of the 6 internal revenue code) required to be taken account of under this arti-7 8 cle shall be adjusted in the same manner that the S corporation's items which are included in the shareholder's federal adjusted gross income 9 are adjusted under subsection (s) of section six hundred twelve. 10 11 [(e) Inadvertent invalid elections. If (1) an election under 12 subsection (a) of this section was not effective for the taxable year 13 for which made (determined without regard to paragraph two of subsection 14 (b) of this section) by reason of a failure to obtain shareholder 15 consents, 16 (2) the commissioner determines that the circumstances resulting in 17 such ineffectiveness were inadvertent, 18 (3) no later than a reasonable period of time after discovery of the 19 circumstances resulting in such ineffectiveness, steps were taken to 20 acquire the required shareholder consents, and 21 the corporation, and each person who was a shareholder in the (4) 22 corporation at any time during the period specified pursuant to this subsection, agrees to make such adjustments (consistent with the treat-23 24 ment of the corporation as a New York S corporation) as may be required 25 by the commissioner with respect to such period, (5) then, notwithstanding the circumstances resulting in such ineffec-26 27 tiveness, such corporation shall be treated as a New York S corporation 28 during the period specified by the commissioner. 29 (f)] (d) Qualified subchapter S subsidiaries. If an S corporation has elected to treat its wholly owned subsidiary as a qualified subchapter S 30 31 subsidiary for federal income tax purposes under paragraph three of subsection (b) of section thirteen hundred sixty-one of the internal 32 33 revenue code, such election shall be applicable for New York state tax 34 purposes and 35 (1) the assets, liabilities, income, deductions, property, payroll, 36 receipts, capital, credits, and all other tax attributes and elements of 37 economic activity of the subsidiary shall be deemed to be those of the 38 parent corporation, 39 (2) transactions between the parent corporation and the subsidiary, 40 including the payment of interest and dividends, shall not be taken into 41 account, and 42 (3) general executive officers of the subsidiary shall be deemed to be 43 general executive officers of the parent corporation. 44 (e) Validated federal elections. If [(1) an election under subsection 45 (a) of this section was made for a taxable year or years of a corpo-46 ration, which years occur with or within the period for which] the federal S election of [such] an eligible S corporation has been vali-47 dated pursuant to the provisions of subsection (f) of section thirteen 48 49 hundred sixty-two of the internal revenue code, [and 50 (2) the corporation, and each person who was a shareholder in the 51 corporation at any time during such taxable year or years agrees to make 52 such adjustments (consistent with the treatment of the corporation as a New York S corporation) as may be required by the commissioner with 53 54 respect to such year or years,



1 (3) then] such corporation shall be treated as [a New York] <u>an eligi-</u> 2 <u>ble</u> S corporation <u>subject to subsection</u> (a) of this section during 3 [such] <u>the</u> year or years <u>for which such election has been validated</u>.

4 [(g) Transitional rule. Any election made under this section (as in 5 effect for taxable years beginning before January first, nineteen 6 hundred eighty-three) shall be treated as an election made under 7 subsection (a) of this section.

8 (h) Cross reference. For definitions relating to S corporations, see9 subdivision one-A of section two hundred eight of this chapter.

(i) Mandated New York S corporation election. (1) Notwithstanding the 10 provisions in subsection (a) of this section, in the case of an eligible 11 12 S corporation for which the election under subsection (a) of this 13 section is not in effect for the current taxable year, the shareholders 14 of an eligible S corporation are deemed to have made that election 15 effective for the eligible S corporation's entire current taxable year, 16 if the eligible S corporation's investment income for the current taxa-17 ble year is more than fifty percent of its federal gross income for such 18 year. In determining whether an eligible S corporation is deemed to have 19 made that election, the income of a qualified subchapter S subsidiary 20 owned directly or indirectly by the eligible S corporation shall be 21 included with the income of the eligible S corporation.

22 (2) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "eligible S corpo-23 ration" has the same definition as in subsection (a) of this section.

(3) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "investment income" means the sum of an eligible S corporation's gross income from interest, dividends, royalties, annuities, rents and gains derived from dealings in property, including the corporation's share of such items from a partnership, estate or trust, to the extent such items would be includable in federal gross income for the taxable year.

30 (4) Estimated tax payments. When making estimated tax payments 31 required to be made under this chapter in the current tax year, the 32 eligible S corporation and its shareholders may rely on the eligible S 33 corporation's filing status for the prior year. If the eligible S corporation's filing status changes from the prior tax year the corporation 34 or the shareholders, as the case may be, which made the payments shall 35 be entitled to a refund of such estimated tax payments. No additions to 36 37 tax with respect to any required declarations or payments of estimated 38 tax imposed under this chapter shall be imposed on the corporation or 39 shareholders, whichever is the taxpayer for the current taxable year, if 40 the corporation or the shareholders file such declarations and make such 41 estimated tax payments by January fifteenth of the following calendar 42 year, regardless of whether the taxpayer's tax year is a calendar or a 43 fiscal year.]

44 § 19. Transition rules. Any prior net operating loss conversion 45 subtraction and net operating loss carryforward that otherwise would 46 have been allowed under subparagraphs (viii) and (ix), respectively, of 47 paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 210 of the tax law for the taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2023 to any taxpayer that 48 49 was a New York C corporation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2022 and before January 1, 2023, and that becomes a New York 50 S corporation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2023 51 52 as a result of the amendments made by this act, shall be held in abeyance and be available to such taxpayer if its election to be a federal S 53 corporation is terminated. Further, any credit carryforwards allowed to 54 such a taxpayer under section 210-B of the tax law shall be held in 55 abeyance and be available to such taxpayer if its election to be a 56



1 federal S corporation is terminated. However, the taxpayer's years as a 2 New York S corporation shall be counted for purposes of computing any 3 time period applicable to the allowance of the prior net operating loss 4 conversion subtraction or carryforward, the net operating loss 5 deduction, or any credit carryforward.

6 § 20. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxa-7 ble years beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

8

PART S

9 Section 1. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of 10 section 210-B of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part P of chap-11 ter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

12 (i) A credit shall be allowed under this subdivision with respect to 13 tangible personal property and other tangible property, including build-14 ings and structural components of buildings, which are: depreciable 15 pursuant to section one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue 16 code, have a useful life of four years or more, are acquired by purchase 17 defined in section one hundred seventy-nine (d) of the internal as revenue code, have a situs in this state and are (A) principally used by 18 19 the taxpayer in the production of goods by manufacturing, processing, 20 assembling, refining, mining, extracting, farming, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture, viticulture or commercial fishing, (B) industrial 21 22 waste treatment facilities or air pollution control facilities, used in 23 the taxpayer's trade or business, (C) research and development property, 24 (D) principally used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or 25 or business as a broker or dealer in connection with the purchase or 26 sale (which shall include but not be limited to the issuance, entering 27 into, assumption, offset, assignment, termination, or transfer) of stocks, bonds or other securities as defined in section four hundred 28 seventy-five (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, or of commodities as 29 defined in section four hundred seventy-five (e) of the Internal Revenue 30 31 Code, (E) principally used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business of providing investment advisory services for a regu-32 lated investment company as defined in section eight hundred fifty-one 33 34 of the Internal Revenue Code, or lending, loan arrangement or loan orig-35 ination services to customers in connection with the purchase or sale 36 (which shall include but not be limited to the issuance, entering into, 37 assumption, offset, assignment, termination, or transfer) of securities 38 as defined in section four hundred seventy-five (c) (2) of the Internal 39 Revenue Code, (F) principally used in the ordinary course of the taxpay-40 er's business as an exchange registered as a national securities 41 exchange within the meaning of sections 3(a)(1) and 6(a) of the Securi-42 ties Exchange Act of 1934 or a board of trade as defined in subparagraph 43 one of paragraph (a) of section fourteen hundred ten of the not-for-pro-44 fit corporation law or as an entity that is wholly owned by one or more 45 such national securities exchanges or boards of trade and that provides automation or technical services thereto, or (G) principally used as a 46 47 qualified film production facility including qualified film production 48 facilities having a situs in an empire zone designated as such pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law, where the taxpayer 49 50 is providing three or more services to any qualified film production company using the facility, including such services as a studio lighting 51 52 grid, lighting and grip equipment, multi-line phone service, broadband information technology access, industrial scale electrical capacity, 53 food services, security services, and heating, ventilation and air 54



1 conditioning. For purposes of clauses (D), (E) and (F) of this subpara-2 graph, property purchased by a taxpayer affiliated with a regulated broker, dealer, registered investment advisor, national securities 3 exchange or board of trade, is allowed a credit under this subdivision 4 if the property is used by its affiliated regulated broker, dealer, 5 registered investment advisor, national securities exchange or board of 6 7 trade in accordance with this subdivision. For purposes of determining 8 if the property is principally used in qualifying uses, the uses by the taxpayer described in clauses (D) and (E) of this subparagraph may be 9 aggregated. In addition, the uses by the taxpayer, its affiliated regu-10 11 lated broker, dealer and registered investment advisor under either or 12 both of those clauses may be aggregated. Provided, however, a taxpayer 13 shall not be allowed the credit provided by clauses (D), (E) and (F) of 14 this subparagraph unless the property is first placed in service before 15 October first, two thousand fifteen and (i) eighty percent or more of 16 the employees performing the administrative and support functions 17 resulting from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment are 18 located in this state or (ii) the average number of employees that 19 perform the administrative and support functions resulting from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment and are located in this 20 21 state during the taxable year for which the credit is claimed is equal 22 to or greater than ninety-five percent of the average number of employ-23 that perform these functions and are located in this state during ees 24 the thirty-six months immediately preceding the year for which the cred-25 it is claimed, or (iii) the number of employees located in this state during the taxable year for which the credit is claimed is equal to or 26 27 greater than ninety percent of the number of employees located in this 28 state on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight or, if the 29 taxpayer was not a calendar year taxpayer in nineteen hundred ninetyeight, the last day of its first taxable year ending after December 30 thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight. If the taxpayer becomes 31 subject to tax in this state after the taxable year beginning in nine-32 33 teen hundred ninety-eight, then the taxpayer is not required to satisfy 34 the employment test provided in the preceding sentence of this subpara-35 graph for its first taxable year. For purposes of clause (iii) of this 36 subparagraph the employment test will be based on the number of employ-37 ees located in this state on the last day of the first taxable year the 38 taxpayer is subject to tax in this state. If the uses of the property 39 must be aggregated to determine whether the property is principally used 40 in qualifying uses, then either each affiliate using the property must 41 satisfy this employment test or this employment test must be satisfied 42 through the aggregation of the employees of the taxpayer, its affiliated 43 regulated broker, dealer, and registered investment adviser using the 44 property. For purposes of clause (A) of this subparagraph, tangible 45 personal property and other tangible property shall not include property 46 principally used by the taxpayer (I) in the production or distribution 47 of electricity, natural gas after extraction from wells, steam, or water 48 delivered through pipes and mains, or (II) in the creation, production or reproduction, in any medium, of any audio or visual recording, 49 50 including but not limited to films, television shows, commercials, and 51 musical recordings, or in the duplication, for purposes of broadcast in 52 any medium, of a master of any audio or visual recording, including but 53 not limited to films, television shows, commercials, and musical 54 recordings.



1 § 2. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 2 of subsection (a) of section 606 2 of the tax law, as amended by section 3 of part P of chapter 59 of the 3 laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

(A) A credit shall be allowed under this subsection with respect to 4 5 tangible personal property and other tangible property, including buildings and structural components of buildings, which are: depreciable 6 pursuant to section one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue 7 code, have a useful life of four years or more, are acquired by purchase 8 as defined in section one hundred seventy-nine (d) of the internal 9 revenue code, have a situs in this state and are (i) principally used by 10 11 the taxpayer in the production of goods by manufacturing, processing, 12 assembling, refining, mining, extracting, farming, agriculture, horti-13 culture, floriculture, viticulture or commercial fishing, (ii) indus-14 trial waste treatment facilities or air pollution control facilities, 15 used in the taxpayer's trade or business, (iii) research and development 16 property, (iv) principally used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's 17 trade or business as a broker or dealer in connection with the purchase 18 or sale (which shall include but not be limited to the issuance, enter-19 ing into, assumption, offset, assignment, termination, or transfer) of 20 stocks, bonds or other securities as defined in section four hundred 21 seventy-five (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, or of commodities as 22 defined in section 475(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, (v) principally 23 used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business of 24 providing investment advisory services for a regulated investment compa-25 ny as defined in section eight hundred fifty-one of the Internal Revenue Code, or lending, loan arrangement or loan origination services to 26 27 customers in connection with the purchase or sale (which shall include 28 but not be limited to the issuance, entering into, assumption, offset, 29 assignment, termination, or transfer) of securities as defined in section four hundred seventy-five (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 30 or (vi) principally used as a qualified film production facility includ-31 ing qualified film production facilities having a situs in an empire 32 33 zone designated as such pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general 34 municipal law, where the taxpayer is providing three or more services to 35 any qualified film production company using the facility, including such 36 services as a studio lighting grid, lighting and grip equipment, multi-37 line phone service, broadband information technology access, industrial 38 scale electrical capacity, food services, security services, and heat-39 ing, ventilation and air conditioning. For purposes of clauses (iv) and 40 (v) of this subparagraph, property purchased by a taxpayer affiliated 41 with a regulated broker, dealer, or registered investment adviser is 42 allowed a credit under this subsection if the property is used by its 43 affiliated regulated broker, dealer or registered investment adviser in 44 accordance with this subsection. For purposes of determining if the 45 property is principally used in qualifying uses, the uses by the taxpay-46 er described in clauses (iv) and (v) of this subparagraph may be aggre-47 In addition, the uses by the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated gated. broker, dealer and registered investment adviser under either or both of 48 49 those clauses may be aggregated. Provided, however, a taxpayer shall not be allowed the credit provided by clauses (iv) and (v) of this subpara-50 51 graph unless (I) eighty percent or more of the employees performing the 52 administrative and support functions resulting from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment are located in this state, or (II) the 53 54 average number of employees that perform the administrative and support 55 functions resulting from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment and are located in this state during the taxable year for 56

which the credit is claimed is equal to or greater than ninety-five 1 percent of the average number of employees that perform these functions 2 3 and are located in this state during the thirty-six months immediately preceding the year for which the credit is claimed, or (III) the number 4 5 of employees located in this state during the taxable year for which the 6 credit is claimed is equal to or greater than ninety percent of the 7 number of employees located in this state on December thirty-first, 8 nineteen hundred ninety-eight or, if the taxpayer was not a calendar year taxpayer in nineteen hundred ninety-eight, the last day of its 9 first taxable year ending after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred 10 11 ninety-eight. If the taxpayer becomes subject to tax in this state after the taxable year beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-eight, then the 12 13 taxpayer is not required to satisfy the employment test provided in the 14 preceding sentence of this subparagraph for its first taxable year. For 15 the purposes of clause (III) of this subparagraph the employment test 16 will be based on the number of employees located in this state on the 17 last day of the first taxable year the taxpayer is subject to tax in 18 this state. If the uses of the property must be aggregated to determine 19 whether the property is principally used in qualifying uses, then either 20 each affiliate using the property must satisfy this employment test or 21 this employment test must be satisfied through the aggregation of the 22 employees of the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated broker, dealer, and 23 registered investment adviser using the property. For purposes of clause 24 (i) of this subparagraph, tangible personal property and other tangible 25 property shall not include property principally used by the taxpayer (a) in the production or distribution of electricity, natural gas after 26 27 extraction from wells, steam, or water delivered through pipes and 28 mains, or (b) in the creation, production or reproduction, in any medium, of any audio or visual recording, including but not limited to 29 films, television shows, commercials, and musical recordings, or in the 30 duplication, for purposes of broadcast in any medium, of a master of any 31 audio or visual recording, including but not limited to films, tele-32 33 vision shows, commercials, and musical recordings.

34 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately, and shall apply to prop-35 erty placed in service on or after January 1, 2023.

36

PART T

37 Section 1. Section 301-b of the tax law is amended by adding a new 38 subdivision (j) to read as follows:

(j) Exemption for tugboats and towboats. The use by a tugboat or
 towboat of motor fuel, diesel motor fuel, or residual petroleum product.
 Provided, that the commissioner shall require such documentary proof to
 qualify for any exemption provided hereunder as the commissioner deems
 appropriate.

44 § 2. The opening paragraph of section 301-c of the tax law, as amended 45 by section 5 of part W-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006, is amended 46 to read as follows:

A subsequent purchaser shall be eligible for reimbursement of tax with respect to the following gallonage, subsequently sold by such purchaser in accordance with subdivision (a), (b), (e), (h), (j), (k), (n) or (o) of this section or used by such purchaser in accordance with subdivision (c), (d), (f), (g), (i), (l) $[or]_{,}$ (m) <u>or (g)</u> of this section, which gallonage has been included in the measure of the tax imposed by this article on a petroleum business:



1 § 3. The opening paragraph of section 301-c of the tax law, as amended 2 by chapter 468 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows: 3 A subsequent purchaser shall be eligible for reimbursement of tax with respect to the following gallonage, subsequently sold by such purchaser 4 5 in accordance with subdivision (a), (b), (e), (h), (j) or (k) of this section or used by such purchaser in accordance with subdivision (c), 6 (d), (f), (g), (i), (l) [or], (m) <u>or (q)</u> of this section, which gallo-7 8 nage has been included in the measure of the tax imposed by this article 9 on a petroleum business: 10 § 4. Section 301-c of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-11 sion (q) to read as follows: 12 (q) Reimbursement for tugboats and towboats. A use by a tugboat or 13 towboat of motor fuel, diesel motor fuel, or residual petroleum product. 14 This reimbursement may be claimed only where (1) any tax imposed pursu-15 ant to this article has been paid with respect to such gallonage and the 16 entire amount of such tax has been absorbed by such purchaser, and (2) 17 such tugboat or towboat possesses documentary proof satisfactory to the commissioner evidencing the absorption by it of the entire amount of 18 19 such tax. Provided, that the commissioner shall require such documentary proof to qualify for any reimbursement provided hereunder as the commis-20 21 sioner deems appropriate. 22 § 5. This act shall take effect September 1, 2022, and shall apply to 23 uses of motor fuel, diesel motor fuel and residual petroleum product on 24 and after such date; provided however that the amendments to the opening 25 paragraph of section 301-c of the tax law made by section two of this 26 act shall be subject to the expiration and reversion of such paragraph 27 pursuant to section 19 of part W-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006, 28 as amended, when upon such date the provisions of section three of this 29 act shall take effect. 30 PART U 31 Section 1. Subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section 1210 of the tax law is REPEALED and a new subparagraph (i) is added to read 32 33 as follows: 34 (i) with respect to a city of one million or more and the following 35 counties: (1) any such city having a population of one million or more 36 is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt and amend local laws, ordi-37 nances or resolutions imposing such taxes in any such city, at the rate 38 of four and one-half percent; 39 (2) the following counties that impose taxes described in subdivision 40 (a) of this section at the rate of three percent as authorized above in 41 this paragraph are hereby further authorized and empowered to adopt and 42 amend local laws, ordinances, or resolutions imposing such taxes at 43 additional rates, in quarter percent increments, not to exceed the following rates, which rates are additional to the three percent rate 44 45 authorized above in this paragraph: (A) One percent - Albany, Broome, Cattaraugus, Cayuga, Chautaugua, 46 47 Chemung, Chenango, Clinton, Columbia, Cortland, Delaware, Dutchess, 48 Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Genesee, Greene, Hamilton, Jefferson, Lewis, 49 Livingston, Madison, Monroe, Montgomery, Niagara, Onondaga, Ontario, 50 Orange, Orleans, Oswego, Otsego, Putnam, Rensselaer, Rockland, St. 51 Lawrence, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, Schuyler, Seneca, Steuben, Suffolk, Sullivan, Tioga, Tompkins, Ulster, Warren, Washington, Wayne, 52 53 Westchester, Wyoming, Yates; 54 (B) One and one-quarter percent - Herkimer, Nassau;

49



1 (C) One and one-half percent - Allegany; 2 (D) One and three-quarters percent - Erie, Oneida. 3 (E) Provided, however, that (I) the county of Rockland may impose additional rates of five-eighths percent and three-eighths percent, in 4 lieu of imposing such additional rate in quarter percent increments; 5 6 (II) the county of Ontario may impose additional rates of one-eighth 7 percent and three-eighths percent, in lieu of imposing such additional 8 rate in quarter percent increments; (III) three-quarters percent of the 9 additional rate authorized to be imposed by the county of Nassau shall 10 be subject to the limitation set forth in section twelve hundred sixty-11 two-e of this article. 12 § 2. Subparagraph (ii) of the opening paragraph of section 1210 of the 13 tax law is REPEALED and a new subparagraph (ii) is added to read as 14 follows: 15 (ii) the following cities that impose taxes described in subdivision 16 (a) of this section at the rate of one and one-half percent or higher as 17 authorized above in this paragraph for such cities are hereby further 18 authorized and empowered to adopt and amend local laws, ordinances, or resolutions imposing such taxes at additional rates, in quarter percent 19 20 increments, not to exceed the following rates, which rates are addi-21 tional to the one and one-half percent or higher rates authorized above in this paragraph: 22 23 (1) One percent - Mount Vernon; New Rochelle; Oswego; White Plains; 24 (2) One and one-quarter percent - None; 25 (3) One and one-half percent - Yonkers. 26 § 3. Subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of the opening paragraph of section 27 1210 of the tax law are REPEALED and a new subparagraph (iii) is added 28 to read as follows: 29 (iii) the maximum rate referred to in section twelve hundred twenty-30 four of this article shall be calculated without reference to the addi-31 tional rates authorized for counties, other than the counties of Cayuga, 32 Cortland, Fulton, Madison, and Otsego, in clause two of subparagraph (i) 33 and the cities in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph. 34 § 4. Section 1210 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-35 sion (p) to read as follows: 36 (p) Notwithstanding any provision of this section or any other law to 37 the contrary, a county authorized to impose an additional rate or rates 38 of sales and compensating use taxes by clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of this section, or a city, other than the city of 39 40 Mount Vernon, authorized to impose an additional rate of such taxes by 41 subparagraph (ii) of such opening paragraph, may adopt a local law, 42 ordinance, or resolution by a majority vote of its governing body impos-43 ing such rate or rates for a period not to exceed two years, and any 44 such period must end on November thirtieth of an odd-numbered year. 45 Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the city of White Plains is 46 authorized to exceed such two-year limitation to impose the tax author-47 ized by subparagraph (ii) of such opening paragraph for the period commencing on September first, two thousand twenty-three and ending on 48 November thirtieth, two thousand twenty-five. Any such local law, ordi-49 50 nance, or resolution shall also be subject to the provisions of subdivi-51 sions (d) and (e) of this section. 52 § 5. Section 1210-E of the tax law is REPEALED. 53 § 6. Subdivisions (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), (m), (n), (o), (p), (q), (r), (s), (t), (u), (v), (w), (x), (y), (z), (z-1),54 (aa), (bb), (cc), (dd), (ee), (ff), (gg), (hh), (ii) and (jj) of section 55 56 1224 of the tax law are REPEALED.

50



1	§ 7. Section 1224 of the tax law is amended by adding three new subdi-
2	visions (d), (e), and (f) to read as follows:
3	(d) For purposes of this section, the term "prior right" shall mean
4	the preferential right to impose any tax described in sections twelve
5	hundred two and twelve hundred three, or twelve hundred ten and twelve
6	hundred eleven, of this article and thereby to preempt such tax and to
7	preclude another municipal corporation from imposing or continuing the
8	imposition of such tax to the extent that such right is exercised.
9	However, the right of preemption shall only apply within the territorial
10	limits of the taxing jurisdiction having the right of preemption.
11	(e) Each of the following counties and cities shall have the sole
12	right to impose the following additional rate of sales and compensating
13	use taxes in excess of three percent that such county or city is author-
14	ized to impose pursuant to clause two of subparagraph (i) or subpara-
15	graph (ii) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of
16	this article. Such additional rates of tax shall not be subject to
17	preemption.
18	(1) Counties:
19	(A) One percent - Albany, Broome, Cattaraugus, Chautaugua, Chemung,
20	Chenango, Clinton, Columbia, Delaware, Dutchess, Essex, Franklin, Gene-
21	see, Greene, Hamilton, Jefferson, Lewis, Livingston, Monroe, Montgomery,
22	Niagara, Onondaga, Ontario, Orange, Orleans, Oswego, Putnam, Rensselaer,
23	Rockland, St. Lawrence, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, Schuyler,
24	Seneca, Steuben, Suffolk, Sullivan, Tioga, Tompkins, Ulster, Warren,
25	Washington, Wayne, Westchester, Wyoming, Yates;
26	(B) One and one-quarter percent - Herkimer, Nassau;
27	(C) One and one-half percent - Allegany;
	(D) One and three-quarters percent - Erie, Oneida.
20	
28 29	
29	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the
29 30	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such
29 30 31	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two
29 30 31 32	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred
29 30 31 32 33	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of
29 30 31 32 33 34	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities:
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-guarter of one percent - Rome;
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None;
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None;
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains;
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None;
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	(E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-half percent - Yonkers.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	 (E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-half percent - Yonkers. (f) Each of the following cities is authorized to preempt the taxes
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	 (E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-half percent - Yonkers. (f) Each of the following cities is authorized to preempt the taxes imposed by the county in which it is located pursuant to the authority
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 39\\ 40\\ 41\\ 42\\ 43\\ 44 \end{array}$	 (E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-half percent - Yonkers. (f) Each of the following cities is authorized to preempt the taxes imposed by the county in which it is located pursuant to the authority of section twelve hundred ten of this article, to the extent of one-half
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 39\\ 40\\ 412\\ 43\\ 44\\ 45\\ \end{array}$	 (E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-half percent - Yonkers. (f) Each of the following cities is authorized to preempt the taxes imposed by the county in which it is located pursuant to the authority of section twelve hundred ten of this article, to the extent of one-half the maximum aggregate rate authorized under section twelve hundred ten
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 40\\ 41\\ 42\\ 43\\ 44\\ 45\\ 46\end{array}$	 (E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-half percent - Yonkers. (f) Each of the following cities is authorized to preempt the taxes imposed by the county in which it is located pursuant to the authority of section twelve hundred ten of this article, to the extent of one-half the maximum aggregate rate authorized under section twelve hundred ten of this article, including the additional rate that the county in which
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 39\\ 40\\ 412\\ 43\\ 445\\ 45\\ 46\\ 47\end{array}$	 (E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-half percent - Yonkers. (f) Each of the following cities is authorized to preempt the taxes imposed by the county in which it is located pursuant to the authority of section twelve hundred ten of this article, to the extent of one-half the maximum aggregate rate authorized under section twelve hundred ten of this article, including the additional rate that the county in which such city is located is authorized to impose: Auburn, in Cayuga county;
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 40\\ 41\\ 42\\ 43\\ 44\\ 45\\ 46\end{array}$	 (E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-half percent - Yonkers. (f) Each of the following cities is authorized to preempt the taxes imposed by the county in which it is located pursuant to the authority of section twelve hundred ten of this article, including the additional rate that the county in which such city is located is authorized to impose: Auburn, in Cayuga county; Cortland, in Cortland county; Gloversville and Johnstown, in Fulton
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 39\\ 40\\ 42\\ 44\\ 45\\ 46\\ 47\\ 48\\ 9\end{array}$	 (E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-half percent - Yonkers. (f) Each of the following cities is authorized to preempt the taxes imposed by the county in which it is located pursuant to the authority of section twelve hundred ten of this article, to the extent of one-half the maximum aggregate rate authorized under section twelve hundred ten of this article, including the additional rate that the county in which such city is located is authorized to impose: Auburn, in Cayuga county; Cortland, in Cortland county; Oneonta, in Otsego county. As of the
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 38\\ 40\\ 41\\ 423\\ 445\\ 46\\ 47\\ 48\end{array}$	 (E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-half percent - Yonkers. (f) Each of the following cities is authorized to preempt the taxes imposed by the county in which it is located pursuant to the authority of section twelve hundred ten of this article, including the additional rate that the county in which such city is located is authorized to impose: Auburn, in Cayuga county; Cortland, in Cortland county; Gloversville and Johnstown, in Fulton county; Oneida, in Madison county; Oneonta, in Otsego county. As of the date this subdivision takes effect, any such preemption by such a city
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 301\\ 323\\ 34\\ 35\\ 37\\ 39\\ 41\\ 42\\ 44\\ 45\\ 47\\ 49\\ 50\\ \end{array}$	 (E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-quarter percent - Yonkers. (f) Each of the following cities is authorized to preempt the taxes imposed by the county in which it is located pursuant to the authority of section twelve hundred ten of this article, including the additional rate that the county in which such city is located is authorized to impose: Auburn, in Cayuga county; Cortland, in Cortland county; Gloversville and Johnstown, in Fulton county; Oneida, in Madison county; Oneonta, in Otsego county. As of the date this subdivision takes effect, any such preemption by such a city in effect on such date shall continue in full force and effect until the
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 7\\ 89\\ 41\\ 42\\ 44\\ 45\\ 47\\ 49\\ 50\\ 51\\ \end{array}$	 (E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-half percent - Yonkers. (f) Each of the following cities is authorized to preempt the taxes imposed by the county in which it is located pursuant to the authority of section twelve hundred ten of this article, including the additional rate that the county in which such city is located is authorized to impose: Auburn, in Cayuga county; Cortland, in Cortland county; Gloversville and Johnstown, in Fulton county; Oneida, in Madison county; Oneonta, in Otsego county. As of the date this subdivision takes effect, any such preemption by such a city
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 31\\ 32\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 7\\ 89\\ 41\\ 42\\ 44\\ 45\\ 67\\ 89\\ 51\\ 52\\ \end{array}$	 (E) Provided, however, that the county of Westchester shall have the sole right to impose the additional one percent rate of tax which such county is authorized to impose pursuant to the authority of clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article in the area of the county outside the cities of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Yonkers. (2) Cities: (A) One-quarter of one percent - Rome; (B) One-half of one percent - None; (C) Three-quarters of one percent - None; (D) One percent - Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains; (E) One and one-quarter percent - None; (F) One and one-half percent - Yonkers. (f) Each of the following cities is authorized to preempt the taxes imposed by the county in which it is located pursuant to the authority of section twelve hundred ten of this article, to the extent of one-half the maximum aggregate rate authorized under section twelve hundred ten of this article, including the additional rate that the county in which such city is located is authorized to impose: Auburn, in Cayuga county; Cortland, in Cortland county; Gloversville and Johnstown, in Fulton county; Oneida, in Madison county; Oneonta, in Otsego county. As of the date this subdivision takes effect, any such preemption by such a city in effect on such date shall continue in full force and effect until the effective date of a local law, ordinance, or resolution adopted or



1 section twelve hundred twenty-three of this subpart and to the other
2 requirements of this article.

3 § 8. Section 1262-g of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of item DD 4 of subpart C of part XXX of chapter 58 of the laws of 2020, is amended 5 to read as follows:

§ 1262-g. Oneida county allocation and distribution of net collections 6 7 from the additional [one percent rate] rates of sales and compensating 8 use taxes. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, (a) if the county of Oneida imposes sales and compensating use taxes at a rate 9 which is one percent additional to the three percent rate authorized by 10 11 section twelve hundred ten of this article, as authorized by such [(a)] (i) where a city in such county imposes tax pursuant to 12 section, 13 the authority of subdivision (a) of such section twelve hundred ten, 14 such county shall allocate, distribute and pay in cash quarterly to such 15 city one-half of the net collections attributable to such additional one 16 percent rate of the county's taxes collected in such city's boundaries; 17 [(b)] (ii) where a city in such county does not impose tax pursuant to 18 the authority of such subdivision (a) of such section twelve hundred 19 ten, such county shall allocate, distribute and pay in cash quarterly to 20 such city not so imposing tax a portion of the net collections attribut-21 able to one-half of the county's additional one percent rate of tax 22 calculated on the basis of the ratio which such city's population bears 23 to the county's total population, such populations as determined in 24 accordance with the latest decennial federal census or special popu-25 lation census taken pursuant to section twenty of the general municipal law completed and published prior to the end of the quarter for which 26 27 the allocation is made, which special census must include the entire 28 area of the county; [and (c)] provided, however, that such county shall 29 dedicate the first one million five hundred thousand dollars of net collections attributable to such additional one percent rate of tax 30 received by such county after the county receives in the aggregate eigh-31 teen million five hundred thousand dollars of net collections from such 32 33 additional one percent rate of tax [imposed for any of the periods: 34 September first, two thousand twelve through August thirty-first, two 35 thousand thirteen; September first, two thousand thirteen through August 36 thirty-first, two thousand fourteen; and September first, two thousand 37 fourteen through August thirty-first, two thousand fifteen; September 38 first, two thousand fifteen through August thirty-first, two thousand 39 sixteen; and September first, two thousand sixteen through August thir-40 ty-first, two thousand seventeen; September first, two thousand seven-41 teen through August thirty-first, two thousand eighteen; September 42 first, two thousand eighteen through August thirty-first, two thousand 43 twenty; and September first, two thousand twenty through August thirty-44 first, two thousand twenty-three,] to an allocation on a per capita 45 basis, utilizing figures from the latest decennial federal census or 46 special population census taken pursuant to section twenty of the gener-47 al municipal law, completed and published prior to the end of the year for which such allocation is made, which special census must include the 48 entire area of such county, to be allocated and distributed among the 49 towns of Oneida county by appropriation of its board of legislators; 50 51 provided, further, that nothing herein shall require such board of 52 legislators to make any such appropriation until it has been notified by any town by appropriate resolution and, in any case where there is a 53 village wholly or partly located within a town, a resolution of every 54 such village, embodying the agreement of such town and village or 55 villages upon the amount of such appropriation to be distributed to such 56



village or villages out of the allocation to the town or towns in which 1 2 it is located. (b) If the county of Oneida imposes sales and compensat-3 ing use taxes at a rate which is one and three-quarters percent additional to the three percent rate authorized by section twelve hundred 4 ten of this article, as authorized pursuant to clause two of subpara-5 6 graph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this 7 article, net collections attributable to the additional three-quarters 8 percent of such additional rate shall not be subject to any revenue 9 distribution agreement entered into by the county and the cities in the county pursuant to the authority of subdivision (c) of section twelve 10 11 <u>hundred sixty-two of this part.</u> 12 § 9. The opening paragraph of section 1262-r of the tax law, as added 13 by chapter 37 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows: 14 (1) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, if the county of 15 Ontario imposes the additional one-eighth of one percent and the addi-16 tional three-eighths of one percent rates of tax authorized pursuant to 17 clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article, net collections from the such addi-18 19 tional three-eighths of one percent rate of such taxes shall be set 20 aside for county purposes and shall not be subject to any agreement 21 entered into by the county and the cities in the county pursuant to the 22 authority of subdivision (c) of section twelve hundred sixty-two of this 23 part or this section. 24 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (c) of section twelve hundred sixty-two of this part to the contrary, if the cities of 25 Canandaigua and Geneva in the county of Ontario do not impose sales and 26 27 compensating use taxes pursuant to the authority of section twelve 28 hundred ten of this article and such cities and county enter into an 29 agreement pursuant to the authority of subdivision (c) of section twelve hundred sixty-two of this part to be effective March first, two thousand 30 31 six, such agreement may provide that: 32 § 10. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 1262-v to read as 33 follows: 34 § 1262-v. Disposition of net collections from the additional rate of sales and compensating use tax in Clinton county. Notwithstanding any 35 36 contrary provision of law, if the county of Clinton imposes the addi-37 tional one percent rate of sales and compensating use taxes authorized 38 pursuant to clause two of subparagraph (i) of the opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article, net collections from such 39 40 additional rate shall be paid to the county and the county shall set 41 aside such net collections and use them solely for county purposes. Such 42 net collections shall not be subject to any revenue distribution agree-43 ment entered into by the county and the city in the county pursuant to 44 the authority of subdivision (c) of section twelve hundred sixty-two of 45 this part. 46 § 11. Section 1262-s of the tax law, as amended by section 3 of item U 47 of subpart C of part XXX of chapter 58 of the laws of 2020, is amended 48 to read as follows: 49 § 1262-s. Disposition of net collections from the additional one-quar-50 ter of one percent rate of sales and compensating use taxes in the coun-51 ty of Herkimer. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, if the 52 county of Herkimer imposes [the additional] sales and compensating use 53 tax at a rate that is one and one-quarter [of one] percent [rate of sales and compensating use taxes] additional to the three percent rate 54 55 authorized by section twelve hundred ten of this article as authorized by [section twelve hundred ten-E] clause two of subparagraph (i) of the 56



opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article [for all 1 2 or any portion of the period beginning December first, two thousand seven and ending November thirtieth, two thousand twenty-three], the 3 county shall use all net collections [from such] attributable to the 4 5 additional one-quarter [of one] percent of such additional rate to pay the county's expenses for the construction of additional correctional 6 7 facilities. The net collections from [the] such additional one-quarter 8 percent of such additional rate [imposed pursuant to section twelve hundred ten-E of this article] shall be deposited in a special fund to 9 be created by such county separate and apart from any other funds and 10 11 accounts of the county. Any and all remaining net collections from such 12 additional tax, after the expenses of such construction are paid, shall 13 be deposited by the county of Herkimer in the general fund of such coun-14 ty for any county purpose. 15 § 12. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 1265 to read as 16 follows: 17 § 1265. References to certain provisions authorizing additional rates 18 or to expirations of a period. Notwithstanding any provision of law to 19 the contrary: (a) any reference in any section of this chapter or other 20 law, or in any local law, ordinance, or resolution adopted pursuant to 21 the authority of this article, to net collections or revenues from a tax 22 imposed by a county or city pursuant to the authority of a clause, or to a subclause of a clause, of subparagraph (i) or (ii) of the opening 23 paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article repealed by 24 25 section one or two of a part of a chapter of the laws of two thousand 26 twenty-two that added this section or pursuant to section twelve hundred 27 ten-E of this article repealed by section five of such part shall be 28 deemed to be a reference to net collections or revenues from a tax 29 imposed by that county or city pursuant to the authority of the equivalent provision of clause two of subparagraph (i) or to subparagraph 30 (ii) of the opening paragraph of such section twelve hundred ten as 31 32 added by such section one or two of such part of a chapter of the laws 33 of two thousand twenty-two; (b) any reference in this chapter or in any 34 other law relating to the expiration of a provision concerning the

35 distribution of revenue from the taxes authorized to be imposed by the 36 opening paragraph of section twelve hundred ten of this article shall be 37 disregarded, and such provision shall continue in effect unless later 39 or and an authorized and such provision shall continue in effect unless later 31 or and an authorized and such provision shall continue in effect unless later 32 or and 33 of the section of the sec

38 <u>amended or repealed.</u>

39 § 13. This act shall take effect immediately.

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PART V

41 Section 1. Subdivision (c) of section 1101 of the tax law, as added 42 by chapter 93 of the laws of 1965, paragraphs 2, 3, 4 and 6 as amended 43 by section 2 and paragraph 8 as added by section 3 of part AA of chapter 44 57 of the laws of 2010, and paragraph 5 as amended by chapter 575 of the 45 laws of 1965, is amended to read as follows:

46 (c) When used in this article for the purposes of the tax imposed 47 under subdivision (e) of section eleven hundred five <u>of this article</u>, 48 the following terms shall mean:

(1) Hotel. A building or portion of it which is regularly used and by kept open as such for the lodging of guests. The term "hotel" includes an apartment hotel, a motel, boarding house or club, whether or not meals are served.

53 (2) Occupancy. The use or possession, or the right to the use or 54 possession, of any room in a hotel <u>or vacation rental</u>. "Right to the



1 use or possession" includes the rights of a room remarketer as described 2 in paragraph eight of this subdivision. 3 (3) Occupant. A person who, for a consideration, uses, possesses, or has the right to use or possess, any room in a hotel or vacation rental 4 under any lease, concession, permit, right of access, license to use or 5 other agreement, or otherwise. "Right to use or possess" includes the 6 7 rights of a room remarketer as described in paragraph eight of this 8 subdivision. (4) Operator. Any person operating a hotel or vacation rental. 9 Such term shall include a room remarketer and such room remarketer shall be 10 11 deemed to operate a hotel, or portion thereof, with respect to which 12 such person has the rights of a room remarketer. 13 (5) Permanent resident. Any occupant of any room or rooms in a hotel 14 or vacation rental for at least ninety consecutive days shall be consid-15 ered a permanent resident with regard to the period of such occupancy. 16 (6) Rent. The consideration received for occupancy, including any 17 service or other charge or amount required to be paid as a condition for occupancy, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise and 18 19 whether received by the operator or a room remarketer or another person 20 on behalf of either of them. 21 Room. Any room or rooms of any kind in any part or portion of a (7) 22 hotel or vacation rental, which is available for or let out for any 23 purpose other than a place of assembly. 24 (8) Room remarketer. A person who reserves, arranges for, conveys, or 25 furnishes occupancy, whether directly or indirectly, to an occupant for 26 rent in <u>a hotel for</u> an amount determined by the room remarketer, direct-27 ly or indirectly, whether pursuant to a written or other agreement. Such 28 person's ability or authority to reserve, arrange for, convey, or 29 furnish occupancy, directly or indirectly, and to determine rent there-30 for, shall be the "rights of a room remarketer". A room remarketer is not a permanent resident with respect to a room for which such person 31 32 has the rights of a room remarketer. 33 (9) Vacation rental. A building or portion of it that is used for the 34 lodging of guests. The term "vacation rental" includes a house, an apartment, a condominium, a cooperative unit, a cabin, a cottage, or a 35 36 bungalow, or one or more rooms therein, where sleeping accommodations 37 are provided for the lodging of paying occupants, the typical occupants 38 are transients or travelers, and the relationship between the operator and occupant is not that of a landlord and tenant. It is not necessary 39 40 that meals are served. A building or portion of a building may qualify 41 as a vacation rental whether or not amenities, including but not limited 42 to daily housekeeping services, concierge services, or linen services, 43 are provided. 44 (10) (i) Vacation rental marketplace provider. A person who, pursuant 45 to an agreement with an operator, facilitates the occupancy of a vaca-46 tion rental by such operator or operators. A person "facilitates the 47 occupancy of a vacation rental" for purposes of this paragraph when the 48 person meets both of the following conditions: (A) such person provides the forum in which, or by means of which, the sale of the occupancy 49 50 takes place or the offer of such sale is accepted, including a shop, 51 store, or booth, an internet website, catalog, or similar forum; and (B) 52 such person or an affiliate of such person collects the rent paid by a 53 customer to an operator for the occupancy of a vacation rental, or 54 contracts with a third party to collect such rent. (ii) For the purposes of this article, the term "vacation rental 55 marketplace provider" shall not include a "room remarketer" as defined 56



in paragraph eight of this subdivision. For purposes of this paragraph, 1 2 persons are affiliated if one person has an ownership interest of more than five percent, whether direct or indirect, in another, or where an 3 ownership interest of more than five percent, whether direct or indi-4 rect, is held in each of such persons by another person or by a group of 5 6 other persons that are affiliated persons with respect to each other. 7 The term "vacation rental marketplace provider" shall not include a 8 <u>"real estate broker" as licensed under article twelve-A of the real</u> 9 property law. § 2. Subdivision (a) of section 1104 of the tax law, as added by chap-10 ter 3 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows: 11 12 (a) Imposition. In addition to any other fee or tax imposed by this 13 article or any other law, on and after April first, two thousand five, 14 there is hereby imposed within the territorial limits of a city with a 15 population of a million or more and there shall be paid a unit fee on 16 every occupancy of a unit in a hotel or vacation rental in such city at 17 the rate of one dollar and fifty cents per unit per day, except that 18 such unit fee shall not be imposed upon (1) occupancy by a permanent 19 resident or (2) where the rent per unit is not more than at the rate of 20 two dollars per day. § 3. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (e) of section 1105 of the tax law, as 21 22 amended by section 1 of part Q of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is 23 amended to read as follows: 24 (1) The rent for every occupancy of a room or rooms in a hotel and vacation rental in this state, except that the tax shall not be imposed 25 26 upon (i) a permanent resident, or (ii) where the rent is not more than 27 at the rate of two dollars per day. 28 § 4. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 1131 of the tax law, subdivision 29 1 as amended by section 2 of part G of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019 and subdivision 2 as added by chapter 93 of the laws of 1965, are 30 31 amended to read as follows: 32 (1) "Persons required to collect tax" or "person required to collect 33 any tax imposed by this article" shall include: every vendor of tangible 34 personal property or services; every recipient of amusement charges; every operator of a hotel or vacation rental; every vacation rental 35 36 marketplace provider with respect to the rent for every occupancy of a 37 vacation rental it facilitates as described in paragraph ten of subdivi-38 sion (c) of section eleven hundred one of this article; and every 39 marketplace provider with respect to sales of tangible personal property 40 it facilitates as described in paragraph one of subdivision (e) of 41 section eleven hundred one of this article. Said terms shall also include any officer, director or employee of a corporation or of a 42 43 dissolved corporation, any employee of a partnership, any employee or 44 manager of a limited liability company, or any employee of an individual 45 proprietorship who as such officer, director, employee or manager is 46 under a duty to act for such corporation, partnership, limited liability 47 company or individual proprietorship in complying with any requirement 48 of this article, or has so acted; and any member of a partnership or 49 limited liability company. Provided, however, that any person who is a vendor solely by reason of clause (D) or (E) of subparagraph (i) 50 of 51 paragraph [(8)] eight of subdivision (b) of section eleven hundred one 52 of this article shall not be a "person required to collect any tax imposed by this article" until twenty days after the date by which such 53 person is required to file a certificate of registration pursuant to 54 section eleven hundred thirty-four of this part. Such terms shall not 55 include an operator of a vacation rental who rents out the operator's 56

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1 own property for three days or fewer in a calendar year and does not use 2 a vacation rental marketplace provider to facilitate such rental. "Customer" shall include: every purchaser of tangible personal 3 (2)property or services; every patron paying or liable for the payment of 4 5 any amusement charge; and every occupant of a room or rooms in a hotel 6 or vacation rental. 7 § 5. Section 1132 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-8 sion (m) to read as follows: 9 (m) (1) A vacation rental marketplace provider with respect to a sale 10 for every occupancy of a vacation rental it facilitates: (A) shall have 11 all the obligations and rights of a vendor under this article and arti-12 cle twenty-nine of this chapter and under any regulations adopted pursu-13 ant thereto, including, but not limited to, the duty to obtain a certif-14 icate of authority, to collect tax, file returns, remit tax, and the 15 right to accept a certificate or other documentation from a customer 16 substantiating an exemption or exclusion from tax, the right to receive 17 the refund authorized by subdivision (e) of this section and the credit 18 allowed by subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred thirty-seven of 19 this part subject to the provisions of such subdivisions; and (B) shall 20 keep such records and information and cooperate with the commissioner to 21 ensure the proper collection and remittance of tax imposed, collected or 22 required to be collected under this article and article twenty-nine of 23 this chapter. 24 (2) An operator is relieved from the duty to collect tax in regard to 25 a particular rent for the occupancy of a vacation rental subject to tax under subdivision (e) of section eleven hundred five of this article and 26 27 shall not include the rent from such occupancy in its taxable sales for 28 purposes of section eleven hundred thirty-six of this part if, in regard 29 to such occupancy: (A) the operator of the vacation rental can show that such occupancy was facilitated by a vacation rental marketplace provider 30 from whom such operator has received in good faith a properly completed 31 certificate of collection in a form prescribed by the commissioner, 32 33 certifying that the vacation rental marketplace provider is registered 34 to collect sales tax and will collect sales tax on all taxable sales of 35 occupancy of a vacation rental by the operator facilitated by the vaca-36 tion rental marketplace provider, and with such other information as the 37 commissioner may prescribe; and (B) any failure of the vacation rental 38 marketplace provider to collect the proper amount of tax in regard to such sale was not the result of such operator providing the vacation 39 40 rental marketplace provider with incorrect information. This provision 41 shall be administered in a manner consistent with subparagraph (i) of 42 paragraph one of subdivision (c) of this section as if a certificate of 43 collection were a resale or exemption certificate for purposes of such 44 subparagraph, including with regard to the completeness of such certif-45 icate of collection and the timing of its acceptance by the operator. 46 Provided that, with regard to any sales of occupancy of a vacation 47 rental by an operator that are facilitated by a vacation rental market-48 place provider who is affiliated with such operator within the meaning 49 of paragraph ten of subdivision (c) of section eleven hundred one of 50 this article, the operator shall be deemed liable as a person under a 51 duty to act for such vacation rental marketplace provider for purposes 52 of subdivision one of section eleven hundred thirty-one of this part. 53 (3) The commissioner may, at his or her discretion: (A) develop a 54 standard provision, or approve a provision developed by a vacation 55 rental marketplace provider, in which the vacation rental marketplace provider obligates itself to collect the tax on behalf of all operators 56

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1 for whom the vacation rental marketplace provider facilitates sales of 2 occupancy of a vacation rental, with respect to all sales that it facil-3 itates for such operators where the rental occurs in the state; and (B) provide by regulation or otherwise that the inclusion of such provision 4 5 in the publicly-available agreement between the vacation rental market-6 place provider and operator will have the same effect as an operator's 7 acceptance of a certificate of collection from such vacation rental 8 marketplace provider under paragraph two of this subdivision. § 6. Section 1133 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-9 10 sion (g) to read as follows: 11 (g) A vacation rental marketplace provider is relieved of liability 12 under this section for failure to collect the correct amount of tax to 13 the extent that the vacation rental marketplace provider can show that 14 the error was due to incorrect or insufficient information given to the 15 vacation rental marketplace provider by the operator. Provided, however, 16 this subdivision shall not apply if the operator and vacation rental 17 marketplace provider are affiliated within the meaning of paragraph ten 18 of subdivision (c) of section eleven hundred one of this article. 19 § 7. Subdivision (a) of section 1134 of the tax law is amended by 20 adding a new paragraph 7 to read as follows: 21 (7) An operator of a vacation rental, as defined in paragraph nine of 22 subdivision (c) of section eleven hundred one of this article, is 23 relieved of the requirement to register in paragraph one of this subdi-24 vision if its sales of occupancy are wholly facilitated by one or more 25 vacation rental marketplace providers from whom the operator has received in good faith a certificate of collection that meets the 26 27 requirements set forth in paragraph two of subdivision (m) of section 28 eleven hundred thirty-two of this part. § 8. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (a) of section 1136 of the tax law, as 29 30 amended by section 5 of part G of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows: 31 The return of a vendor of tangible personal property or services 32 (4) 33 shall show such vendor's receipts from sales and the number of gallons of any motor fuel or diesel motor fuel sold and also the aggregate value 34 of tangible personal property and services and number of gallons of such 35 36 fuels sold by the vendor, the use of which is subject to tax under this 37 article, and the amount of tax payable thereon pursuant to the 38 provisions of section eleven hundred thirty-seven of this part. The 39 return of a recipient of amusement charges shall show all such charges 40 and the amount of tax thereon, and the return of an operator required to 41 collect tax on rents shall show all rents received or charged and the 42 amount of tax thereon. The return of a marketplace seller shall exclude 43 the receipts from a sale of tangible personal property facilitated by a 44 marketplace provider if, in regard to such sale: (A) the marketplace 45 seller has timely received in good faith a properly completed certif-46 icate of collection from the marketplace provider or the marketplace 47 provider has included a provision approved by the commissioner in the 48 publicly-available agreement between the marketplace provider and the 49 marketplace seller as described in subdivision one of section eleven hundred thirty-two of this part, and (B) the information provided by the 50 51 marketplace seller to the marketplace provider about such tangible 52 personal property is accurate. The return of an operator shall exclude 53 the rent from occupancy of a vacation rental facilitated by a vacation rental marketplace provider if, in regard to such sale: (A) the vacation 54 55 rental operator has timely received in good faith a properly completed certificate of collection from the vacation rental marketplace provider 56



1 or the vacation rental marketplace provider has included a provision 2 approved by the commissioner in the publicly-available agreement between 3 the vacation rental marketplace provider and the operator as described 4 in subdivision (m) of section eleven hundred thirty-two of this part, 5 and (B) the information provided by the operator to the vacation rental 6 marketplace provider about such rent and such occupancy is accurate.

7 § 9. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 3 of subdivision (a) of section 8 1138 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 456 of the laws of 1998, is 9 amended to read as follows:

(B) The liability, pursuant to subdivision (a) of section eleven 10 hundred thirty-three of this article, of any officer, director or 11 12 employee of a corporation or of a dissolved corporation, member or 13 employee of a partnership or employee of an individual proprietorship 14 who as such officer, director, employee or member is under a duty to act 15 for such corporation, partnership or individual proprietorship in 16 complying with any requirement of this article for the tax imposed, 17 collected or required to be collected, or for the tax required to be 18 paid or paid over to the [tax commission] commissioner under this arti-19 and the amount of such tax liability (whether or not a return is cle, 20 filed under this article, whether or not such return when filed is 21 incorrect or insufficient, or where the tax shown to be due on the 22 return filed under this article has not been paid or has not been paid 23 in full) shall be determined by the [tax commission] commissioner in the 24 manner provided for in paragraphs one and two of this subdivision. Such determination shall be an assessment of the tax and liability for the 25 tax with respect to such person unless such person, within ninety days 26 27 after the giving of notice of such determination, shall apply to the 28 division of tax appeals for a hearing. If such determination is identical to or arises out of a previously issued determination of tax of the 29 corporation, dissolved corporation, partnership or individual proprie-30 torship for which such person is under a duty to act, an application 31 filed with the division of tax appeals on behalf of the corporation, 32 33 dissolved corporation, partnership or individual proprietorship shall be deemed to include any and all subsequently issued personal determi-34 35 nations and a separate application to the division of tax appeals for a 36 hearing shall not be required. The [tax commission] commissioner may, 37 nevertheless, of [its] his or her own motion, redetermine such determi-38 nation of tax or liability for tax. Where the [tax commission] commis-39 sioner determines or redetermines that the amount of tax claimed to be 40 due from a vendor of tangible personal property or services, a recipient 41 of amusement charges, or an operator of a hotel or vacation rental is 42 erroneous or excessive in whole or in part, [it] he or she shall rede-43 termine the amount of tax properly due from any such person as a person 44 required to collect tax with respect to such vendor, recipient, or oper-45 ator, and if such amount is less than the amount of tax for which such 46 person would have been liable in the absence of such determination or 47 redetermination, [it] he or she shall reduce such liability accordingly. Furthermore, the [tax commission] commissioner may, of [its] his or her 48 49 own motion, abate on behalf of any such person, any part of the tax 50 determined to be erroneous or excessive whether or not such tax had become finally and irrevocably fixed with respect to such person but no 51 52 claim for abatement may be filed by any such person. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed to limit in any manner the powers 53 of the attorney general under subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred 54 forty-one of this part or the powers of the [tax commission] commission-55



1 er to issue a warrant under subdivision (b) of such section against any 2 person whose liability has become finally and irrevocably fixed. § 10. Section 1142 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-3 sion 16 to read as follows: 4 16. To publish a list on the department's website of vacation rental 5 6 marketplace providers whose certificates of authority have been revoked 7 and, if necessary to protect sales tax revenue, provide by regulation or 8 otherwise that a vacation rental operator will be relieved of the requirement to register and the duty to collect tax on the rent for 9 occupancy of a vacation rental facilitated by a vacation rental market-10 place provider only if, in addition to the conditions prescribed by 11 paragraph two of subdivision (m) of section eleven hundred thirty-two 12 13 and paragraph six of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred thirty-14 four of this part being met, such vacation rental marketplace provider 15 is not on such list at the commencement of the quarterly period covered 16 thereby. 17 § 11. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph 3 of subdivision (a) of section 18 1145 of the tax law, as amended by section 48 of part K of chapter 61 of 19 the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows: 20 (i) Any person required to obtain a certificate of authority under 21 section eleven hundred thirty-four of this part who, without possessing 22 a valid certificate of authority, (A) sells tangible personal property or services subject to tax, receives amusement charges or operates a 23 24 hotel or vacation rental, (B) purchases or sells tangible personal prop-25 erty for resale, (C) sells petroleum products, or (D) sells cigarettes shall, in addition to any other penalty imposed by this chapter, be 26 27 subject to a penalty in an amount not exceeding five hundred dollars for 28 the first day on which such sales or purchases are made, plus an amount 29 not exceeding two hundred dollars for each subsequent day on which such 30 sales or purchases are made, not to exceed ten thousand dollars in the 31 aggregate. § 12. Subparagraph (v) of paragraph 4 of subdivision (a) 32 of section 33 1210 of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part WW of chapter 60 of 34 the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows: 35 (v) shall provide that, for purposes of the tax described in subdivi-36 sion (e) of section eleven hundred five of this chapter, "permanent 37 resident" means any occupant of any room or rooms in a hotel or vacation 38 <u>rental</u> for at least one hundred eighty consecutive days with regard to 39 the period of such occupancy; 40 § 13. Subdivisions (a) and (b) of section 1817 of the tax law, as 41 amended by section 53 of part K of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, are 42 amended to read as follows: 43 (a) Any person required to obtain a certificate of authority under section eleven hundred thirty-four of this chapter who, without possess-44 45 ing a valid certificate of authority, willfully (1) sells tangible 46 personal property or services subject to tax, receives amusement charges 47 or operates a hotel or vacation rental, (2) purchases or sells tangible personal property for resale, or (3) sells petroleum products; and any 48 49 person who fails to surrender a certificate of authority as required by 50 such article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. 51 (b) Any person required to obtain a certificate of authority under 52 section eleven hundred thirty-four of this chapter who within five years after a determination by the commissioner, pursuant to such section, to 53 suspend, revoke or refuse to issue a certificate of authority has become 54 55 final, and without possession of a valid certificate of authority (1) sells tangible personal property or services subject to tax, receives 56



amusement charges or operates a hotel or vacation rental, (2) purchases 1 2 or sells tangible personal property for resale, or (3) sells petroleum products, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. It shall be an affirmative 3 defense that such person performed the acts described in this subdivi-4 sion without knowledge of such determination. Any person who violates a 5 provision of this subdivision, upon conviction, shall be subject to a 6 7 fine in any amount authorized by this article, but not less than five 8 hundred dollars, in addition to any other penalty provided by law.

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9 § 14. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to 10 collections of rent by the operator or vacation rental marketplace 11 provider on or after September 1, 2022.

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PART W

13 Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subsection (a) of section 671 of the tax 14 law, as amended by chapter 760 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read 15 as follows:

16 (1) Every employer maintaining an office or transacting business with-17 in this state and making payment of any wages taxable under this article 18 shall deduct and withhold from such wages for each payroll period a tax 19 computed in such manner as to result, so far as practicable, in with-20 holding from the employee's wages during each calendar year an amount substantially equivalent to the tax reasonably estimated to be due under 21 22 this article resulting from the inclusion in the employee's New York 23 adjusted gross income or New York source income of [his] the employee's 24 wages received during such calendar year. The method of determining the 25 amount to be withheld shall be prescribed by [regulations of] the 26 commissioner, with due regard to the New York withholding exemptions of 27 the employee and the sum of any credits allowable against [his] the 28 employee's tax. The commissioner shall publish any changes to such method of determining the amount of tax to be withheld on the website of the 29 department of taxation and finance. The commissioner shall also cause 30 31 notice of such changes to be published in the section for miscellaneous notices in the state register and shall give other appropriate general 32 33 notice of such changes.

34 § 2. Paragraph 6 of subsection (j) of section 697 of the tax law, as 35 amended by chapter 61 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as 36 follows:

37 Publication of interest rates. The commissioner of taxation and (6) 38 finance shall publish the interest rates set under this subsection on 39 the website of the department of taxation and finance. Immediately 40 following such publication, the commissioner shall cause such interest 41 <u>rates</u> to be published in the section for miscellaneous notices in the 42 state register[,] and give other appropriate general notice of[, the] such interest rates [to be set under this subsection no later than twen-43 44 ty days preceding the first day of the calendar quarter during which 45 such interest rates apply]. The setting and publication of such interest rates shall not be included within paragraph (a) of subdivision two of 46 47 section one hundred two of the state administrative procedure act relat-48 ing to the definition of a rule.

49 § 3. Paragraph 5 of subsection (e) of section 1096 of the tax law, as 50 amended by chapter 61 of the laws of 1989, is amended to read as 51 follows:

52 (5) Publication of interest rates. The commissioner of taxation and 53 finance shall <u>publish the interest rates set under this subsection on</u> 54 <u>the website of the department of taxation and finance. Immediately</u>



1 following such publication, the commissioner shall cause such interest rates to be published in the section for miscellaneous notices in the 2 state register[,] and give other appropriate general notice of[, the] 3 such interest rates [to be set under this subsection no later than twen-4 ty days preceding the first day of the calendar quarter during which 5 such interest rates apply]. The setting and publication of such interest 6 7 rates shall not be included within paragraph (a) of subdivision two of 8 section one hundred two of the state administrative procedure act relat-9 ing to the definition of a rule. § 4. This act shall take effect immediately. 10 11 PART X 12 Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 1701 of the tax 13 law, as added by section 1 of part CC-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 14 2008, is amended to read as follows: 15 (c) "Financial institution" means (i) any financial institution 16 authorized or required to participate in a financial institution data 17 match system or program for child support enforcement purposes under 18 federal or state law, and (ii) any virtual currency business licensed by 19 the superintendent of financial services. 20 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 21 PART Y 22 Section 1. Section 4 of chapter 475 of the laws of 2013, relating to 23 assessment ceilings for local public utility mass real property, as 24 amended by section 1 of part G of chapter 59 of the laws of 2018, is 25 amended to read as follows: § 4. This act shall take effect on the first of January of the second 26 27 calendar year commencing after this act shall have become a law and shall apply to assessment rolls with taxable status dates on or after 28 29 such date; provided, however, that this act shall expire and be deemed repealed [eight] twelve years after such effective date; and provided, 30 further, that no assessment of local public utility mass real property 31 32 appearing on the municipal assessment roll with a taxable status date 33 occurring in the first calendar year after this act shall have become a 34 law shall be less than ninety percent or more than one hundred ten 35 percent of the assessment of the same property on the date this act 36 shall have become a law. 37 § 2. Subdivision 4 of section 499-pppp of the real property tax law, 38 as added by chapter 475 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as 39 follows: 40 4. Any final determination of an assessment ceiling by the commission-41 er pursuant to subdivision one of this section shall be subject to judi-42 cial challenge by an owner of local public utility mass real property or 43 a local assessing jurisdiction in a proceeding under article seven of this chapter; provided however, the time to commence such proceeding 44 shall be within sixty days of the issuance of the final assessment ceil-45 46 ing certificate and all questions of fact and law shall be determined de 47 novo. Any judicial proceeding shall be commenced in the supreme court in 48 the county of Albany or the county agreed upon by the parties in which the local public utility mass real property is located. Nothing in this 49 section shall preclude a challenge of the assessed value established by 50 51 a local assessing jurisdiction with respect to local public utility mass real property as otherwise provided in article seven of this chapter, 52



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1 provided however that upon motion of the local assessing jurisdiction, such challenge shall be consolidated with the challenge to the final 2 assessment ceiling commenced pursuant to this subdivision and litigated 3 in the venue specified by this subdivision. In any proceeding challeng-4 5 ing an assessed value established by a local assessing jurisdiction for 6 local public utility mass real property, the final certified assessment 7 ceiling established pursuant to subdivision one of this section [shall 8 not], and the evidence submitted in connection therewith, may be considered by the court when determining the merits of the challenge to the 9 10 assessed value established by the assessing unit. In such a proceeding, 11 the local assessing jurisdiction, upon request to the local public util-12 ity mass real property owner, shall be provided with a copy of the annu-13 al report provided to the commissioner under section four hundred nine-14 ty-nine-rrrr of this title. If the local public utility mass real 15 property owner fails to provide the report within thirty days of such a 16 request, the proceeding shall be dismissed.

17 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately, provided, however, that 18 the amendments to subdivision 4 of section 499-pppp of the real property 19 tax law made by section two of this act shall not affect the repeal of 20 such subdivision and shall be deemed to be repealed therewith.

PART Z

22 Section 1. This Part enacts into law major components of legislation relating to the administration of the STAR program authorized by section 23 24 425 of the real property tax law and subsection (eee) of section 606 of 25 the tax law. Each component is wholly contained within a Subpart identi-26 fied as Subparts A through E. The effective date for each particular 27 provision contained within such Subpart is set forth in the last section of such Subpart. Any provision in any section contained within a 28 Subpart, including the effective date of the Subpart, which makes refer-29 ence to a section of "this act", when used in connection with that 30 particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corre-31 sponding section of the Subpart in which it is found. Section two 32 contains a severability clause for all provisions contained in each 33 Subpart of this Part. Section three of this act sets forth the general 34 35 effective date of this Part.

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SUBPART A

37 Section 1. Paragraph (a-2) of subdivision 6 of section 425 of the real 38 property tax law, as amended by section 1 of part TT of chapter 59 of 39 the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

40 (a-2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, where an 41 application for the "enhanced" STAR exemption authorized by subdivision four of this section has not been filed on or before the taxable status 42 43 date, and the owner believes that good cause existed for the failure to file the application by that date, the owner may, no later than the last 44 45 day for paying school taxes without incurring interest or penalty, 46 submit a written request to the commissioner asking him or her to extend 47 the filing deadline and grant the exemption. Such request shall contain 48 an explanation of why the deadline was missed, and shall be accompanied by an application, reflecting the facts and circumstances as they 49 existed on the taxable status date. After consulting with the assessor, 50 51 the commissioner may extend the filing deadline and grant the exemption if the commissioner is satisfied that (i) good cause existed for the 52



1 failure to file the application by the taxable status date, and that the applicant is otherwise entitled to the exemption. The commis-2 (ii) sioner shall mail notice of his or her determination to such owner and 3 the assessor. If the determination states that the commissioner has 4 granted the exemption, the assessor shall thereupon be authorized and 5 directed to correct the assessment roll accordingly, or, if another 6 7 person has custody or control of the assessment roll, to direct that person to make the appropriate corrections. [If the correction is not 8 made before school taxes are levied, the school district authorities 9 shall be authorized and directed to take account of the fact that the 10 11 commissioner has granted the exemption by correcting the applicant's tax bill and/or issuing a refund accordingly] Provided, however, that if the 12 13 assessment roll cannot be corrected in time for the exemption to appear 14 on the applicant's school tax bill, the commissioner shall be authorized 15 to remit directly to the applicant the tax savings that the STAR 16 exemption would have yielded if it had appeared on the applicant's tax 17 bill. The amounts so payable shall be paid from the account established for the payment of STAR benefits to late registrants pursuant to subpar-18 19 agraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision fourteen of this section. 20 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

SUBPART B

22 Section 1. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (c) of subdivision 17 of section 425 of the real property tax law, as added by section 2 of part 23 24 G of chapter 39 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows: 25 (i) A STAR credit switch may be deferred if the application for the 26 credit is submitted after a cutoff date set by the commissioner. When 27 setting a cutoff date, the commissioner shall take into account the time required to ensure that the STAR exemptions of all STAR credit appli-28 cants in the assessing unit will be removed before school tax bills are 29 prepared. The commissioner shall specify the applicable cutoff dates 30 after taking into account local assessment calendars, provided that 31 different cutoff dates may be set for municipalities with different 32 assessment calendars, and provided further that any such cutoff date may 33 34 be no earlier than the [fifteenth] forty-fifth day prior to the date on 35 which the applicable final assessment roll is required by law to be 36 completed and filed.

37 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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SUBPART C

39 Section 1. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 3 of subsection (eee) of 40 section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part RR of chap-41 ter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

42 Beginning with taxable years after two thousand fifteen, a basic (A) 43 STAR credit shall be available to a qualified taxpayer if the affiliated income of the parcel that serves as the taxpayer's primary residence is 44 45 less than or equal to five hundred thousand dollars for the applicable 46 income tax year specified by paragraph (b-1) of subdivision three of section four hundred twenty-five of the real property tax law. The 47 48 income limit established for the basic STAR exemption by paragraph (b-1) of subdivision three of section four hundred twenty-five of the real 49 50 property tax law shall not be taken into account when determining eligi-51 bility for the basic STAR credit.

52 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.



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SUBPART D

2 Section 1. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 7 of subsection (eee) of 3 section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 7 of part E of chapter 4 59 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

(B) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the names 5 6 and addresses of individuals who have applied for or are receiving the 7 credit authorized by this subsection may be disclosed to assessors, county directors of real property tax services, and municipal tax 8 collecting officers within New York state. In addition, [where an agree-9 ment is in place between the commissioner and the head of the tax 10 11 department of another state, such information may be disclosed to such 12 official or his or her designees] such information may be exchanged with 13 assessors and tax officials from jurisdictions outside New York state if 14 the laws of the other jurisdiction allow it to provide similar informa-15 tion to this state. Such information shall be considered confidential and shall not be subject to further disclosure pursuant to the freedom 16 of information law or otherwise. 17

18 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

19

SUBPART E

20 Section 1. Subsection (c) of section 651 of the tax law, as amended by 21 section 3 of part QQ of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, is amended to 22 read as follows:

23 (c) Decedents. The return for any deceased individual shall be made 24 and filed by [his] the decedent's executor, administrator, or other 25 person charged with [his] the decedent's property. If a final return of a decedent is for a fractional part of a year, the due date of such 26 return shall be the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the 27 close of the twelve-month period which began with the first day of such 28 fractional part of the year. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the 29 contrary, when a return has been filed for a decedent, the commissioner 30 may disclose the decedent's name, address, and the date of death to the 31 director of real property tax services of the county and the assessor of 32 33 the assessing unit in which the address reported on such return is 34 located.

35 § 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 1125 of the real prop-36 erty tax law, as amended by chapter 415 of the laws of 2006, is amended 37 to read as follows:

38 (a) Parties entitled to notice. The enforcing officer shall on or 39 before the date of the first publication of the notice above set forth 40 cause a notice to be mailed to (i) each owner and any other person whose 41 title, or interest was a matter of public record as of the date right, 42 the list of delinquent taxes was filed, which right, title or interest 43 will be affected by the termination of the redemption period, and whose 44 name and address are reasonably ascertainable from the public record, including the records in the offices of the surrogate of the county, or 45 from material submitted to the enforcing officer pursuant to paragraph 46 47 (đ) of this subdivision, (ii) any other person who has filed a declaration of interest pursuant to section eleven hundred twenty-six of this 48 49 title which has not expired, [and] (iii) where a posthumous declaration 50 of interest has been filed pursuant to section eleven hundred twentysix-a of this title, the person specified thereon as the person to be 51 52 informed when taxes are owed on the property, and (iv) the enforcing officer of any other tax district having a right to enforce the payment 53



of a tax imposed upon any of the parcels described upon such petition.
 Nothing contained herein shall be construed as making any such person a
 party to the proceeding or as making any such person personally liable
 for the taxes or other legal charges due thereon.

5 § 3. The real property tax law is amended by adding a new section 6 1126-a to read as follows:

§ 1126-a. Posthumous declaration of interest. 1. Upon the death of an 7 8 owner of real property, a personal representative of the decedent's estate or a successor in interest of the decedent may file a posthumous 9 10 declaration of interest with the enforcing officer on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Such posthumous declaration shall provide the 11 12 decedent's name and date of death, a description of the property the 13 decedent had owned, and the name and address of a person to be informed 14 when taxes are owed on that property. Thereafter, in addition to any 15 other notification requirements that may apply, the enforcing officer 16 shall cause any notices required by this article to be mailed to such 17 person at the address so provided until such time as the acquisition of title by the decedent's successor or successors in interest has become a 18 19 matter of public record, or the declaration is revoked or modified. The 20 enforcing officer shall provide copies of any declarations so filed to 21 the assessor, tax collecting officer and county director of real proper-22 ty tax services within fifteen days of receipt, or as soon thereafter as 23 <u>is practicable.</u>

2. If no posthumous declaration of interest has been filed, a delin-24 25 quent tax lien may be foreclosed by a proceeding in rem as otherwise 26 provided by this article, notwithstanding the fact that the property 27 owner has died. In such cases, the enforcing officer shall not be 28 obliged to obtain in personam jurisdiction over a personal representative of the decedent's estate; provided, however, that nothing 29 contained herein shall be construed to relieve the enforcing officer of 30 the obligation to cause a notice to be mailed to any persons whose 31 32 interests in the property are reasonably ascertainable from the records 33 of the surrogate of the county, as provided by subparagraph (i) of para-34 graph (a) of subdivision one of section eleven hundred twenty-five of 35 <u>this title.</u>

36 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

37 § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-38 sion, section or subpart contained in any part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such 39 40 judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, 41 but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, para-42 graph, subdivision, section or subpart contained in any part thereof 43 directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have 44 been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature 45 that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions 46 had not been included herein.

47 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately, provided, however, that 48 the applicable effective date of Subparts A through E of this act shall 49 be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

50

PART AA

51 Section 1. Section 575-b of the real property tax law is amended by 52 adding a new subdivision 4 to read as follows:



1	4. Complaints with respect to assessments determined under this
2	section shall be governed by sections five hundred twelve and five
3	hundred twenty-four of this article and the following provisions:
4	(a) The assessor shall, upon request, provide the owner with the
5	inputs that he or she entered into the commissioner's appraisal model
6	when valuing the property pursuant to this section.
7	(b) The property owner may advise the assessor of any alleged errors
8	to the appraisal model inputs believed to have been made by the asses-
9	sor, and may provide information to the assessor in support of any
10	proposed change to those inputs.
11	(c) If the property owner provides such information to the assessor
12	prior to the filing of the tentative assessment roll, the assessor may
13	make such adjustments to the appraisal model inputs as he or she deems
14	warranted based upon the information provided by the property owner, and
15	may recalculate the property value by entering the adjusted inputs into
16	the appraisal model.
17	(d) If dissatisfied with the assessed value appearing on the tentative
18	assessment roll, the property owner may file a complaint with the board
19	of assessment review; provided, however, that the grounds for review of
20	an assessment determined under this section with respect to both article
21	five and article seven of this chapter shall be limited to the accuracy
22	of the appraisal model inputs made by the assessor.
23	(e) Actions or proceedings that challenge the validity and accuracy of
24	the appraisal model or discount rates established under this section may
25	not be commenced against assessing units. Such challenges may only be
26	brought by commencing an action against the commissioner in the third
27	department of the appellate division of the supreme court in the manner
28	provided by article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules

28 provided by article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.

29 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

30

PART BB

31 Section 1. The subsection heading and paragraphs 1, 2, 3, and 4 of 32 subsection (n-1) of section 606 of the tax law, as added by subpart B of 33 part C of chapter 20 of the laws of 2015, the opening paragraph of 34 subparagraph (a) of paragraph 2 as amended by section 7 of part A of 35 chapter 60 of the laws of 2016, are amended to read as follows:

36 [Property tax relief] <u>Homeowner tax rebate</u> credit. (1) An individual 37 taxpayer who meets the eligibility standards in paragraph two of this 38 subsection shall be allowed a credit against the taxes imposed by this 39 article in the amount specified in paragraph three of this subsection 40 for tax [years two thousand sixteen, two thousand seventeen, two thou-41 sand eighteen, and two thousand nineteen] year two thousand twenty-two.

42 (2) (a) To be eligible for the credit, the taxpayer (or taxpayers 43 filing joint returns) on the personal income tax return filed for the 44 taxable year two years prior, must have (i) been a resident, (ii) owned and primarily resided in real property receiving either the STAR 45 46 exemption authorized by section four hundred twenty-five of the real 47 property tax law or the school tax relief credit authorized by subsection (eee) of this section, and (iii) had qualified gross income 48 no greater than two hundred [seventy-five] fifty thousand dollars. 49 [Provided, however, that no credit shall be allowed if any of the 50 51 following apply:

52 (i) Such property is located in an independent school district that is 53 subject to the provisions of section two thousand twenty-three-a of the 54 education law and that has adopted a budget in excess of the tax levy



1 limit prescribed by that section. To render its taxpayers eligible for the credit authorized by this subsection, the school district must 2 certify its compliance with such tax levy limit in the manner prescribed 3 by subdivision two of section two thousand twenty-three-b of the educa-4 5 tion law. 6 (ii) Such property is located in a city with a dependent school district that is subject to the provisions of section three-c of the 7 general municipal law and that has adopted a budget in excess of the tax 8 levy limit prescribed by that section. To render its taxpayers eligible 9 for the credit authorized by this subsection, the city must certify its 10 11 compliance with such tax levy limit in the manner prescribed by subdivi-12 sion two of section three-d of the general municipal law. 13 (iii) Such property is located in the city of New York.] 14 (3) Amount of credit. (a) [For the two thousand sixteen taxable year 15 (i) for a taxpayer residing in real property located within the metro-16 politan commuter transportation district (MCTD) and outside the city of New York, the amount of the credit shall be \$130; (ii) for a taxpayer 17 residing in real property located outside the MCTD, the amount of the 18 19 credit shall be \$185. 20 For the two thousand seventeen, two thousand eighteen and two (b) 21 thousand nineteen taxable years (i)] For a taxpayer who owned and primarily resided in real property receiving the basic STAR exemption or who 22 received the basic STAR credit, the amount of the credit shall equal the 23 24 STAR tax savings associated with such basic STAR exemption in the two 25 thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year, multiplied by the following percentage: 26 27 [(A) for the two thousand seventeen taxable year: 28 Qualified Gross Income Percentage 29 Not over \$75,000 28% Over \$75,000 but not over \$150,000 30 20.5% Over \$150,000 but not over \$200,000 31 13% Over \$200,000 but not over \$275,000 32 5.5% 33 Over \$275,000 No credit 34 (B) for the two thousand eighteen taxable year: Qualified Gross Income 35 Percentage 36 Not over \$75,000 60% 37 Over \$75,000 but not over \$150,000 42.5% 38 Over \$150,000 but not over \$200,000 25% Over \$200,000 but not over \$275,000 7.5% 39 40 Over \$275,000 No credit 41 (C) for the two thousand nineteen taxable year:] 42 (i) For a taxpayer whose primary residence is located outside the city 43 of New York: 44 Qualified Gross Income Percentage 45 Not over \$75,000 [85%] <u>163%</u> 46 Over \$75,000 but not over \$150,000 [60%] 115% 47 Over \$150,000 but not over \$200,000 [35%] 66% Over \$200,000 but not over [10%] 18% 48 49 [\$275,000] \$250,000 50 Over [\$275,000] \$250,000 No credit 51 (ii) For a taxpayer whose primary residence is located within the city 52 of New York: 53 Qualified Gross Income Percentage 54 Not over \$75,000 <u>125%</u> 55 <u>Over \$75,000 but not over \$150,000</u> 115% 56 Over \$150,000 but not over \$200,000 105%



1	<u>Over \$200,000 but not over \$250,000 100%</u>
2	<u>Over \$250,000</u> <u>No credit</u>
3	[(c)] (b) For a taxpayer who owned and primarily resided in real prop-
4	erty receiving the enhanced STAR exemption or who received the enhanced
5	STAR credit, the amount of the credit shall equal the STAR tax savings
6	associated with such enhanced STAR exemption in the two thousand twen-
7	ty-onetwo thousand twenty-two school year, multiplied by [the follow-
8	ing percentage:
9	Taxable Year Percentage
10	two thousand seventeen 12%
11	two thousand eighteen 26%
12	two thousand nineteen 34%]
13	sixty-six percent if the taxpayer's primary residence is located outside
14	the city of New York, or one hundred ten percent if the taxpayer's
15	primary residence is located within the city of New York.
16	[(d)] <u>(c)</u> In no case may the amount of the credit allowed under this
17	subsection exceed the school district taxes due with respect to the
18	residence for that school year, nor shall any credit be allowed under
19	this subsection if the amount determined pursuant to this paragraph is
20	less than one hundred dollars.
21	(4) For purposes of this subsection:
22	(a) "Qualified gross income" means the adjusted gross income of the
23	qualified taxpayer for the taxable year as reported for federal income
24	tax purposes, or which would be reported as adjusted gross income if a
25	federal income tax return were required to be filed. In computing quali-
26 27	fied gross income, the net amount of loss reported on Federal Schedule C, D, E, or F shall not exceed three thousand dollars per schedule. In
28	addition, the net amount of any other separate category of loss shall
28 29	not exceed three thousand dollars. The aggregate amount of all losses
30	included in computing qualified gross income shall not exceed fifteen
31	thousand dollars.
32	(b) "STAR tax savings" means the tax savings attributable to the basic
33	or enhanced STAR exemption, whichever is applicable, within a portion of
34	a school district, as determined by the commissioner pursuant to subdi-
35	vision two of section thirteen hundred six-a of the real property tax
36	law.
37	[(c) "Metropolitan commuter transportation district" or "MCTD" means
38	the metropolitan commuter transportation district as defined in section
39	twelve hundred sixty-two of the public authorities law.]
40	§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.
41	PART CC
42	Section 1. The opening paragraph and subdivisions 1 and 2 of section
42 43	1306 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, the opening
43 44	paragraph as amended by chapter 243 of the laws of 2020 and subdivisions
45	1 and 2 as added by chapter 174 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read
46	as follows:
40 47	The New York state gaming facility location board shall select,
48	following a competitive process and subject to the restrictions of this
49	article, no more than [four] <u>seven</u> entities to apply to the commission
50	for gaming facility licenses. In exercising its authority, the board
51	shall have all powers necessary or convenient to fully carry out and
52	effectuate its purposes including, but not limited to, the following
53	powers. The board shall:



1 1. issue a request for applications for zone one or two gaming facili-2 ty licenses pursuant to section one thousand three hundred twelve or 3 section one thousand three hundred twenty-one-b of this article; 2. assist the commission in prescribing the form of the application 4 5 for zone one or two gaming facility licenses including information to be 6 furnished by an applicant concerning an applicant's antecedents, habits, 7 character, associates, criminal record, business activities and finan-8 cial affairs, past or present pursuant to section one thousand three 9 hundred thirteen or section one thousand three hundred twenty-one-c of 10 this article; 2. Subparagraph 2 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 1310 11 S 12 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as added by chap-13 ter 174 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows: 14 (2) Region two shall consist of Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens and 15 Richmond counties[. No gaming facility shall be authorized in region 16 two]; and 17 § 3. The title heading of title 2 of article 13 of the racing, parimutuel wagering and breeding law, as added by chapter 174 of the laws of 18 19 2013, is amended to read as follows: 20 FACILITY DETERMINATION AND LICENSING: UPSTATE GAMING FACILITIES 21 § 4. Section 1310 of title 2 of article 13 of the racing, pari-mutuel 22 wagering and breeding law is redesignated section 1310 of title 1 of 23 such article. 24 § 5. Subdivision 1 of section 1311 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering 25 and breeding law, as amended by chapter 175 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows: 26 27 1. The commission is authorized to award up to four gaming facility 28 licenses, in regions one, two and five of zone two. The duration of such 29 initial license shall be ten years. The term of renewal shall be deter-30 mined by the commission. The commission may award a second license to a qualified applicant in no more than a single region. The commission is 31 32 not empowered to award any license [in zone one. No gaming facilities 33 are authorized] nor are any gaming facilities authorized under this [article] title for the city of New York or any other portion of 34 zone 35 one. 36 As a condition of licensure, licensees are required to commence gaming 37 operations no more than twenty-four months following license award. No 38 additional licenses may be awarded during the twenty-four month period, nor for an additional sixty months following the end of the twenty-four 39 40 month period. Should the state legislatively authorize additional gaming 41 facility licenses within these periods, licensees shall have the right 42 to recover the license fee paid pursuant to section one thousand three 43 hundred six of this article. 44 This right shall be incorporated into the license itself, vest upon 45 the opening of a gaming facility in zone one or in the same region as 46 the licensee and entitle the holder of such license to bring an action 47 in the court of claims to recover the license fee paid pursuant to section one thousand three hundred fifteen of this [article] title in 48 49 the event that any gaming facility license in excess of the number authorized by this section as of the effective date of this section is 50 51 awarded within seven years from the date that the initial gaming facili-52 ty license is awarded. This right to recover any such fee shall be proportionate to the length of the respective period that is 53 still 54 remaining upon the vesting of such right. 55 Additionally, the right to bring an action in the court of claims to recover the fee paid to the state on the twenty-fourth day of September, 56



1 two thousand ten, by the operator of a video lottery gaming facility in 2 a city of more than one million shall vest with such operator upon the opening of any gaming facility licensed by the commission in zone one 3 within seven years from the date that the initial gaming facility 4 5 license is awarded; provided however that the amount recoverable shall 6 be limited to the pro rata amount of the time remaining until the end of the seven year exclusivity period, proportionate to the period of time 7 8 between the date of opening of the video lottery facility until the 9 conclusion of the seven year period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no casino gaming facility shall be 10 2. 11 authorized: 12 (a) in the counties of Clinton, Essex, Franklin, Hamilton, Jefferson, 13 Lewis, Saint Lawrence and Warren; 14 (b) within the following area: (1) to the east, State Route 14 from 15 Sodus Point to the Pennsylvania border with New York; (2) to the north, 16 the border between New York and Canada; (3) to the south, the Pennsylva-17 nia border with New York; and (4) to the west, the border between New 18 York and Canada and the border between Pennsylvania and New York; and 19 (c) in the counties of Cayuga, Chenango, Cortland, Herkimer, Lewis, 20 Madison, Oneida, Onondaga, Oswego and Otsego. 21 3. As a condition for continued licensure, licensees shall be required 22 to house upon the physical premises of the licensed gaming facility, 23 upon request, a mobile sports wagering platform provider's server or other equipment used for receiving mobile sports wagers pursuant to 24 25 section [1367-a of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law] 1367-a of this article; provided however, that such licensee shall be 26 27 entitled to the reasonable and actual costs, as determined by the gaming 28 commission, of physically housing and securing such server or other 29 equipment used for receiving mobile sports wagers at such licensee's licensed gaming facility; and provided further, for the duration of the 30 initial license term, [that as consideration for housing and securing 31 such server at the physical premises of the licensed gaming facility,] a 32 33 mobile sports wagering platform provider[s] shall pay [to such licensed gaming facility, five] two and a half million dollars per year [for the 34 35 duration of the time that such server is housed and operating at the 36 physical premises of such licensed gaming facility] from which each 37 gaming facility licensed under title two of this article shall receive 38 five million dollars per year. 39 § 6. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 1312 of the 40 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as added by chapter 174 41 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows: 42 The board shall issue within ninety days of a majority of members 43 being appointed a request for applications for a gaming facility license 44 in regions one, two and five in zone two; provided, however, that the 45 board shall not issue any requests for applications for any region in 46 zone one under this title; and further provided that the board shall not 47 issue any requests for applications with respect to any gaming facility subsequently legislatively authorized until seven years following the 48 49 commencement of gaming activities in zone two, unless such request for 50 application with respect to any subsequently legislatively authorized 51 gaming facility adheres to the procedure as described in section one 52 thousand three hundred eleven of this title. All requests for applica-53 tions shall include: 54 § 7. Article 13 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law 55 is amended by adding a new title 2-A to read as follows:



1	TITLE 2-A
2	FACILITY DETERMINATION AND LICENSING: ADDITIONAL GAMING FACILITIES
3	Section 1321-a. License authorization; restrictions.
4	1321-b. Requests for applications; requests for information.
5	<u>1321-c. Form of application.</u>
6	<u>1321-d. License applicant eligibility.</u>
7	1321-e. Required capital investment.
8	1321-f. Minimum license thresholds.
9	1321-g. Investigation of license applicants.
10	1321-h. Disqualifying criteria.
11	1321-i. Hearings.
12	1321-j. Siting evaluation.
13	§ 1321-a. License authorization; restrictions. 1. The commission is
14	authorized to award up to three additional gaming facility licenses. The
15	duration of such initial license and the term of renewal shall be deter-
16	mined by the commission.
17	2. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no casino gaming facility shall be
18	authorized:
19	(a) in the counties of Clinton, Essex, Franklin, Hamilton, Jefferson,
20	Lewis, Saint Lawrence and Warren;
21	(b) within the following area: (1) to the east, State Route 14 from
22	Sodus Point to the Pennsylvania border with New York; (2) to the north,
23	the border between New York and Canada; (3) to the south, the Pennsylva-
24	nia border with New York; and (4) to the west, the border between New
25	York and Canada and the border between Pennsylvania and New York; and
26	(c) in the counties of Cayuga, Chenango, Cortland, Herkimer, Lewis,
27	Madison, Oneida, Onondaga, Oswego and Otsego.
28	§ 1321-b. Requests for applications; requests for information.
29	Requests for applications shall be handled in the same manner as
30	provided for in section thirteen hundred twelve of this article for
31	gaming licenses authorized but not awarded, provided however that any
32	requests for applications for gaming facility licenses authorized but
33	not awarded may be for gaming facility licenses in any region in zone
34	one or in regions one, two and five in zone two.
35	§ 1321-c. Form of application. The form of the application shall be
36	the same as established under section thirteen hundred thirteen of this
37	article.
38	§ 1321-d. License applicant eligibility. 1. Gaming facility licenses
39	shall only be issued to applicants who are qualified under the criteria
40	
41	2. As a condition of filing, each potential license applicant must:
42	(a) demonstrate to the board's satisfaction that the applicant has
43	consulted with local governments and considered input from the communi-
44	ty; and
45	(b) waive all rights they or any affiliated entity possess under
46	section one thousand three hundred eleven of this article to bring an
47	action to recover a fee.
48	<u>3. The expiration of the seven year restricted period from the date</u>
49	that an initial gaming facility license was awarded is February twenty-
50	eighth, two thousand twenty-three for the three initial casino licenses
51	and November twenty-second, two thousand twenty-three for the final
52	casino license awarded. Should an applicant or applicants commence
53	gaming activities prior to such dates, such applicant or applicants
54	shall be jointly and severally liable for payment of the proportionate
55	fee for the respective period remaining as required by section one thou-
56	sand three hundred eleven of this article.



1 § 1321-e. Required capital investment. 1. The board shall establish 2 the minimum capital investment for each unawarded gaming facility 3 license. Such investment may include, but not be limited to, a casino area, hotel and other amenities; and provided further, that the board 4 shall determine whether it will include the purchase or lease price of 5 6 the land where the gaming facility will be located or any infrastructure 7 designed to support the site including, but not limited to, drainage, 8 utility support, roadways, interchanges, fill and soil or groundwater or 9 surface water contamination issues. The board may consider private capi-10 tal investment made previous to the effective date of this title, but 11 may, in its discretion, discount a percentage of the investment made. 12 Upon award of a gaming license by the commission, the applicant shall be 13 required to deposit ten percent of the total investment proposed in the 14 application into an interest-bearing account. Monies received from the 15 applicant shall be held in escrow until the final stage of construction, 16 detailed in the timeline of construction submitted with the as 17 licensee's application and approved by the commission, at which time the deposit plus interest earned shall be returned to the applicant to be 18 19 applied for the final stage. Should the applicant be unable to complete 20 the gaming facility, the deposit shall be forfeited to the state. In 21 place of a cash deposit, the commission may allow for an applicant to 22 secure a deposit bond insuring that ten percent of the proposed capital 23 investment shall be forfeited to the state if the applicant is unable to complete the gaming facility. 24 25 2. Each applicant shall submit its proposed capital investment with 26 its application to the board which shall include stages of construction 27 of the gaming facility and the deadline by which the stages and overall 28 construction and any infrastructure improvements will be completed. In 29 awarding a license, the commission shall determine at what stage of 30 construction a licensee shall be approved to open for gaming; provided, 31 however, that a licensee shall not be approved to open for gaming until 32 the commission has determined that at least the gaming area and other 33 ancillary entertainment services and non-gaming amenities, as required 34 by the board, have been built and are of a superior quality as set forth in the conditions of licensure. The commission shall not approve a 35 36 gaming facility to open before the completion of the permanent casino 37 area. 38 3. The board shall determine a licensing fee to be paid by a licensee 39 within thirty days after the award of the license which shall be depos-40 ited into the commercial gaming revenue fund. The license shall set 41 forth the conditions to be satisfied by the licensee before the gaming 42 facility shall be opened to the public. The commission shall set any 43 renewal fee for such license based on the cost of fees associated with 44 the evaluation of a licensee under this article which shall be deposited 45 into the commercial gaming fund. Such renewal fee shall be exclusive of 46 any subsequent licensing fees under this section. 47 4. The commission shall determine the sources and total amount of an 48 applicant's proposed capitalization to develop, construct, maintain and 49 operate a proposed gaming facility under this article. Upon award of a 50 gaming license, the commission shall continue to assess the capitaliza-51 tion of a licensee for the duration of construction of the proposed 52 gaming facility and the term of the license. 53 <u>§ 1321-f. Minimum license thresholds. The minimum licensing thresh-</u> olds shall be the same as those established under section thirteen 54

55 <u>hundred sixteen of this article.</u>



1	§ 1321-g. Investigation of license applicants. The process used to
2	investigate license applicants shall be the same process established
3	under section thirteen hundred seventeen of this article.
4	§ 1321-h. Disqualifying criteria. The criteria to disqualify appli-
5	cants shall be the same criteria used for upstate gaming facility
6	licensing, which are enumerated in section thirteen hundred eighteen of
7	this article.
8	§ 1321-i. Hearings. The process used for hearings shall be the same
9	process established under section thirteen hundred nineteen of this
10	article.
11	§ 1321-j. Siting evaluation. In determining whether an applicant shall
12	be eligible for a gaming facility license, the board shall evaluate how
13	each applicant proposes to advance the following objectives with consid-
14	eration given to the differences between proposed projects related to
15	whether it is a conversion of an existing video lottery gaming facility
16	or new facility construction, and the proposed location. The decision
17	by the board to select a gaming facility license applicant shall be
18	determined based on the following factors which shall include, but not
19	be limited to:
20	(a) realizing maximum capital investment exclusive of land acquisition
21	and infrastructure improvements;
22	(b) maximizing revenues received by the state and localities;
23	(c) providing the highest number of quality jobs in the gaming facili-
24	<u>ty;</u>
25	(d) building a gaming facility of the highest caliber with a variety
26	of quality amenities to be included as part of the gaming facility;
27	(e) offering the highest and best value to patrons to create a secure
28	and robust gaming market in the region and the state;
29	(f) providing a market analysis detailing the benefits of the site
30	location of the gaming facility and the estimated recapture rate of
31	gaming-related spending by residents travelling to an out-of-state
32	gaming facility;
33	(g) offering a reasonable and feasible construction schedule to
34	completion of the full gaming facility;
35	(h) demonstrating the ability to fully finance the gaming facility;
36	(i) demonstrating experience in the development and operation of a
37	quality gaming facility;
38	(j) mitigating potential impacts on host and nearby municipalities
39	which might result from the development or operation of the gaming
40	facility;
41	(k) carefully considering local views and consulting with appropriate
42	local governments;
43	(1) operating in partnership with and promoting local hotels, restau-
44	rants and retail facilities so that patrons experience the full diversi-
45	fied regional tourism industry;
46	(m) establishing a fair and reasonable partnership with live enter-
47	tainment venues that may be impacted by a gaming facility under which
48	the gaming facility actively supports the mission and the operation of
49	the impacted entertainment venues;
50	(n) implementing a workforce development plan that utilizes the exist-
51	ing labor force, including the estimated number of construction jobs a
52	proposed gaming facility will generate, the development of workforce
53	training programs that serve the unemployed and methods for accessing

54 employment at the gaming facility;



1	(o) taking additional measures to address problem gambling including,
2	but not limited to, training of gaming employees to identify patrons
3	exhibiting problems with gambling;
4	(p) utilizing sustainable development principles including, but not
5	limited to:
6	(1) having new and renovation construction certified under the appro-
7	priate certification category in the Leadership in Energy and Environ-
8	mental Design Green Building Rating System created by the United States
9	<u>Green Building Council;</u>
10	(2) efforts to mitigate vehicle trips;
11	(3) efforts to conserve water and manage storm water;
12	(4) demonstrating that electrical and HVAC equipment and appliances
13 14	will be Energy Star labeled where available;
14 15	(5) procuring or generating on-site ten percent of its annual elec-
15	tricity consumption from renewable sources; and
16	(6) developing an ongoing plan to submeter and monitor all major
17 10	sources of energy consumption and undertake regular efforts to maintain and improve energy efficiency of buildings in their systems;
18 19	(q) establishing, funding and maintaining human resource hiring and
20	training practices that promote the development of a skilled and diverse
21	workforce and access to promotion opportunities through a workforce
22	training program that:
23	(1) establishes transparent career paths with measurable criteria
24	within the gaming facility that lead to increased responsibility and
25	higher pay grades that are designed to allow employees to pursue career
26	advancement and promotion;
27	(2) provides employee access to additional resources, such as tuition
28	reimbursement or stipend policies, to enable employees to acquire the
29	education or job training needed to advance career paths based on
30	increased responsibility and pay grades; and
31	(3) establishes an on-site child day care program;
32	(r) purchasing, whenever possible, domestically manufactured slot
33	machines for installation in the gaming facility;
34	(s) implementing a workforce development plan that:
35	(1) incorporates an affirmative action program of equal opportunity by
36	which the applicant guarantees to provide equal employment opportunities
37	to all employees qualified for licensure in all employment categories,
38	including persons with disabilities;
39	(2) utilizes the existing labor force in the state;
40	(3) estimates the number of construction jobs a gaming facility will
41	generate and provides for equal employment opportunities and which
42	includes specific goals for the utilization of minorities, women and
43	veterans on those construction jobs;
44	(4) identifies workforce training programs offered by the gaming
45	facility; and
46	(5) identifies the methods for accessing employment at the gaming
47	facility; and
48	(t) demonstrating that the applicant has an agreement with organized
49	labor, including hospitality services, and has the support of organized
50	labor for its application, which specifies:
51	(1) the number of employees to be employed at the gaming facility,
52	including detailed information on the pay rate and benefits for employ-
53	ees and contractors in the gaming facility and all infrastructure

54 improvements related to the project; and



1	(2) detailed plans for assuring labor harmony during all phases of the
2	construction, reconstruction, renovation, development and operation of
3	the gaming facility.
4	§ 8. Section 1351 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law
5	is amended by adding a new subdivision 1-a to read as follows:
6	1-a. For a gaming facility licensed pursuant to title two-A of this
7	article, there is hereby imposed a tax on gross gaming revenues with the
8	rates to be determined by the gaming commission pursuant to a compet-
9	itive bidding process as outlined in title two-A of this article.
10	§ 9. This act shall take effect immediately.
11	PART DD
12	Section 1. Section 509-a of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and
13	breeding law, as amended by section 1 of part LLL of chapter 59 of the
14	laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:
15	§ 509-a. Capital acquisition fund. 1. The corporation may create and
16	establish a capital acquisition fund for the purpose of financing the
17	acquisition, construction or equipping of offices, facilities or prem-
18	ises of the corporation. Such capital acquisition fund shall consist of
19	(i) the amounts specified pursuant to subdivision three-a of section
20	five hundred thirty-two of this chapter; and (ii) contributions from the
21	corporation's pari-mutuel wagering pools, subject to the following limi-
22	tations:
23	a. no contribution shall exceed the amount of one percent of the total
24	pari-mutuel wagering pools for the quarter in which the contribution is
25	made;
26	b. no contribution shall reduce the amount of quarterly net revenues,
27	exclusive of surcharge revenues, to an amount less than fifty percent of
28 29	such net revenues; and c. the balance of the fund shall not exceed the lesser of one percent
30	of total pari-mutuel wagering pools for the previous twelve months or
31	the undepreciated value of the corporation's offices, facilities and
32	premises.
33	2. <u>a.</u> Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation to the
34	contrary, from April nineteenth, two thousand twenty-one to March thir-
35	ty-first, two thousand twenty-two, twenty-three percent of the funds,
36	not to exceed two and one-half million dollars, in the Catskill off-
37	track betting corporation's capital acquisition fund and twenty-three
38	percent of the funds, not to exceed four hundred forty thousand dollars,
39	in the Capital off-track betting corporation's capital acquisition fund
40	established pursuant to this section shall also be available to such
41	off-track betting corporation for the purposes of statutory obligations,
42	payroll, and expenditures necessary to accept authorized wagers.
43	b. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation to
44	the contrary, from April first, two thousand twenty-two to March thir-
45	ty-first, two thousand twenty-three, twenty-three percent of the funds,
46	not to exceed four hundred forty thousand dollars, in the Capital
47	off-track betting corporation's capital acquisition fund established
48	pursuant to this section shall also be available to such off-track
49 50	betting corporation for the purposes of statutory obligations,
50 51	payroll, and expenditures necessary to accept authorized wagers. 3. The Catskill off-track betting corporation and the Capital off-
52	track betting corporation shall make a report to the governor, speaker
53	of the assembly, temporary president of the senate and the commission
55 54	detailing the actual use of the funds made available in the capital
	actuality the actual apoint the famaly made available in the capital

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1 acquisition fund. Such report shall include, but not be limited to, any 2 impact on employment levels since utilizing the funds, the status of any 3 statutory obligations, an accounting of the use of such funds, and any 4 other information as deemed necessary by the commission. Such report 5 shall be due no later than the [first day of April two thousand twenty-6 two] last day of the fiscal year in which the monies were spent.

7 § 2. Section 2 of part LLL of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021 amending 8 the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, relating to the 9 utilization of funds in the Catskill and Capital regions off-track 10 betting corporation's capital acquisition funds, is amended to read 11 as follows:

12 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately [and shall expire and be 13 deemed repealed one year after such date].

14 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

15

PART EE

16 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 1003 of the 17 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 1 18 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as 19 follows:

20 (a) Any racing association or corporation or regional off-track betting corporation, authorized to conduct pari-mutuel wagering under 21 22 this chapter, desiring to display the simulcast of horse races on which 23 pari-mutuel betting shall be permitted in the manner and subject to the 24 conditions provided for in this article may apply to the commission for 25 a license so to do. Applications for licenses shall be in such form as 26 may be prescribed by the commission and shall contain such information 27 or other material or evidence as the commission may require. No license 28 shall be issued by the commission authorizing the simulcast transmission of thoroughbred races from a track located in Suffolk county. The fee 29 for such licenses shall be five hundred dollars per simulcast facility 30 31 and for account wagering licensees that do not operate either a simulcast facility that is open to the public within the state of New York or 32 a licensed racetrack within the state, twenty thousand dollars per year 33 34 payable by the licensee to the commission for deposit into the general 35 fund. Except as provided in this section, the commission shall not 36 approve any application to conduct simulcasting into individual or group 37 residences, homes or other areas for the purposes of or in connection 38 with pari-mutuel wagering. The commission may approve simulcasting into 39 residences, homes or other areas to be conducted jointly by one or more 40 regional off-track betting corporations and one or more of the follow-41 ing: a franchised corporation, thoroughbred racing corporation or a 42 harness racing corporation or association; provided (i) the simulcasting consists only of those races on which pari-mutuel betting is authorized 43 44 by this chapter at one or more simulcast facilities for each of the 45 contracting off-track betting corporations which shall include wagers made in accordance with section one thousand fifteen, one thousand 46 47 sixteen and one thousand seventeen of this article; provided further 48 that the contract provisions or other simulcast arrangements for such 49 simulcast facility shall be no less favorable than those in effect on 50 January first, two thousand five; (ii) that each off-track betting 51 corporation having within its geographic boundaries such residences, homes or other areas technically capable of receiving the simulcast 52 53 signal shall be a contracting party; (iii) the distribution of revenues shall be subject to contractual agreement of the parties except that 54



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1 statutory payments to non-contracting parties, if any, may not be reduced; provided, however, that nothing herein to the contrary shall 2 3 prevent a track from televising its races on an irregular basis primarily for promotional or marketing purposes as found by the commission. For 4 5 purposes of this paragraph, the provisions of section one thousand thirteen of this article shall not apply. Any agreement authorizing an 6 7 in-home simulcasting experiment commencing prior to May fifteenth, nine-8 teen hundred ninety-five, may, and all its terms, be extended until June 9 thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three; provided, however, that any party to such agreement may elect to terminate such agreement 10 11 upon conveying written notice to all other parties of such agreement at 12 least forty-five days prior to the effective date of the termination, 13 via registered mail. Any party to an agreement receiving such notice of 14 an intent to terminate, may request the commission to mediate between 15 the parties new terms and conditions in a replacement agreement between 16 the parties as will permit continuation of an in-home experiment until 17 June thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] <u>twenty-three</u>; and (iv) no 18 in-home simulcasting in the thoroughbred special betting district shall 19 occur without the approval of the regional thoroughbred track.

20 § 2. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph d of subdivision 3 of section 21 1007 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by 22 section 2 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to 23 read as follows:

24 (iii) Of the sums retained by a receiving track located in Westchester 25 county on races received from a franchised corporation, for the period commencing January first, two thousand eight and continuing through June 26 27 thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three, the amount used 28 exclusively for purses to be awarded at races conducted by such receiving track shall be computed as follows: of the sums so retained, two and 29 one-half percent of the total pools. Such amount shall be increased or 30 decreased in the amount of fifty percent of the difference in total 31 commissions determined by comparing the total commissions available 32 33 after July twenty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five to the total commissions that would have been available to such track prior to July 34 twenty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five. 35

36 § 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 1014 of the 37 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 3 38 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as 39 follows:

40 The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of races 41 conducted at thoroughbred tracks located in another state or country on 42 any day during which a franchised corporation is conducting a race meet-43 ing in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack until June 44 thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three and on any day regard-45 less of whether or not a franchised corporation is conducting a race 46 meeting in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack after June 47 thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three. On any day on which a franchised corporation has not scheduled a racing program but a 48 49 thoroughbred racing corporation located within the state is conducting 50 racing, each off-track betting corporation branch office and each simul-51 casting facility licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven 52 (that has entered into a written agreement with such facility's repre-53 sentative horsemen's organization, as approved by the commission), one thousand eight, or one thousand nine of this article shall be authorized 54 55 to accept wagers and display the live simulcast signal from thoroughbred



1 tracks located in another state or foreign country subject to the 2 following provisions:

3 § 4. Subdivision 1 of section 1015 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering 4 and breeding law, as amended by section 4 of part DD of chapter 59 of 5 the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

6 1. The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of 7 races conducted at harness tracks located in another state or country 8 during the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June 9 thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] <u>twenty-three</u>. This section shall 10 supersede all inconsistent provisions of this chapter.

11 § 5. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 1016 of the 12 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 5 13 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as 14 follows:

15 The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of races 16 conducted at thoroughbred tracks located in another state or country on 17 any day during which a franchised corporation is not conducting a race meeting in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack until June 18 19 thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-two] <u>twenty-three</u>. Every off-track 20 betting corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility 21 licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven that have entered 22 into a written agreement with such facility's representative horsemen's 23 organization as approved by the commission, one thousand eight or one 24 thousand nine of this article shall be authorized to accept wagers and 25 display the live full-card simulcast signal of thoroughbred tracks 26 (which may include quarter horse or mixed meetings provided that all 27 such wagering on such races shall be construed to be thoroughbred races) 28 located in another state or foreign country, subject to the following 29 provisions; provided, however, no such written agreement shall be required of a franchised corporation licensed in accordance with section 30 one thousand seven of this article: 31

32 § 6. The opening paragraph of section 1018 of the racing, pari-mutuel 33 wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 6 of part DD of chapter 34 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

35 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, for the period 36 July twenty-fifth, two thousand one through September eighth, two thousand [twenty-one] twenty-two, when a franchised corporation is conduct-37 38 ing a race meeting within the state at Saratoga Race Course, every off-39 track betting corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility 40 licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven (that has entered 41 into a written agreement with such facility's representative horsemen's 42 organization as approved by the commission), one thousand eight or one 43 thousand nine of this article shall be authorized to accept wagers and 44 display the live simulcast signal from thoroughbred tracks located in 45 another state, provided that such facility shall accept wagers on races 46 run at all in-state thoroughbred tracks which are conducting racing 47 programs subject to the following provisions; provided, however, no such written agreement shall be required of a franchised corporation licensed 48 49 in accordance with section one thousand seven of this article.

50 § 7. Section 32 of chapter 281 of the laws of 1994, amending the 51 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to 52 simulcasting, as amended by section 7 of part DD of chapter 59 of the 53 laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

54 § 32. This act shall take effect immediately and the pari-mutuel tax 55 reductions in section six of this act shall expire and be deemed 56 repealed on July 1, [2022] <u>2023</u>; provided, however, that nothing



1 contained herein shall be deemed to affect the application, qualifica-2 tion, expiration, or repeal of any provision of law amended by any section of this act, and such provisions shall be applied or qualified 3 or shall expire or be deemed repealed in the same manner, to the same 4 extent and on the same date as the case may be as otherwise provided by 5 law; provided further, however, that sections twenty-three and twenty-6 five of this act shall remain in full force and effect only until May 1, 7 8 1997 and at such time shall be deemed to be repealed.

9 § 8. Section 54 of chapter 346 of the laws of 1990, amending the 10 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to 11 simulcasting and the imposition of certain taxes, as amended by section 12 8 of part DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as 13 follows:

14 § 54. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, 15 sections three through twelve of this act shall take effect on January 16 1, 1991, and section 1013 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breed-17 ing law, as added by section thirty-eight of this act, shall expire and be deemed repealed on July 1, [2022] 2023; and section eighteen of this 18 19 act shall take effect on July 1, 2008 and sections fifty-one and fiftytwo of this act shall take effect as of the same date as chapter 772 of 20 21 the laws of 1989 took effect.

22 § 9. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 238 of the racing, 23 pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 9 of part 24 DD of chapter 59 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

25 The franchised corporation authorized under this chapter to (a) 26 conduct pari-mutuel betting at a race meeting or races run thereat shall 27 distribute all sums deposited in any pari-mutuel pool to the holders of 28 winning tickets therein, provided such tickets are presented for payment 29 before April first of the year following the year of their purchase, less an amount that shall be established and retained by such franchised 30 corporation of between twelve to seventeen percent of the total deposits 31 in pools resulting from on-track regular bets, and fourteen to twenty-32 33 one percent of the total deposits in pools resulting from on-track multiple bets and fifteen to twenty-five percent of the total deposits 34 in pools resulting from on-track exotic bets and fifteen to thirty-six 35 36 percent of the total deposits in pools resulting from on-track super 37 exotic bets, plus the breaks. The retention rate to be established is 38 subject to the prior approval of the commission.

39 Such rate may not be changed more than once per calendar quarter to be 40 effective on the first day of the calendar quarter. "Exotic bets" and 41 "multiple bets" shall have the meanings set forth in section five 42 hundred nineteen of this chapter. "Super exotic bets" shall have the 43 meaning set forth in section three hundred one of this chapter. For 44 purposes of this section, a "pick six bet" shall mean a single bet or 45 wager on the outcomes of six races. The breaks are hereby defined as the 46 odd cents over any multiple of five for payoffs greater than one dollar 47 five cents but less than five dollars, over any multiple of ten for payoffs greater than five dollars but less than twenty-five dollars, 48 49 over any multiple of twenty-five for payoffs greater than twenty-five dollars but less than two hundred fifty dollars, or over any multiple of 50 51 fifty for payoffs over two hundred fifty dollars. Out of the amount so 52 retained there shall be paid by such franchised corporation to the commissioner of taxation and finance, as a reasonable tax by the state 53 54 for the privilege of conducting pari-mutuel betting on the races run at the race meetings held by such franchised corporation, the following 55 percentages of the total pool for regular and multiple bets five percent 56



1 of regular bets and four percent of multiple bets plus twenty percent of 2 the breaks; for exotic wagers seven and one-half percent plus twenty 3 percent of the breaks, and for super exotic bets seven and one-half percent plus fifty percent of the breaks. 4

5 For the period April first, two thousand one through December thirtyfirst, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three, such tax on all wagers 6 7 shall be one and six-tenths percent, plus, in each such period, twenty percent of the breaks. Payment to the New York state thoroughbred breed-8 ing and development fund by such franchised corporation shall be one-9 10 half of one percent of total daily on-track pari-mutuel pools resulting 11 from regular, multiple and exotic bets and three percent of super exotic 12 bets and for the period April first, two thousand one through December 13 thirty-first, two thousand [twenty-two] twenty-three, such payment shall 14 be seven-tenths of one percent of regular, multiple and exotic pools. 15

§ 10. This act shall take effect immediately.

16 § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-17 sion, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, 18 19 impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in 20 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section 21 or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judg-22 ment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such 23 24 invalid provisions had not been included herein.

25 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that the applicable effective date of Parts A through EE of this act shall be 26 27 as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.

